

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 32.129, 19.910)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 32.129, 19.910) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 32.156, 19.438)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40000C
RGB	64, 0, 12
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 5%
CMY	0.7483, 0.9995, 0.9520
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.81, 0.75
HSL	349°, 100%, 13%
HSV	349°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.1953, 1.1260, 0.4573
YIQ	20.5040, 34.2920, 17.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

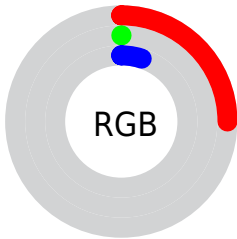
Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 12
Decimal	4194316
CIELab	10.00, 30.32, 10.70
CIElCh	10, 32.156, 19.438
Yxy	1.1260, 0.5810, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384396 (0xFF40000C)
YUV	20.5040, -4.1925, 38.1460
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, 18.3577, 4.8731

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 32.156, 19.438** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **23, 22.160, 174.358**, and the grayscale version is **7, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 31.958, 19.763**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 32.217, 19.430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 29.295, 19.028**.

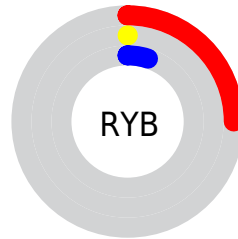
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (0%)

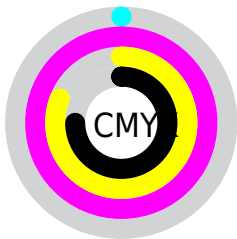
Blue (5%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (5%)

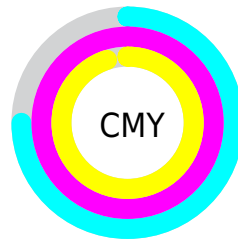


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (81%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 32.156, 19.438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 32.156, 19.438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 10, 32.156, 19.438


 10, 32.156, 19.438


 100, 32.156,
19.438


 0, 32.156, 19.438


 30, 32.156, 19.438


 40, 32.156, 19.438

 50, 32.156, 19.438

 60, 32.156, 19.438

 70, 32.156, 19.438

 80, 32.156, 19.438

 90, 32.156, 19.438

■ 10, 32.156, 19.438

■ 10, 32.156, 19.438

■ 10, 32.217, 19.430

■ 11, 29.295, 19.028

■ 12, 26.482, 16.717

■ 14, 23.318, 13.886

■ 15, 19.942, 11.581

■ 17, 16.458, 9.703

■ 19, 12.962, 8.159

■ 21, 9.523, 6.870

■ 23, 6.191, 5.775

■ 25, 2.991, 4.808

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 32.156, 19.438



23, 22.160, 174.358

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 32.156, 19.438



10, 32.156, 69.438



10, 32.156, 199.438



10, 32.156, 249.438

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 32.155, 19.440



28, 12.055, 7.055



10, 43.605, 321.530



12, 8.327, 7.278



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 32.155, 19.440



15, 39.927, 24.573



13, 28.710, 43.926



12, 1.742, 4.692



18, 44.613, 26.354



47, 85.565, 31.002

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 32.155, 19.440



15, 39.927, 24.573



17, 17.304, 249.237



12, 1.742, 4.692



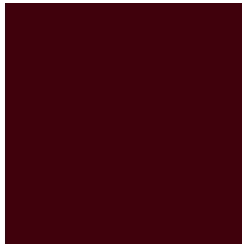
18, 44.613, 26.354



47, 85.565, 31.002

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 32.156, 19.438 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

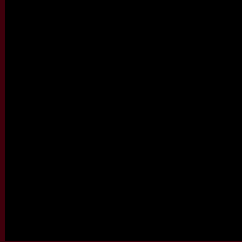
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 32.156, 19.438

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 32.156, 19.438.

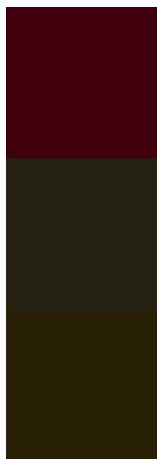


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 32.156, 19.438.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10, 32.156, 19.438

Protanopia

13, 10.001, 97.681

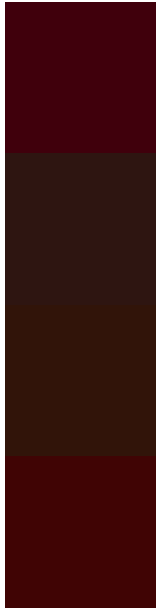
Deuteranopia

12, 15.598, 84.817



Tritanopia
11, 31.712, 31.846

Trichromacy



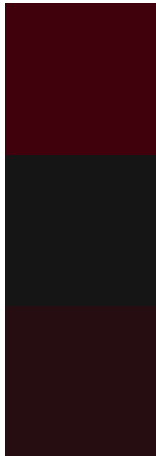
Original Color
10, 32.156, 19.438

Protanomaly
10, 14.589, 33.271

Deuteranomaly
10, 18.224, 41.611

Tritanomaly
10, 31.684, 27.736

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 32.156, 19.438

Achromatopsia
7, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
7, 13.092, 8.204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 32.156, 19.438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 32.156, 19.438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 12); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 12); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 12) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 32.156, 19.438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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