

Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 9.552, 109.105)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(100, 9.552, 109.105)
contains.

CIELCh(100, 9.112, 109.487)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(100, 9.112, 109.487)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFFFE
RGB	255, 255, 238
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0658
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 97%
HSV	60°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	93.3240, 100.0000, 95.4473
YIQ	253.0620, 5.4570, -5.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

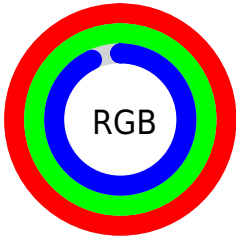
Format	Color
R _Y B	238, 255, 238
Decimal	16777198
CIE Lab	100.00, -3.04, 8.59
CIE LCh	100, 9.112, 109.487
Yxy	100.0000, 0.3232, 0.3463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967278 (0xFFFFFFFF)
YUV	253.0620, -7.4256, 1.6996
Hunter-Lab	100.0000, -8.4166, 13.4093

Details

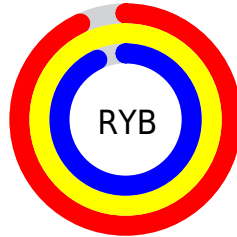
The CIELCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 95, 8.632, 290.855, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 8.494, 109.400 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 99, 21.358, 108.560, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

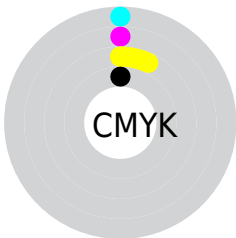
Distribution



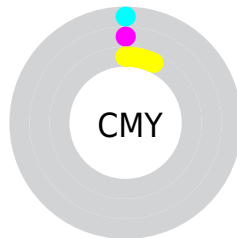
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 100, 9.112,
109.487


 100, 9.112,
109.487


 90, 9.112, 109.487


 99, 21.358,
108.560

 80, 9.112, 109.487

 99, 34.082,
107.582


 70, 9.112, 109.487


 60, 9.112, 109.487

 98, 46.531,
106.621

 50, 9.112, 109.487


 98, 58.503,
105.700


 40, 9.112, 109.487

 30, 9.112, 109.487

 98, 69.687,
104.849

 20, 9.112, 109.487

 97, 79.629,
104.105

 10, 9.112, 109.487

 97, 87.736,

103.510

■ 97, 93.402,
103.101

■ 97, 96.319,
102.894

■ 100, 9.112,
109.487

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 9.112, 109.487



95, 8.632, 290.855

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 9.112, 109.487



100, 9.112, 159.487



100, 9.112, 289.487



100, 9.112, 339.487

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 8.489, 109.533



100, 2.575, 109.956



95, 6.007, 19.706



53, 1.464, 109.964



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 8.489, 109.533



100, 10.326, 109.396



99, 9.040, 128.794



53, 7.338, 109.250



75, 78.056, 102.852



26, 35.525, 102.993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 8.632, 290.855



93, 10.528, 291.007



95, 9.137, 309.346



49, 7.504, 291.174



23, 107.781, 306.287



3, 44.127, 301.758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

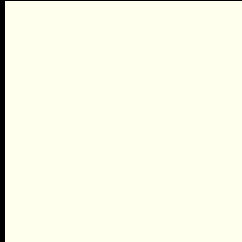
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

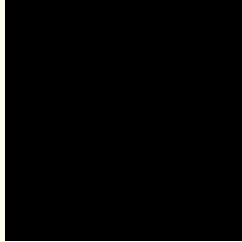
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 100, 9.112, 109.487

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 100, 9.112, 109.487.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
100, 8.605, 109.524

Protanopia
100, 1.059, 90.707

Deuteranopia
100, 0.604, 74.594

Tritanopia
100, 0.519, 290.364

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 8.605, 109.524



Protanomaly

100, 3.555, 104.188



Deuteranomaly

100, 3.050, 103.285



Tritanomaly

100, 2.526, 109.958

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 8.605, 109.524



Achromatopsia

99, 0.012, 296.813



Achromatomaly

100, 3.034, 109.925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 100, 9.112, 109.487 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 100, 9.112, 109.487 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

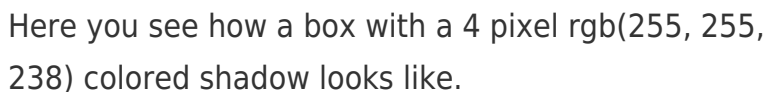
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 100, 9.112, 109.487 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor