

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 19.887, 117.291)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 19.887, 117.291)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 16.884, 118.188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	191E00
RGB	25, 30, 0
RGB Percent	10%, 12%, 0%
CMY	0.9024, 0.8829, 1.0000
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 1.00, 0.88
HSL	70°, 100%, 6%
HSV	70°, 100%, 12%
XYZ	0.8576, 1.1260, 0.1650
YIQ	25.0850, 6.6500, -10.3900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

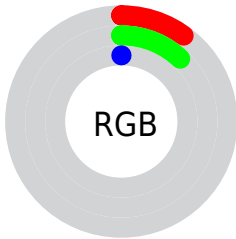
Format	Color
RYB	0, 30, 5
Decimal	1646080
CIELab	10.00, -7.98, 14.88
CIELCh	10, 16.884, 118.188
Yxy	1.1260, 0.3992, 0.5241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279836160 (0xFF191E00)
YUV	25.0850, -12.3669, -0.0745
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, -4.1433, 6.5062

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 16.884, 118.188** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **1, 16.918, 295.186**, and the grayscale version is **9, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 17.271, 118.237**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 16.783, 118.232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10, 15.500, 117.760**.

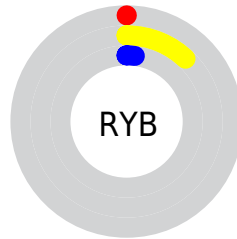
Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (12%)

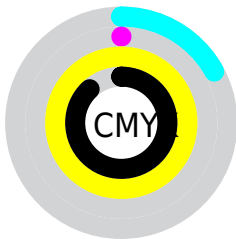
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Blue (2%)

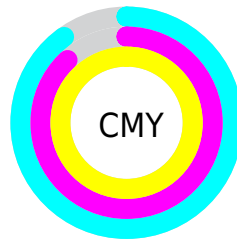


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (88%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 16.884, 118.188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 16.884, 118.188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10, 16.884,
118.188

■ 10, 16.884,
118.188

■ 100, 16.884,
118.188

■ 0, 16.884, 118.188

■ 30, 16.884,
118.188

■ 40, 16.884,
118.188


■ 50, 16.884,
118.188


■ 60, 16.884,
118.188


■ 70, 16.884,
118.188


■ 80, 16.884,


118.188


 90, 16.884,
118.188


 10, 16.884,
118.188


 10, 16.884,
118.188


 10, 16.783,
118.232

 10, 15.500,
117.760

 10, 14.227,
117.261

 10, 12.961,
116.726

 10, 11.661,
116.167

 11, 10.165,
115.682

■ 11, 8.453, 115.328

■ 11, 6.518, 115.226

■ 11, 4.376, 115.634

■ 11, 2.190, 116.162

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 16.884, 118.188



1, 16.918, 295.186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 16.884, 118.188



10, 16.884, 168.188



10, 16.884, 298.188



10, 16.884, 348.188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 16.783, 118.232



15, 8.095, 114.982



3, 10.655, 29.161



6, 4.225, 117.583



61, 0.008, 296.813



6, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 16.783, 118.232



14, 22.251, 114.929



9, 19.231, 137.243



4, 0.790, 116.881



31, 42.107, 111.992



78, 84.232, 112.880

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1, 16.918, 295.186



2, 23.676, 296.722



2, 18.010, 310.433



4, 0.792, 296.479



6, 55.224, 307.073



26, 112.961, 306.952

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 16.884, 118.188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

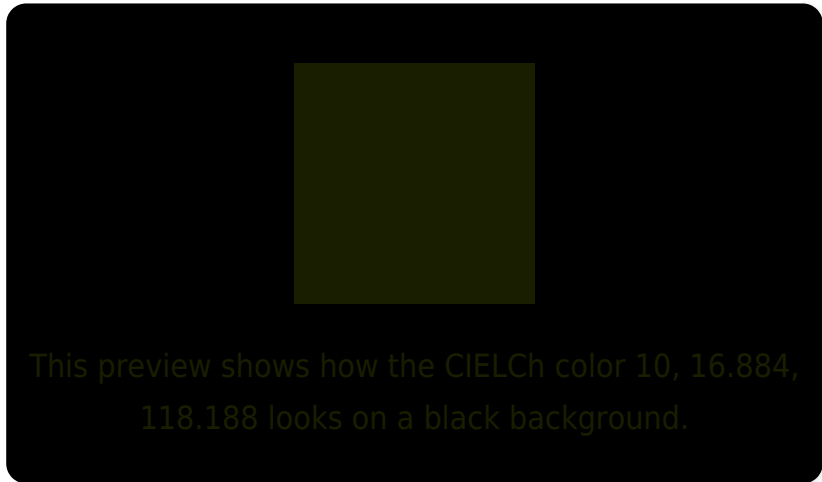
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

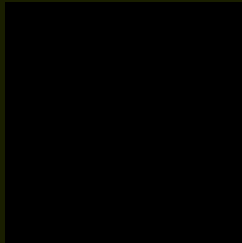
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

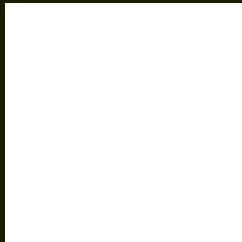
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 16.884, 118.188

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 16.884, 118.188.

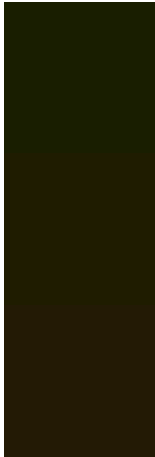


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 16.884, 118.188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


10, 16.884, 118.188

Protanopia

10, 15.146, 101.776

Deuteranopia

10, 12.768, 84.089



Tritanopia
10, 1.546, 272.100

Trichromacy



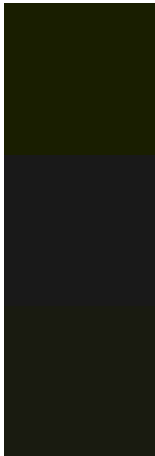
Original Color
10, 16.884, 118.188

Protanomaly
10, 15.795, 108.356

Deuteranomaly
10, 13.312, 98.631

Tritanomaly
10, 7.312, 121.068

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 16.884, 118.188

Achromatopsia
9, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
9, 7.563, 117.334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 16.884, 118.188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 30, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 30, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 30, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 30, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 16.884, 118.188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 30, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 30, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 30, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 30, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 30, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 30, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 16.884, 118.188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 30, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 30,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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