

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 31.688, 359.070)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 31.688, 359.070)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 31.315, 359.637)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F001D
RGB	63, 0, 29
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 11%
CMY	0.7544, 1.0000, 0.8874
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.54, 0.75
HSL	333°, 100%, 12%
HSV	333°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.2414, 1.1260, 1.2424
YIQ	22.1430, 28.2390, 22.3750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

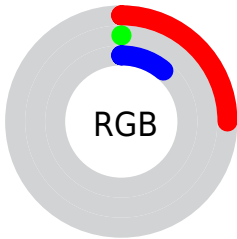
Format	Color
R_{YB}	63, 0, 29
Decimal	4128797
CIE Lab	10.00, 31.31, -0.20
CIE LCh	10, 31.315, 359.637
Yxy	1.1260, 0.4862, 0.2443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282318877 (0xFF3F001D)
YUV	22.1430, 3.3805, 35.8316
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, 19.1342, 0.4862

Details

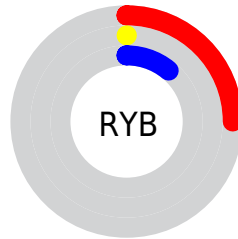
The CIELCh color **10, 31.315, 359.637** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **22, 29.315, 154.596**, and the grayscale version is **7, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 31.296, 359.616**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 31.185, 359.754**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 28.688, 357.871**.

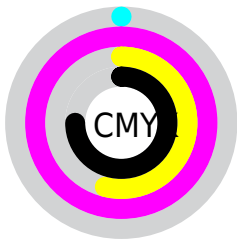
Distribution



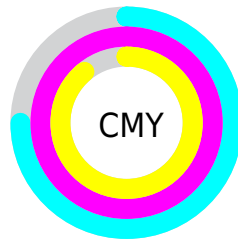
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (75%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 31.315, 359.637 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 31.315, 359.637 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10, 31.315,
359.637


 10, 31.315,
359.637


 100, 31.315,
359.637


 0, 31.315, 359.637


 30, 31.315,
359.637

 40, 31.315,
359.637


 50, 31.315,
359.637


 60, 31.315,
359.637


 70, 31.315,
359.637


 80, 31.315,


359.637


 90, 31.315,
359.637

 10, 31.315,
359.637


 10, 31.315,
359.637

 10, 31.185,
359.754

 11, 28.688,
357.871

 12, 26.498,
355.632

 14, 23.919,
353.666

 15, 20.902,
352.037

 17, 17.586,
350.662

■ 18, 14.096,
349.479

■ 20, 10.531,
348.441

■ 22, 6.964, 347.514

■ 24, 3.444, 346.660

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 31.315, 359.637



22, 29.315, 154.596

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 31.315, 359.637



10, 31.315, 49.637



10, 31.315, 179.637



10, 31.315, 229.637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 31.185, 359.754



27, 13.138, 348.572



6, 44.166, 313.744



11, 8.817, 348.718



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 31.185, 359.754



15, 37.063, 1.747



10, 32.165, 28.387



10, 1.872, 346.524



18, 40.904, 2.704



48, 75.992, 6.631

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 31.185, 359.754



15, 37.063, 1.747



22, 17.625, 201.096



10, 1.872, 346.524



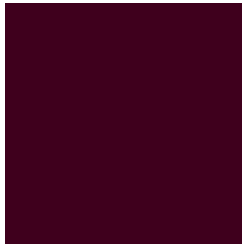
18, 40.904, 2.704



48, 75.992, 6.631

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 31.315, 359.637 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

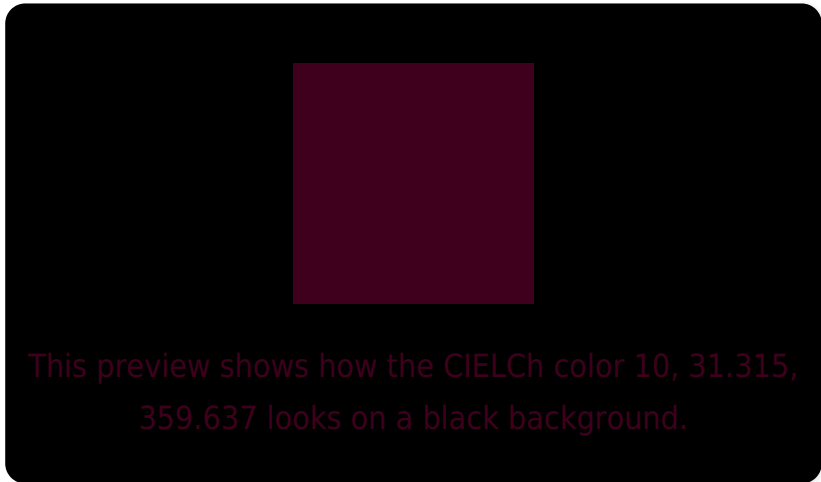
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

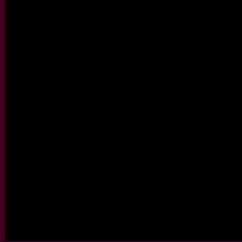
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 31.315, 359.637

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 31.315, 359.637.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 31.315, 359.637.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
10, 31.315, 359.637

Protanopia
12, 7.256, 285.305

Deuteranopia
12, 5.222, 63.276



Tritanopia
11, 27.731, 27.584

Trichromacy



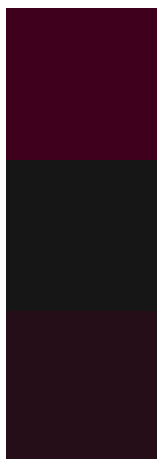
Original Color
10, 31.315, 359.637

Protanomaly
10, 15.996, 334.353

Deuteranomaly
10, 14.789, 5.129

Tritanomaly
11, 28.219, 18.811

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 31.315, 359.637

Achromatopsia
7, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
7, 13.600, 353.101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 31.315, 359.637 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 0, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 0, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 0, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 0, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 31.315, 359.637 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 0, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 0, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 0, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 0, 29); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 0, 29); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 0, 29) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 31.315, 359.637 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 0, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 0,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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