

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 17.885, 158.420)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 17.885, 158.420)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 17.761, 158.547)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002112
RGB	0, 33, 18
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 7%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8709, 0.9298
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.46, 0.87
HSL	153°, 100%, 6%
HSV	153°, 100%, 13%
XYZ	0.6487, 1.1260, 0.7513
YIQ	21.4230, -14.8530, -11.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

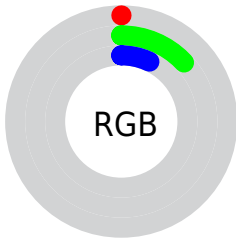
Format	Color
RYB	0, 21, 33
Decimal	8466
CIELab	10.00, -16.53, 6.50
CIELCh	10, 17.761, 158.547
Yxy	1.1260, 0.2568, 0.4458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278198546 (0xFF002112)
YUV	21.4230, -1.6875, -18.7880
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, -7.6580, 3.2304

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 17.761, 158.547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **3, 15.306, 354.867**, and the grayscale version is **7, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 17.460, 158.424**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 17.734, 158.482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10, 16.255, 158.827**.

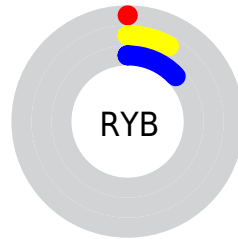
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (13%)

Blue (7%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (13%)

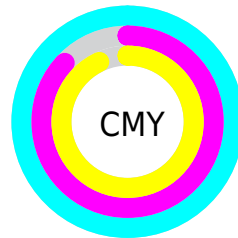


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 17.761, 158.547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 17.761, 158.547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10, 17.761,
158.547

■ 10, 17.761,
158.547

■ 100, 17.761,
158.547

■ 0, 17.761, 158.547

■ 30, 17.761,
158.547

■ 40, 17.761,
158.547


■ 50, 17.761,
158.547


■ 60, 17.761,
158.547


■ 70, 17.761,
158.547


■ 80, 17.761,


158.547


 90, 17.761,
158.547


 10, 17.761,
158.547


 10, 17.761,
158.547

 10, 17.734,
158.482

 10, 16.255,
158.827

 10, 14.720,
159.419

 11, 13.132,
160.357

 11, 11.440,
161.415

 11, 9.648, 162.365

■ 11, 7.787, 163.236

■ 12, 5.875, 164.039

■ 12, 3.929, 164.787

■ 12, 1.966, 165.504

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 17.761, 158.547



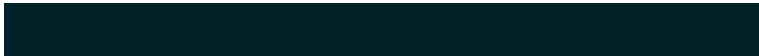
3, 15.306, 354.867

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 17.761, 158.547



10, 17.761, 208.547



10, 17.761, 338.547



10, 17.761, 28.547

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 17.734, 158.482



16, 7.423, 163.858



10, 21.184, 133.639



7, 4.415, 163.676



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 17.734, 158.482



14, 22.390, 156.672



10, 11.922, 200.493



4, 0.655, 165.636



29, 34.797, 153.734



73, 72.786, 151.267

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3, 15.306, 354.867



5, 23.129, 357.158



3, 13.535, 21.278



4, 0.648, 346.532



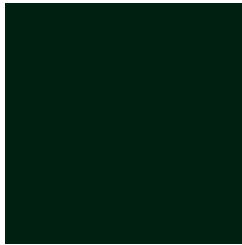
14, 36.273, 1.706



44, 72.023, 6.603

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 17.761, 158.547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

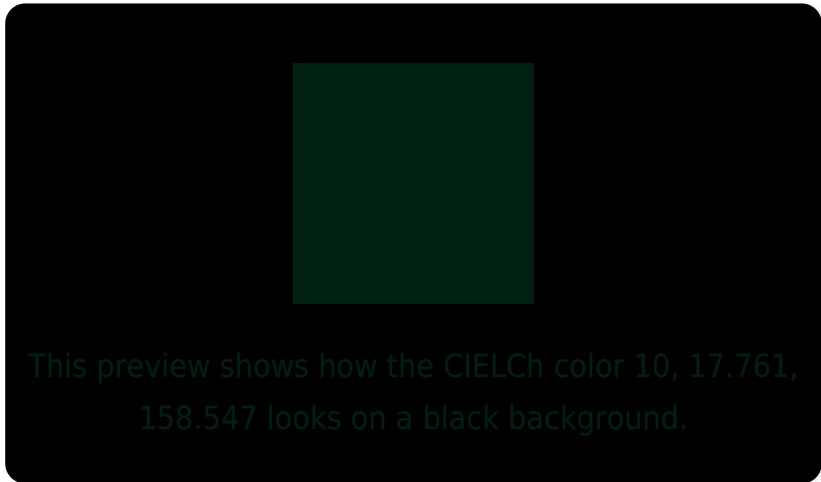
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

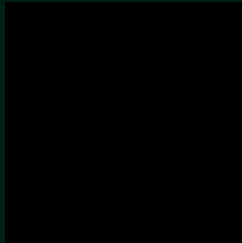
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 17.761, 158.547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 17.761, 158.547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 17.761, 158.547.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10, 17.761, 158.547

Protanopia

10, 8.331, 96.653

Deuteranopia

10, 6.926, 74.253



Tritanopia
10, 8.017, 213.689

Trichromacy



Original Color
10, 17.761, 158.547

Protanomaly
10, 10.587, 137.855

Deuteranomaly
10, 8.096, 135.507

Tritanomaly
10, 10.649, 180.531

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 17.761, 158.547

Achromatopsia
7, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
8, 6.378, 164.839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 17.761, 158.547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 33, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 33, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 33, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 33, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 17.761, 158.547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 33, 18) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 33, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 33, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 33, 18); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 33, 18); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 33, 18) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 17.761, 158.547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 33, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 33,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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