

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 23.786, 308.600)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(10, 23.786, 308.600)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(10, 23.987, 308.814)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	221535
RGB	34, 21, 53
RGB Percent	13%, 8%, 21%
CMY	0.8671, 0.9181, 0.7927
CMYK	0.36, 0.60, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	264°, 43%, 14%
HSV	264°, 60%, 21%
XYZ	1.5614, 1.1260, 3.4879
YIQ	28.5350, -2.5240, 12.7080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

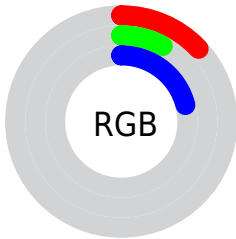
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	34, 21, 53
Decimal	2233653
CIELab	10.00, 15.03, -18.69
CIELCh	10, 23.987, 308.814
Yxy	1.1260, 0.2528, 0.1823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280423733 (0xFF221535)
YUV	28.5350, 12.0612, 4.7928
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, 7.6946, -12.0600

# Details

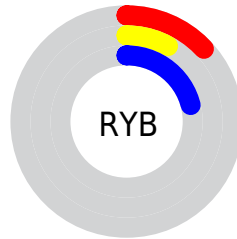
The CIELCh color **10, 23.987, 308.814** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **20, 21.831, 123.233**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 23.935, 308.903**, and **0, 1.613, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8, 28.046, 309.368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 19.871, 308.239**.

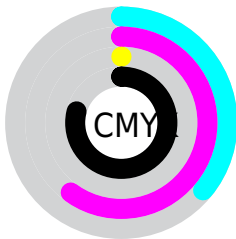
# Distribution



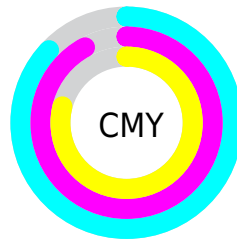
- Red (13%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 23.987, 308.814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 23.987, 308.814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 10, 23.987,  
308.814

■ 10, 23.987,  
308.814

■ 100, 23.987,  
308.814

■ 0, 23.987, 308.814

■ 30, 23.987,  
308.814

■ 40, 23.987,  
308.814


■ 50, 23.987,  
308.814


■ 60, 23.987,  
308.814


■ 70, 23.987,  
308.814

■ 80, 23.987,


308.814


 90, 23.987,  
308.814


 10, 23.987,  
308.814

 10, 23.987,  
308.814

 8, 28.046, 309.368


 12, 19.871,  
308.239

 7, 31.512, 309.440

 14, 15.773,  
307.672

 5, 34.234, 308.941

 4, 36.629, 308.309

 16, 11.737,  
307.130

 18, 7.787, 306.624

 20, 3.935, 306.156

 22, 0.187, 305.561

■ 24, 3.458, 125.373

■ 26, 7.001, 125.028

■ 28, 10.446,  
124.724

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 23.987, 308.814



20, 21.831, 123.233

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 23.987, 308.814



10, 23.987, 358.814



10, 23.987, 128.814



10, 23.987, 178.814

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 23.987, 308.814



25, 8.514, 306.548



15, 11.199, 252.780



11, 5.985, 306.599



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 23.987, 308.814



11, 36.200, 309.682



12, 25.275, 324.042



8, 2.002, 306.037



10, 58.663, 310.776



32, 112.727, 309.864



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 19.699, 343.681



15, 28.462, 345.587



19, 25.147, 138.191



8, 1.753, 339.382



17, 41.058, 350.995



47, 76.957, 353.797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 23.987, 308.814 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 10, 23.987, 308.814**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 23.987, 308.814.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 23.987, 308.814.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10, 23.987, 308.814

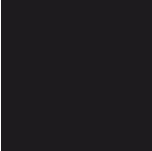
### Protanopia

10, 22.689, 279.221

### Deuteranopia

10, 17.036, 265.311





**Tritanopia**  
10, 2.442, 314.949

# Trichromacy



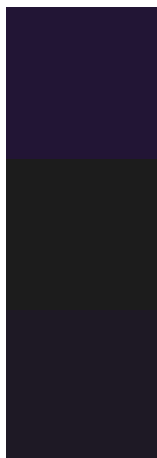
**Original Color**  
10, 23.987, 308.814

**Protanomaly**  
9, 22.310, 287.213

**Deuteranomaly**  
9, 18.771, 282.414

**Tritanomaly**  
10, 10.046, 309.060

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
10, 23.987, 308.814

**Achromatopsia**  
10, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
10, 9.227, 307.451

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 23.987, 308.814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 21, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 21, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 21, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 21, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 23.987, 308.814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 21, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 21, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 21, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 21, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 21, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 21, 53)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 23.987, 308.814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 21, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 21,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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