

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 66.001, 337.578)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 66.001, 337.578)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 43.072, 339.512)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52003E
RGB	82, 0, 62
RGB Percent	32%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.6795, 1.0000, 0.7573
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.24, 0.68
HSL	315°, 100%, 16%
HSV	315°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	4.3085, 2.0993, 4.7182
YIQ	31.5860, 28.9700, 36.6660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

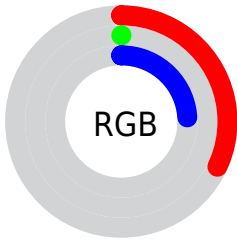
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 0, 62
Decimal	5374014
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 40.35, -15.08
CIE _{LCh}	16, 43.072, 339.512
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3872, 0.1887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283564094 (0xFF52003E)
YUV	31.5860, 14.9941, 44.2131
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 27.7237, -9.1648

Details

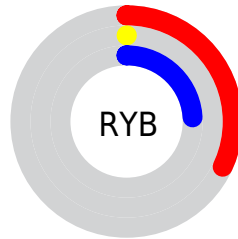
The CIELCh color **16, 43.072, 339.512** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **30, 46.255, 141.292**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 42.631, 339.760**, and **3, 17.082, 348.976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 42.582, 339.598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 40.444, 338.654**.

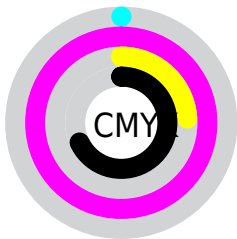
Distribution



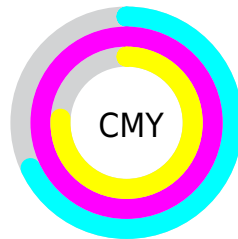
- Red (32%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (68%)





- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (76%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 43.072, 339.512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 43.072, 339.512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 43.072,
339.512


 16, 43.072,
339.512


 100, 43.072,
339.512

 6, 43.072, 339.512


 36, 43.072,
339.512

 0, 43.072, 339.512

 46, 43.072,
339.512


 56, 43.072,
339.512


 66, 43.072,
339.512


 76, 43.072,
339.512


 86, 43.072,


339.512


 96, 43.072,
339.512


 16, 43.072,
339.512


 16, 43.072,
339.512


 16, 42.582,
339.598

 17, 40.444,
338.654

 18, 38.159,
337.685

 20, 34.929,
336.815

 21, 30.897,
336.019

 23, 26.271,
335.277

■ 25, 21.249,
334.574

■ 27, 15.999,
333.903

■ 30, 10.651,
333.259

■ 32, 5.298, 332.631

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 43.072, 339.512



30, 46.255, 141.292

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 43.072, 339.512



16, 43.072, 29.512



16, 43.072, 159.512



16, 43.072, 209.512

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 42.582, 339.598



36, 19.998, 333.974



7, 56.572, 308.099



16, 13.478, 334.130



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 42.582, 339.598



23, 51.091, 340.113



15, 37.923, 18.658



15, 2.954, 332.550



22, 50.252, 340.071



52, 89.098, 341.125

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 42.582, 339.598



23, 51.091, 340.113



30, 28.819, 166.539



15, 2.954, 332.550



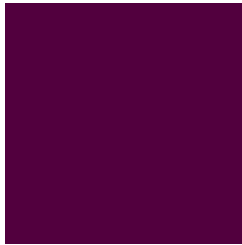
22, 50.252, 340.071



52, 89.098, 341.125

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 43.072, 339.512 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

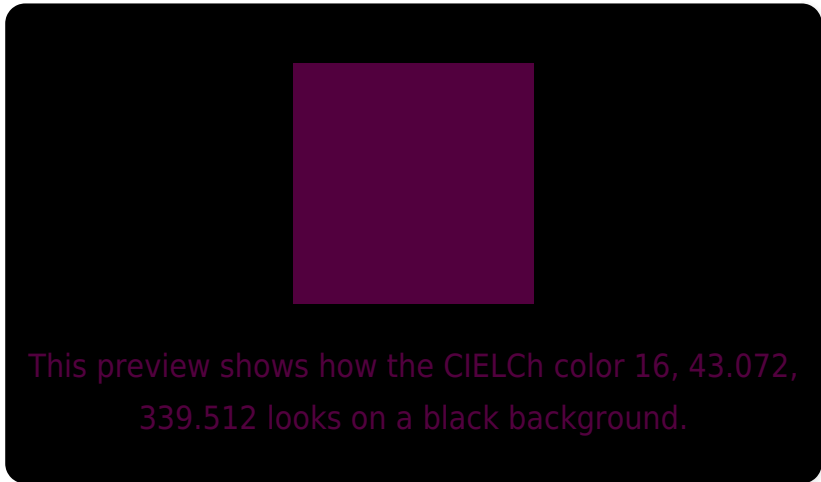
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

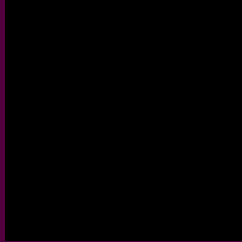
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 43.072, 339.512

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 43.072, 339.512.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 43.072, 339.512.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 42.645, 339.660

Protanopia

18, 31.197, 285.071

Deuteranopia

18, 9.701, 285.141



Tritanopia
17, 28.890, 25.844

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 42.645, 339.660

Protanomaly
14, 36.651, 305.200

Deuteranomaly
15, 24.308, 323.923

Tritanomaly
16, 31.744, 3.633

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 42.645, 339.660

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 20.155, 335.494

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 43.072, 339.512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 0, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 0, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 0, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 0, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 43.072, 339.512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 0, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 0, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 0, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 0, 62); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 62); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 43.072, 339.512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 0, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 0,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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