

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 12.289, 59.439)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 12.289, 59.439) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 12.289, 59.439)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28180B
RGB	40, 24, 11
RGB Percent	16%, 9%, 4%
CMY	0.8433, 0.9060, 0.9571
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.73, 0.84
HSL	27°, 57%, 10%
HSV	27°, 73%, 16%
XYZ	1.2594, 1.1260, 0.4656
YIQ	27.3020, 13.7090, -0.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

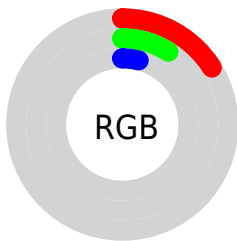
Format	Color
RYB	40, 35, 11
Decimal	2627595
CIELab	10.00, 6.25, 10.58
CIELCh	10, 12.289, 59.439
Yxy	1.1260, 0.4417, 0.3950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280817675 (0xFF28180B)
YUV	27.3020, -8.0369, 11.1361
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, 2.6156, 4.8266

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 12.289, 59.439** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **9, 11.038, 261.063**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 12.115, 59.170**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9, 13.391, 56.283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 11.028, 62.354**.

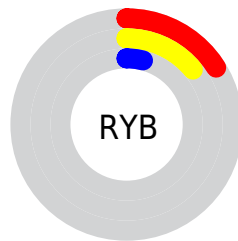
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (9%)

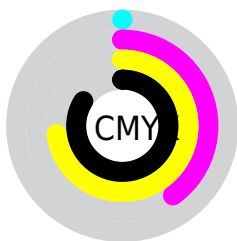
Blue (4%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (4%)

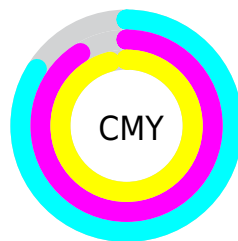


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (73%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 12.289, 59.439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 12.289, 59.439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10, 12.289, 59.439

■ 10, 12.289, 59.439

■ 100, 12.289,
59.439

■ 0, 12.289, 59.439

■ 30, 12.289, 59.439

■ 40, 12.289, 59.439

■ 50, 12.289, 59.439

■ 60, 12.289, 59.439

■ 70, 12.289, 59.439

■ 80, 12.289, 59.439

■ 90, 12.289, 59.439

■ 10, 12.289, 59.439

■ 10, 12.289, 59.439

■ 9, 13.391, 56.283

■ 11, 11.028, 62.354

■ 8, 14.517, 53.651

■ 12, 9.485, 64.561

■ 8, 15.360, 52.022

■ 12, 7.622, 65.833

■ 13, 5.705, 66.723

■ 14, 3.870, 67.613

■ 15, 2.114, 68.485

■ 16, 0.430, 69.132

■ 17, 1.186, 250.449

■ 18, 2.740, 251.259

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 12.289, 59.439



9, 11.038, 261.063

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 12.289, 59.439



10, 12.289, 109.439



10, 12.289, 239.439



10, 12.289, 289.439

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 12.289, 59.444



19, 4.632, 67.553



7, 17.863, 346.193



7, 2.725, 65.926



63, 0.008, 296.813



9, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 12.289, 59.444



12, 18.953, 57.954



15, 17.400, 102.128



6, 0.755, 68.349



21, 36.094, 57.969



54, 76.000, 56.205

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 11.038, 261.063



11, 15.863, 266.378



5, 19.298, 292.300



6, 0.766, 250.996



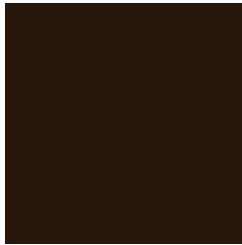
18, 27.057, 274.225



49, 57.028, 279.041

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 12.289, 59.439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

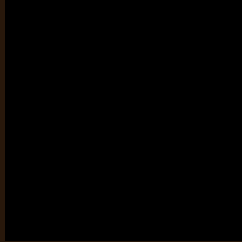
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 12.289, 59.439

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 12.289, 59.439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 12.289, 59.439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

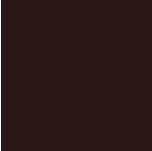
10, 12.289, 59.439

Protanopia

10, 10.299, 98.739

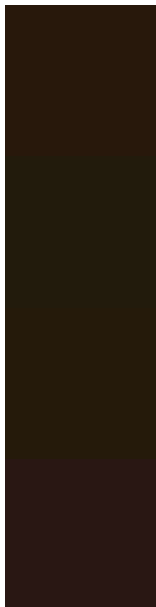
Deuteranopia

10, 11.329, 84.114



Tritanopia
10, 9.780, 18.354

Trichromacy



Original Color
10, 12.289, 59.439

Protanomaly
10, 10.289, 85.340

Deuteranomaly
10, 11.611, 74.932

Tritanomaly
10, 10.629, 36.913

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 12.289, 59.439

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
10, 4.925, 67.144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 12.289, 59.439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 24, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 24, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 24, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 24, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 12.289, 59.439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 24, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 24, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 24, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 24, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 24, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 24, 11)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 12.289, 59.439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 24, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 24,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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