

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 8.253, 198.584)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 8.253, 198.584)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 6.515, 199.095)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDFFFF
RGB	237, 255, 255
RGB Percent	93%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0707, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 96%
HSV	180°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	89.2020, 97.4360, 109.5493
YIQ	249.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

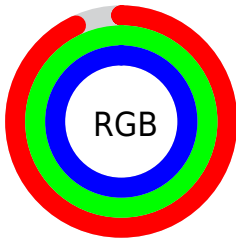
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 246, 255
Decimal	15597567
CIE Lab	99.00, -6.16, -2.13
CIE LCh	99, 6.515, 199.095
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3012, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293787647 (0xFFEDFFFF)
YUV	249.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -11.4350, 3.2959

# Details

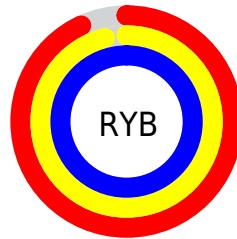
The CIELCh color **99, 6.515, 199.095** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **95, 6.469, 19.747**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **79, 6.098, 199.028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 14.533, 198.537**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

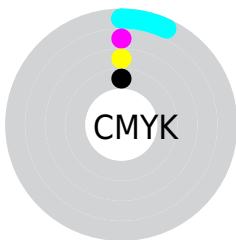
# Distribution



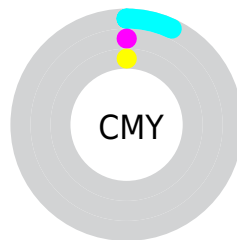
- Red (93%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 6.515, 199.095 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 6.515, 199.095 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 6.515, 199.095


 99, 6.515, 199.095

 100, 6.515,  
199.095

 89, 6.515, 199.095

 79, 6.515, 199.095


 69, 6.515, 199.095

 59, 6.515, 199.095

 49, 6.515, 199.095

 39, 6.515, 199.095

 29, 6.515, 199.095

 19, 6.515, 199.095

 9, 6.515, 199.095

99, 6.515, 199.095

99, 6.515, 199.095

97, 14.533,  
198.537

100, 0.012,  
296.813

96, 22.276,  
198.045

94, 29.268,  
197.614


93, 35.368,  
197.247

93, 40.457,  
196.946

92, 44.452,  
196.712

92, 47.325,  
196.546

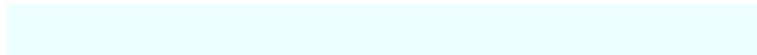
91, 49.120,  
196.443

 91, 49.966,  
196.395

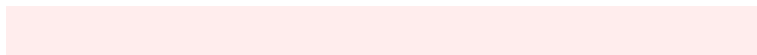
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



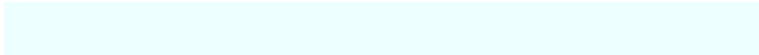
99, 6.515, 199.095



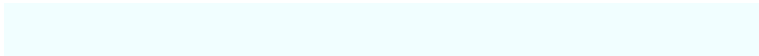
95, 6.469, 19.747

# Rectangle

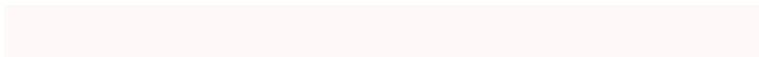
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 6.515, 199.095



99, 6.515, 249.095



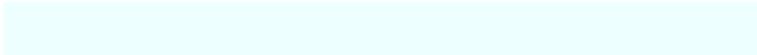
99, 6.515, 19.095



99, 6.515, 69.095

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 6.186, 199.121



100, 1.770, 199.667



98, 11.222, 144.057



53, 1.006, 199.692



0, 0.000, 0.000



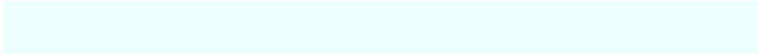
53, 0.007, 296.813



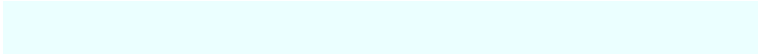


# Same Dimension

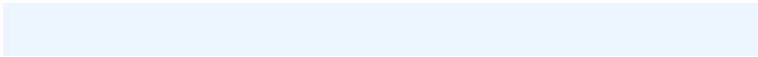
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 6.186, 199.121



99, 6.985, 199.058



96, 5.509, 256.408



52, 4.945, 198.963



70, 40.365, 196.386



24, 18.570, 196.386



# Inverse Universe

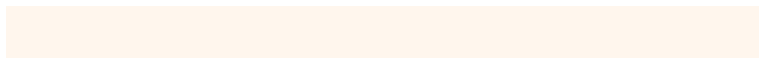
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 11.243, 324.805



95, 12.733, 324.860



97, 5.592, 74.475



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233

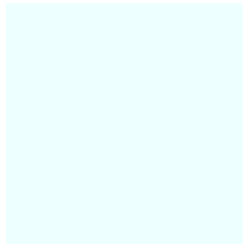


12, 42.823, 328.233



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 6.515, 199.095 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

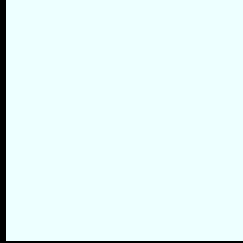
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIElCh color 99, 6.515, 199.095 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

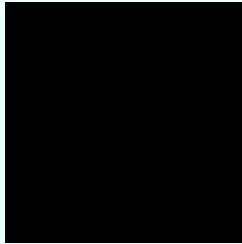
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 99, 6.515, 199.095

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 6.515, 199.095.

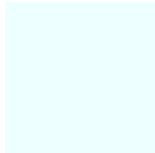


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 6.515, 199.095.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99, 6.178, 199.121



### Protanopia

99, 2.044, 349.329

### Deuteranopia

99, 2.044, 349.329



**Tritanopia**  
99, 2.151, 271.552

# Trichromacy



A vertical bar on the left side of the Trichromacy section, divided into four horizontal segments. The top segment is cyan, the second is light cyan, the third is very light cyan, and the bottom is white. Each segment corresponds to a color vision condition listed to its right.

**Original Color**

99, 6.178, 199.121

**Protanomaly**

99, 1.477, 219.961

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 1.477, 219.961

**Tritanomaly**

99, 2.845, 232.046

# Monochromacy



A vertical bar on the left side of the Monochromacy section, divided into three horizontal segments. The top segment is cyan, the middle is light cyan, and the bottom is white. Each segment corresponds to a color vision condition listed to its right.

**Original Color**

99, 6.178, 199.121

**Achromatopsia**

98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

98, 2.431, 199.520

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 6.515, 199.095 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 6.515, 199.095 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

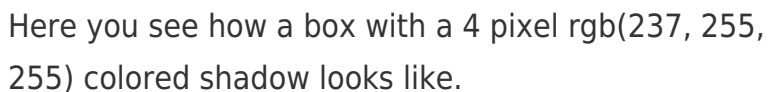
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255, 255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 6.515, 199.095 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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