

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 8.944, 20.031)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 8.944, 20.031) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIE LCh(98, 2.114, 19.235)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEF8F8
RGB	254, 248, 248
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 97%
CMY	0.0042, 0.0277, 0.0277
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	0°, 74%, 98%
HSV	0°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	91.3189, 94.9163, 102.2530
YIQ	249.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

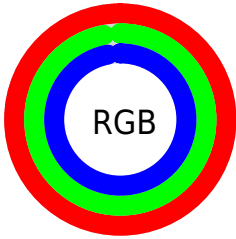
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 248, 248
Decimal	16709880
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.00, 2.00, 0.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 2.114, 19.235
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3165, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294899960 (0xFFFEF8F8)
YUV	249.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -3.1811, 5.9693

# Details

The CIELCh color **98, 2.114, 19.235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **99, 2.079, 199.649**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 1.850, 19.263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 11.506, 20.230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.375, 201.149**.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

Blue (97%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (97%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)





Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 2.114, 19.235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 2.114, 19.235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 2.114, 19.235	 98, 2.114, 19.235
 100, 2.114, 19.235	 88, 2.114, 19.235
	 78, 2.114, 19.235
	 68, 2.114, 19.235
	 58, 2.114, 19.235
	 48, 2.114, 19.235
	 38, 2.114, 19.235
	 28, 2.114, 19.235
	 18, 2.114, 19.235
	 8, 2.114, 19.235

98, 2.114, 19.235

98, 2.114, 19.235

91, 11.506, 20.230

100, 0.375,  
201.149

85, 21.654, 21.138

78, 32.552, 22.300

72, 44.118, 23.819

67, 56.168, 25.806

62, 68.392, 28.370

58, 80.352, 31.549

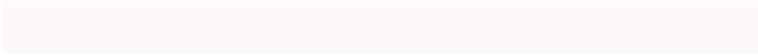
55, 91.389, 35.141

54, 100.120,  
38.387

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



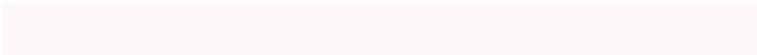
98, 2.114, 19.235



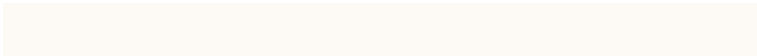
99, 2.079, 199.649

# Rectangle

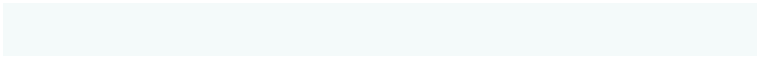
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 2.114, 19.235



98, 2.114, 69.235



98, 2.114, 199.235



98, 2.114, 249.235

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 2.112, 19.294



99, 0.894, 18.785



98, 3.735, 324.490



53, 0.508, 18.744



0, 0.000, 0.000

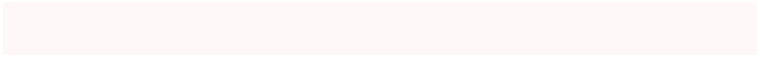


53, 0.007, 296.813

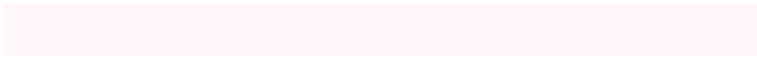


# Same Dimension

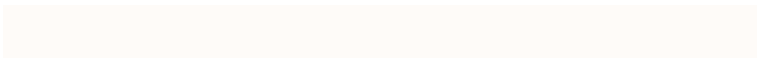
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 2.112, 19.294



98, 2.700, 19.400



99, 1.836, 74.893



52, 2.053, 19.501



40, 84.220, 40.007



10, 33.353, 27.210





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 2.079, 199.649



99, 2.648, 199.546



98, 1.842, 255.948



53, 2.004, 199.450



70, 40.324, 196.494

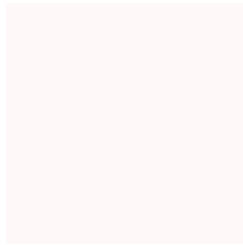


24, 18.553, 196.481



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 2.114, 19.235 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

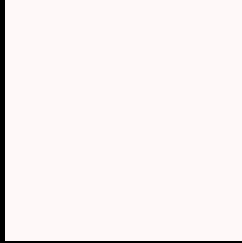
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 2.114, 19.235 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

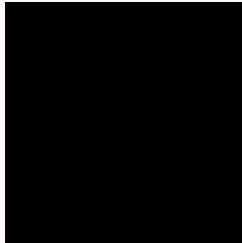
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 98, 2.114, 19.235

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 2.114, 19.235.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 2.114, 19.235.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 2.116, 19.237

**Protanopia**  
98, 2.116, 19.237

**Deuteranopia**  
98, 3.011, 359.612

**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.859, 311.595



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

98, 2.116, 19.237

**Protanomaly**

98, 2.116, 19.237

**Deuteranomaly**

98, 3.011, 359.612

**Tritanomaly**

98, 2.713, 330.516

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

98, 2.116, 19.237

**Achromatopsia**

98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

98, 0.704, 18.526

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 2.114, 19.235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 248, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 248, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 248, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 248, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 2.114, 19.235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 248, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 248, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 248, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 248, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 248, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 248,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 2.114, 19.235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 248, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
248, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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