

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(100, 9.591, 85.260)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(100, 9.591, 85.260) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 8.615, 107.136)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FEFDEC
RGB	254, 253, 236
RGB Percent	100%, 99%, 93%
CMY	0.0037, 0.0076, 0.0742
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	57°, 91%, 96%
HSV	57°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	91.1946, 97.4360, 93.4174
YIQ	251.3610, 6.0530, -5.0750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

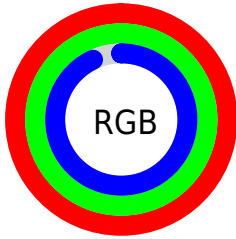
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">237, 254, 236</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16711148</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">99.00, -2.54, 8.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">99, 8.615, 107.136</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">97.4360, 0.3233, 0.3455</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294901228 (0xFFFEFDEC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">251.3610, -7.5730, 2.3144</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">98.7097, -7.8318, 12.9856</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 94, 8.755, 288.637, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 8.515, 106.844 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 98, 20.780, 106.128, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.310, 263.026.

# Distribution



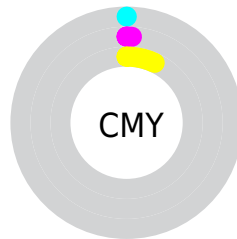
- Red (100%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 8.615, 107.136

 99, 8.615, 107.136

 100, 8.615,  
107.136

 89, 8.615, 107.136

 79, 8.615, 107.136


 69, 8.615, 107.136

 59, 8.615, 107.136

 49, 8.615, 107.136

 39, 8.615, 107.136

 29, 8.615, 107.136

 19, 8.615, 107.136

 9, 8.615, 107.136

99, 8.615, 107.136

99, 8.615, 107.136

98, 20.780,  
106.128

100, 0.310,  
263.026

97, 32.844,  
105.093

100, 0.324,  
201.428

97, 44.694,  
104.062

96, 56.141,  
103.056

95, 66.888,  
102.097

95, 76.485,  
101.215

94, 84.320,  
100.439

94, 89.725, 99.795



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 8.615, 107.136



94, 8.755, 288.637

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 8.615, 107.136



99, 8.615, 157.136



99, 8.615, 287.136



99, 8.615, 337.136

# Sweetspot

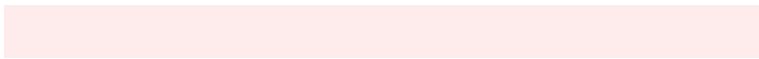
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 8.617, 107.148



100, 2.434, 107.632



95, 6.481, 14.324



53, 1.383, 107.639



0, 0.000, 0.000



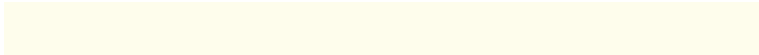
53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 8.617, 107.148



99, 9.768, 107.055



99, 9.564, 126.384



53, 6.943, 106.903



72, 74.973, 99.216



25, 34.020, 99.856



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 8.755, 288.637



94, 9.940, 288.740



94, 9.685, 307.035



49, 7.083, 288.912



24, 105.325, 305.652

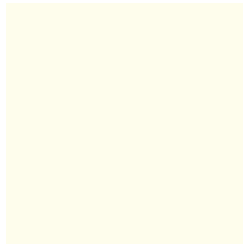


4, 42.374, 300.815



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

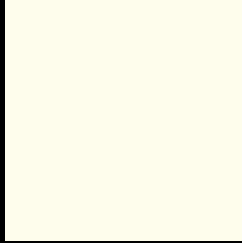
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

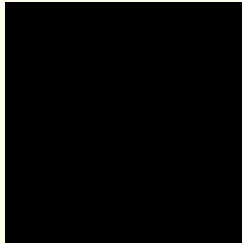
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 99, 8.615, 107.136

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136.

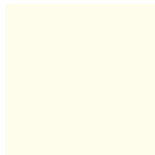


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 8.615, 107.136.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99, 8.622, 107.133



### Protanopia

99, 2.732, 87.135

### Deuteranopia

99, 1.406, 19.030



**Tritanopia**  
99, 2.171, 309.072

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 8.622, 107.133

**Protanomaly**

99, 4.674, 96.630

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 3.207, 90.598

**Tritanomaly**

99, 2.048, 100.089

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 8.622, 107.133



**Achromatopsia**

99, 0.012, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

99, 3.039, 109.924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 8.615, 107.136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 253, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 253, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 253, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 253, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 8.615, 107.136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 253, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 253, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 253, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 253, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 253, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 253,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 8.615, 107.136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 253, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
253, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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