

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 1.852, 291.163)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 1.852, 291.163) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 2.220, 290.920)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B1B1E
RGB	27, 27, 30
RGB Percent	11%, 11%, 12%
CMY	0.8932, 0.8932, 0.8814
CMYK	0.10, 0.10, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	240°, 5%, 11%
HSV	240°, 10%, 12%
XYZ	1.0931, 1.1260, 1.4042
YIQ	27.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	27, 27, 30
Decimal	1776414
CIE Lab	10.00, 0.79, -2.07
CIE LCh	10, 2.220, 290.920
Yxy	1.1260, 0.3017, 0.3108
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279966494 (0xFF1B1B1E)
YUV	27.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, -0.1820, -0.4177

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 2.220, 290.920** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **11, 2.180, 109.473**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 2.566, 290.670**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9, 4.518, 291.738**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 0.013, 108.738**.

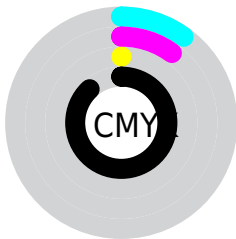
Distribution



- Red (11%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (88%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 2.220, 290.920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 2.220, 290.920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10, 2.220, 290.920

■ 10, 2.220, 290.920

100, 2.220,
290.920

■ 0, 2.220, 290.920

■ 30, 2.220, 290.920

■ 40, 2.220, 290.920

■ 50, 2.220, 290.920

■ 60, 2.220, 290.920

■ 70, 2.220, 290.920

■ 80, 2.220, 290.920

■ 90, 2.220, 290.920

■ 10, 2.220, 290.920

■ 10, 2.220, 290.920

■ 9, 4.518, 291.738

■ 11, 0.013, 108.738

■ 7, 6.805, 291.982

■ 13, 2.182, 109.509

■ 6, 8.814, 291.440

■ 14, 4.292, 108.933

■ 5, 10.574, 291.137

■ 16, 6.346, 108.419

■ 4, 12.096, 290.950

■ 17, 8.347, 107.959

■ 3, 13.397, 290.825

■ 18, 10.297,
107.548

■ 2, 14.646, 290.727

■ 20, 12.199,
107.179

■ 2, 15.894, 290.645

■ 1, 17.140, 290.577

■ 21, 14.056,
106.847

■ 22, 15.869,
106.548

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 2.220, 290.920



11, 2.180, 109.473

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 2.220, 290.920



10, 2.220, 340.920



10, 2.220, 110.920



10, 2.220, 160.920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 2.220, 290.913



15, 0.815, 290.426



11, 1.480, 197.695



6, 0.537, 290.197



61, 0.008, 296.813



6, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 2.220, 290.913



13, 3.295, 291.143



10, 2.341, 308.796



4, 0.786, 290.184



5, 55.508, 305.165



25, 114.157, 306.286

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 1.547, 19.746



14, 2.306, 19.916



11, 2.314, 128.177



4, 0.540, 19.274



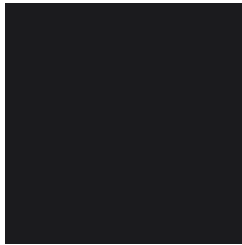
14, 40.358, 31.879



43, 89.211, 39.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 2.220, 290.920 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

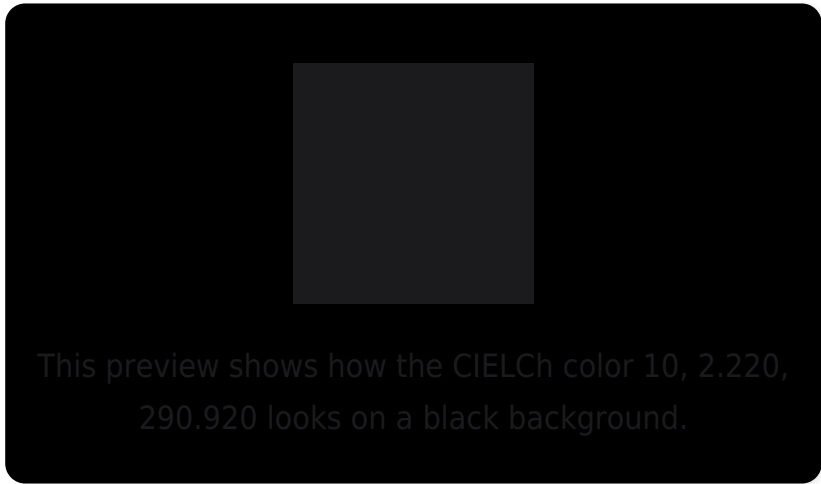
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

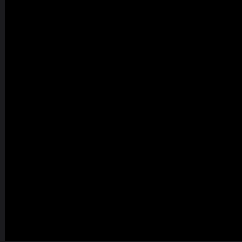
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

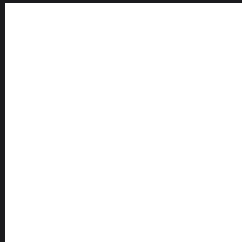
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 2.220, 290.920

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 2.220, 290.920.

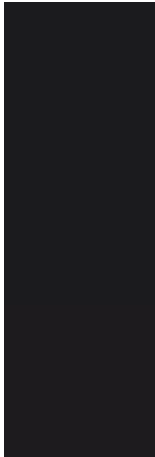


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 2.220, 290.920.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10, 2.220, 290.920

Protanopia

10, 2.220, 290.920

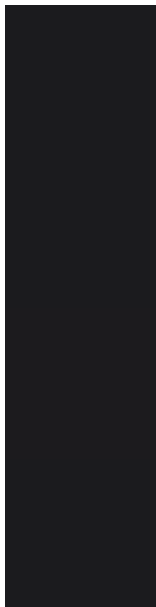
Deuteranopia

10, 2.442, 314.949



Tritanopia
10, 2.220, 290.920

Trichromacy



Original Color

10, 2.220, 290.920

Protanomaly

10, 2.220, 290.920

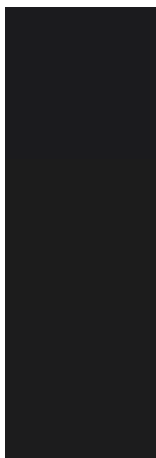
Deuteranomaly

10, 2.281, 303.443

Tritanomaly

10, 2.220, 290.920

Monochromacy



Original Color

10, 2.220, 290.920

Achromatopsia

10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

10, 0.738, 290.442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 2.220, 290.920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 27, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 27, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 27, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 27, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 2.220, 290.920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 27, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 27, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 27, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 27, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 27, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 27, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 2.220, 290.920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 27, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 27,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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