

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 2.859, 217.748)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 2.859, 217.748) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 2.782, 231.132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	171C1E
RGB	23, 28, 30
RGB Percent	9%, 11%, 12%
CMY	0.9086, 0.8890, 0.8811
CMYK	0.23, 0.07, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	197°, 13%, 11%
HSV	197°, 23%, 12%
XYZ	1.0210, 1.1260, 1.4125
YIQ	26.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

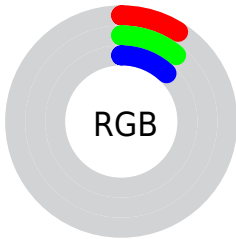
Format	Color
R_YB	23, 26, 30
Decimal	1514526
CIE Lab	10.00, -1.75, -2.17
CIE LCh	10, 2.782, 231.132
Yxy	1.1260, 0.2868, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279704606 (0xFF171C1E)
YUV	26.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, -1.3951, -0.4642

Details

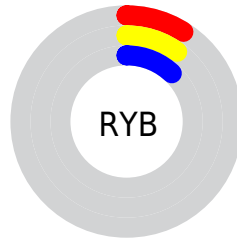
The CIELCh color **10, 2.782, 231.132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **9, 3.068, 48.789**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 2.840, 241.934**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9, 3.909, 231.855**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 1.606, 230.537**.

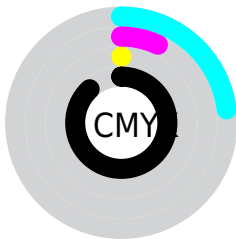
Distribution



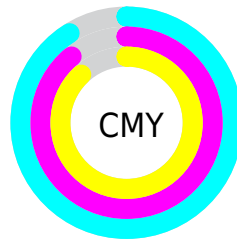
- Red (9%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (88%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 2.782, 231.132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 2.782, 231.132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10, 2.782, 231.132

■ 10, 2.782, 231.132

■ 100, 2.782,
231.132

■ 0, 2.782, 231.132

■ 30, 2.782, 231.132

■ 40, 2.782, 231.132

■ 50, 2.782, 231.132

■ 60, 2.782, 231.132

■ 70, 2.782, 231.132

■ 80, 2.782, 231.132

■ 90, 2.782, 231.132

■ 10, 2.782, 231.132

■ 10, 2.782, 231.132

■ 9, 3.909, 231.855

■ 11, 1.606, 230.537

■ 9, 4.980, 232.744

■ 11, 0.389, 230.302

■ 8, 5.953, 234.224

■ 12, 0.862, 49.330

■ 8, 6.780, 236.699

■ 12, 2.142, 49.074

■ 7, 7.515, 239.131

■ 13, 3.443, 48.804

■ 7, 8.251, 240.993

■ 14, 4.762, 48.572

■ 6, 8.989, 242.385

■ 14, 6.094, 48.378

■ 6, 9.496, 243.127

■ 15, 7.436, 48.218

■ 16, 8.785, 48.086

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 2.782, 231.132



9, 3.068, 48.789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 2.782, 231.132



10, 2.782, 281.132



10, 2.782, 51.132



10, 2.782, 101.132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 2.782, 231.122



15, 1.055, 230.300



11, 5.141, 152.409



6, 0.594, 230.814



61, 0.008, 296.813



6, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 2.782, 231.122



13, 4.061, 231.608



9, 4.154, 281.557



4, 0.443, 230.887



22, 19.827, 248.517



58, 41.005, 253.814

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 5.166, 334.853



12, 7.653, 335.222



11, 4.087, 97.416



4, 0.780, 333.965



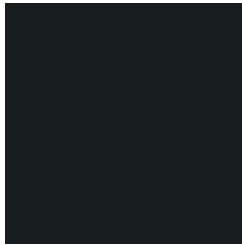
15, 40.521, 342.112



46, 79.371, 343.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 2.782, 231.132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

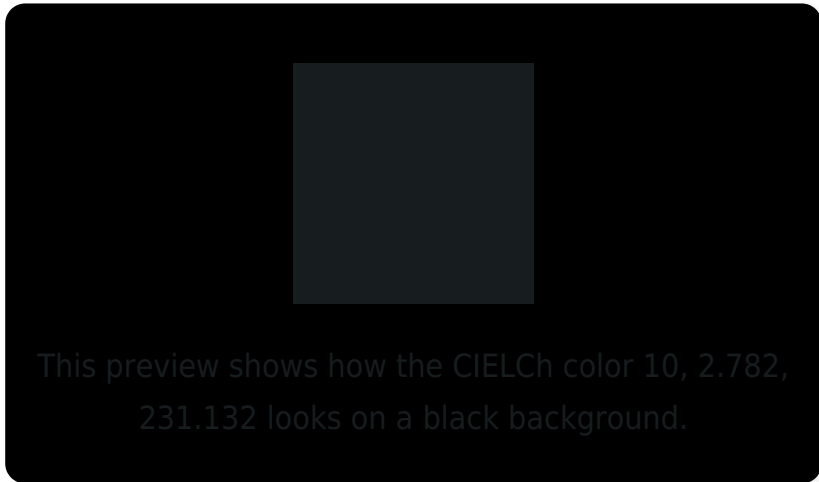
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

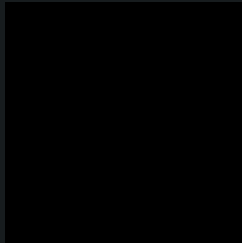
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

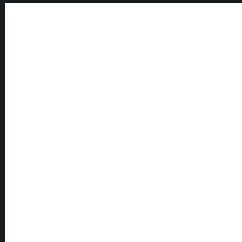
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 2.782, 231.132

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 2.782, 231.132.

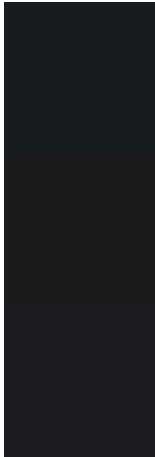


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 2.782, 231.132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10, 2.782, 231.132

Protanopia

10, 2.220, 290.920

Deuteranopia

10, 3.128, 309.481



Tritanopia
10, 3.197, 243.062

Trichromacy



Original Color

10, 2.782, 231.132

Protanomaly

10, 2.265, 278.457

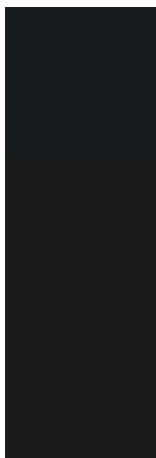
Deuteranomaly

10, 2.959, 291.159

Tritanomaly

10, 3.197, 243.062

Monochromacy



Original Color

10, 2.782, 231.132

Achromatopsia

10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

10, 0.887, 256.166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 2.782, 231.132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 28, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 28, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 28, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 28, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 2.782, 231.132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 28, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 28, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 28, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 28, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 28, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 28, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 2.782, 231.132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 28, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 28,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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