

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 17.107, 151.143)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 17.107, 151.143)
contains.

CIELCh(10, 16.700, 151.496)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(10, 16.700, 151.496)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	06200F
RGB	6, 32, 15
RGB Percent	2%, 13%, 6%
CMY	0.9748, 0.8734, 0.9396
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.52, 0.87
HSL	141°, 67%, 8%
HSV	141°, 80%, 13%
XYZ	0.6940, 1.1260, 0.6482
YIQ	22.2880, -10.0390, -10.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

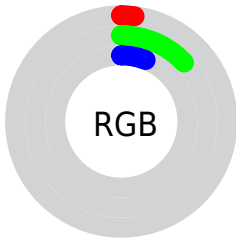
Format	Color
RYB	6, 25, 32
Decimal	401423
CIELab	10.00, -14.68, 7.97
CIELCh	10, 16.700, 151.496
Yxy	1.1260, 0.2812, 0.4562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278591503 (0xFF06200F)
YUV	22.2880, -3.5930, -14.2846
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, -6.8963, 3.8061

Details

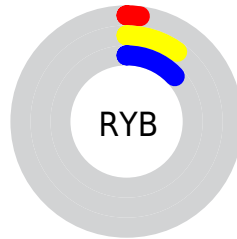
The CIELCh color **10, 16.700, 151.496** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **5, 14.805, 341.876**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 16.230, 152.078**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 18.262, 151.418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10, 15.035, 151.866**.

Distribution



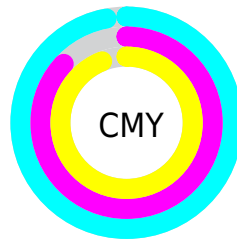
- Red (2%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 16.700, 151.496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 16.700, 151.496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10, 16.700,
151.496

■ 10, 16.700,
151.496

■ 100, 16.700,
151.496

■ 0, 16.700, 151.496

■ 30, 16.700,
151.496

■ 40, 16.700,
151.496


■ 50, 16.700,
151.496


■ 60, 16.700,
151.496

■ 70, 16.700,
151.496


■ 80, 16.700,


151.496


 90, 16.700,
151.496


 10, 16.700,
151.496


 10, 16.700,
151.496

 10, 18.262,
151.418

 10, 15.035,
151.866

 10, 19.705,
151.553

 10, 13.208,
152.443

 11, 11.143,
153.006

 11, 8.964, 153.783

 11, 6.743, 154.505

 12, 4.503, 155.163

■ 12, 2.259, 155.777

■ 12, 0.027, 160.108

■ 13, 2.183, 336.713

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 16.700, 151.496



5, 14.805, 341.876

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 16.700, 151.496



10, 16.700, 201.496



10, 16.700, 331.496



10, 16.700, 21.496

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 16.700, 151.496



15, 6.561, 154.810



11, 16.345, 124.479



6, 3.391, 155.036



61, 0.008, 296.813



6, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 16.700, 151.496



13, 24.404, 148.893



10, 11.325, 180.165



4, 0.753, 155.972



29, 41.774, 144.808



73, 87.655, 142.529

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5, 14.805, 341.876



5, 23.222, 343.508



4, 11.773, 10.883



4, 0.745, 336.586



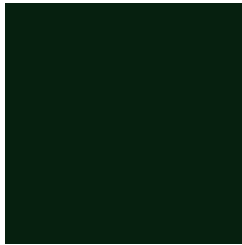
15, 39.058, 346.205



46, 76.431, 348.751

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 16.700, 151.496 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

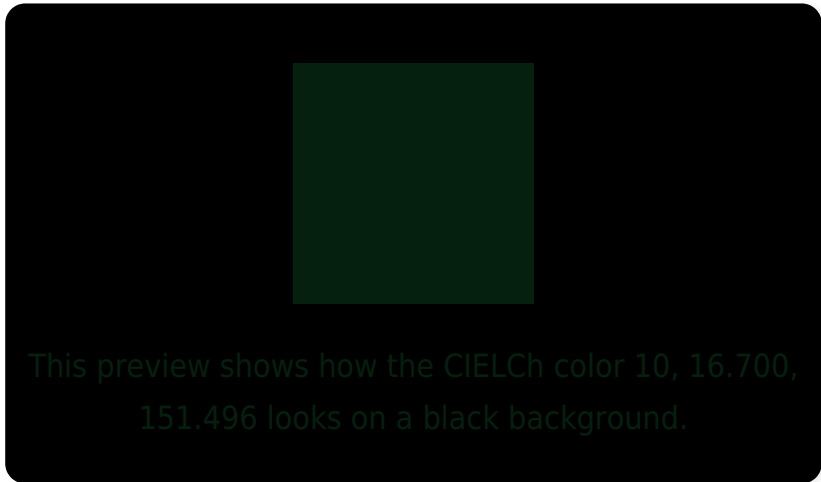
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

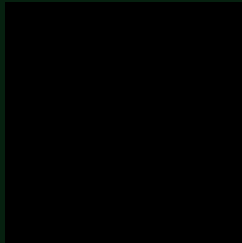
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 16.700, 151.496

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 16.700, 151.496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 16.700, 151.496.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


10, 16.700, 151.496

Protanopia

10, 9.363, 97.846

Deuteranopia

10, 7.967, 78.776



Tritanopia
10, 7.068, 216.196

Trichromacy



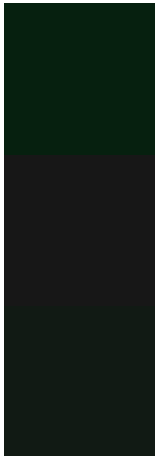
Original Color
10, 16.700, 151.496

Protanomaly
10, 11.122, 130.852

Deuteranomaly
10, 9.352, 125.209

Tritanomaly
10, 9.417, 178.579

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 16.700, 151.496

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
8, 6.216, 154.061

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 16.700, 151.496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 32, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 32, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 32, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 32, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 16.700, 151.496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 32, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 32, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 32, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 32, 15); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 32, 15); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 32, 15) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 16.700, 151.496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 32, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 32,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor