

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 9.493, 109.422)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 9.493, 109.422)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(100, 8.605, 109.524)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFFF
RGB	255, 255, 239
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 94%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0621
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 97%
HSV	60°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	93.4164, 100.0000, 96.1669
YIQ	253.1760, 5.1360, -4.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

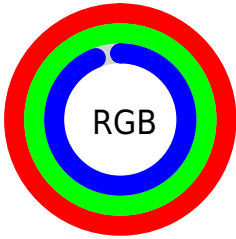
Format	Color
R _{YB}	239, 255, 239
Decimal	16777199
CIE _{Lab}	100.00, -2.88, 8.11
CIE _{LCh}	100, 8.605, 109.524
Y _{xy}	100.0000, 0.3226, 0.3453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967279 (0xFFFFFFFF)
YUV	253.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996
Hunter-Lab	100.0000, -8.2517, 12.9826

Details

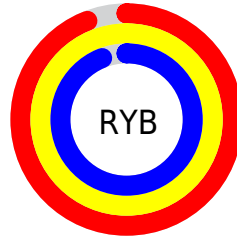
The CIELCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 95, 8.145, 290.816, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 80, 7.963, 109.448 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 99, 20.887, 108.596, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

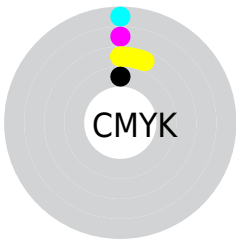
Distribution



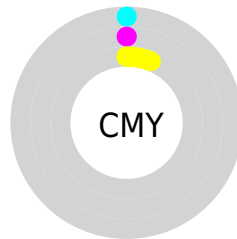
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (0%)





















- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 100, 8.605, 109.524	 100, 8.605, 109.524
 90, 8.605, 109.524	 99, 20.887, 108.596
 80, 8.605, 109.524	 99, 33.618, 107.618
 70, 8.605, 109.524	
 60, 8.605, 109.524	 98, 46.080, 106.656
 50, 8.605, 109.524	 98, 58.075, 105.732
 40, 8.605, 109.524	
 30, 8.605, 109.524	 98, 69.295, 104.878
 20, 8.605, 109.524	 97, 79.292, 104.130
 10, 8.605, 109.524	 97, 87.478,

103.529

■ 97, 93.243,
103.113

■ 97, 96.255,
102.898

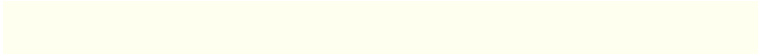
■ 100, 8.605,
109.524

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 8.605, 109.524



95, 8.145, 290.816

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 8.605, 109.524



100, 8.605, 159.524



100, 8.605, 289.524



100, 8.605, 339.524

Sweetspot

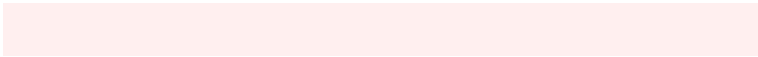
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 8.015, 109.568



100, 2.575, 109.956



96, 5.663, 19.675



53, 1.464, 109.964



0, 0.000, 0.000



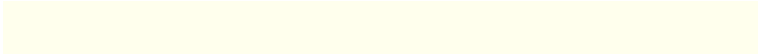
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 8.015, 109.568



100, 9.036, 109.492



99, 8.533, 128.811



53, 5.871, 109.434



75, 78.056, 102.852



26, 35.525, 102.993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 8.145, 290.816



94, 9.195, 290.900



96, 8.623, 309.328



50, 5.981, 290.964



23, 107.781, 306.287



3, 44.127, 301.758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

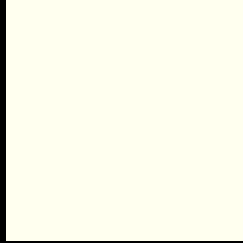
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

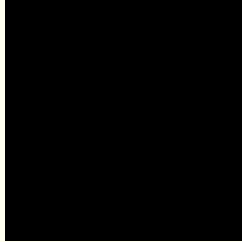
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 100, 8.605, 109.524

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 8.605, 109.524.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
100, 8.099, 109.562

Protanopia
100, 1.059, 90.707

Deuteranopia
100, 0.604, 74.594

Tritanopia
100, 0.519, 290.364

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 8.099, 109.562

Protanomaly

100, 3.555, 104.188

Deuteranomaly

100, 3.050, 103.285

Tritanomaly

100, 2.526, 109.958

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 8.099, 109.562

Achromatopsia

99, 0.012, 296.813

Achromatomaly

100, 3.034, 109.925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 100, 8.605, 109.524 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 100, 8.605, 109.524 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

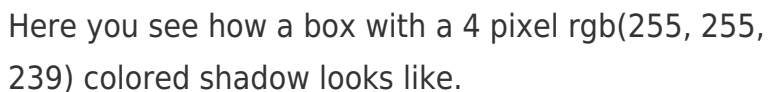
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 239); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 239); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 100, 8.605, 109.524 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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