

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 66.742, 331.739)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 66.742, 331.739)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 46.369, 331.236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E0048
RGB	78, 0, 72
RGB Percent	31%, 0%, 28%
CMY	0.6935, 0.9993, 0.7171
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.08, 0.69
HSL	305°, 100%, 15%
HSV	305°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	4.3303, 2.0993, 6.3318
YIQ	31.5300, 23.3760, 38.9280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

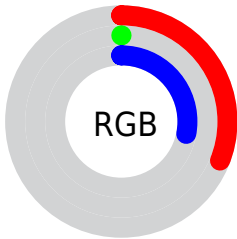
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 0, 72
Decimal	5111880
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, 40.65, -22.31
CIE _{LCh}	16, 46.369, 331.236
Yxy	2.0993, 0.3393, 0.1645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283301960 (0xFF4E0048)
YUV	31.5300, 19.9517, 40.7542
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, 27.9921, -15.7680

Details

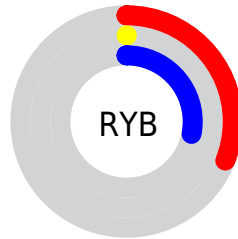
The CIELCh color **16, 46.369, 331.236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **28, 48.821, 137.656**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 46.572, 331.204**, and **3, 19.521, 327.742** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 46.424, 331.244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 43.832, 330.873**.

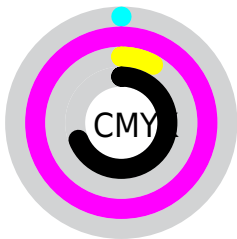
Distribution



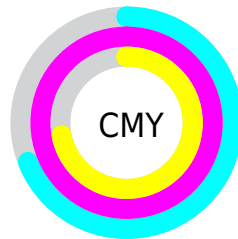
- Red (31%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 46.369, 331.236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 46.369, 331.236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 46.369,
331.236

 16, 46.369,
331.236


 100, 46.369,
331.236

 6, 46.369, 331.236


 36, 46.369,
331.236

 0, 46.369, 331.236

 46, 46.369,
331.236


 56, 46.369,
331.236


 66, 46.369,
331.236


 76, 46.369,
331.236


 86, 46.369,


331.236

 96, 46.369,
331.236


 16, 46.369,
331.236


 16, 46.369,
331.236


 16, 46.424,
331.244

 17, 43.832,
330.873

 18, 41.161,
330.489

 19, 37.576,
330.072

 21, 33.196,
329.621

 22, 28.210,
329.141

■ 24, 22.810,
328.639

■ 26, 17.162,
328.122

■ 29, 11.396,
327.598

■ 31, 5.614, 327.066

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 46.369, 331.236



28, 48.821, 137.656

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 46.369, 331.236



16, 46.369, 21.236



16, 46.369, 151.236



16, 46.369, 201.236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 46.368, 331.236



35, 21.537, 328.191



5, 54.728, 305.833



15, 14.498, 328.305



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 46.368, 331.236



22, 55.693, 331.364



14, 35.840, 3.563



14, 3.142, 327.003



53, 100.370, 331.609

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 46.368, 331.236



22, 55.693, 331.364



29, 33.625, 155.104



14, 3.142, 327.003



53, 100.370, 331.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 46.369, 331.236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

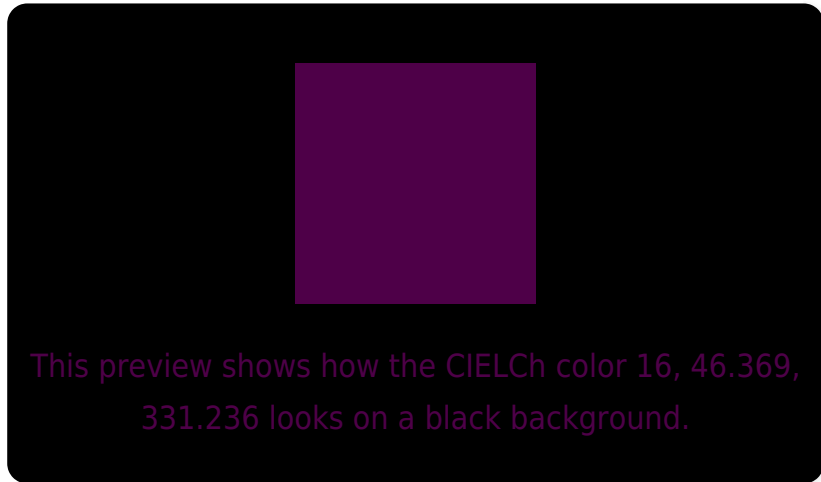
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

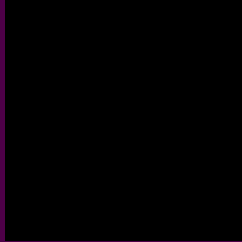
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 46.369, 331.236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 46.369, 331.236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 46.369, 331.236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16, 46.369, 331.236

Protanopia

17, 33.531, 283.719

Deuteranopia

18, 16.899, 279.466



Tritanopia
17, 24.072, 23.338

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 46.369, 331.236

Protanomaly
14, 40.126, 300.387

Deuteranomaly
15, 30.278, 311.774

Tritanomaly
16, 29.907, 354.865

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 46.369, 331.236

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 22.630, 329.097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 46.369, 331.236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 0, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 0, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 0, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 0, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 46.369, 331.236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 0, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 0, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 0, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 0, 72); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 0, 72); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 0, 72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 46.369, 331.236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 0, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 0,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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