

Converting Colors

CIELCh(10, 8.384, 19.855)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(10, 8.384, 19.855) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 8.679, 17.428)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	271718
RGB	39, 23, 24
RGB Percent	15%, 9%, 9%
CMY	0.8460, 0.9088, 0.9049
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.38, 0.85
HSL	356°, 26%, 12%
HSV	356°, 41%, 15%
XYZ	1.3254, 1.1260, 1.0249
YIQ	27.8980, 9.2150, 3.7030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	39, 23, 24
Decimal	2561816
CIE Lab	10.00, 8.28, 2.60
CIE LCh	10, 8.679, 17.428
Yxy	1.1260, 0.3813, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280751896 (0xFF271718)
YUV	27.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, 3.7260, 1.7015

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 8.679, 17.428** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **14, 7.145, 192.061**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 8.750, 16.745**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9, 11.021, 18.025**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 6.386, 16.415**.

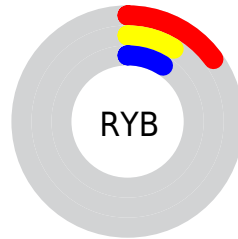
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (9%)

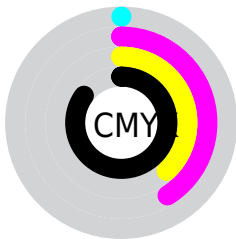
Blue (9%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (9%)

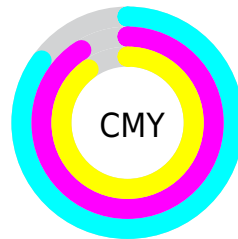


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 8.679, 17.428 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 8.679, 17.428 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 10, 8.679, 17.428  10, 8.679, 17.428

 100, 8.679, 17.428  0, 8.679, 17.428

 30, 8.679, 17.428

 40, 8.679, 17.428

 50, 8.679, 17.428

 60, 8.679, 17.428

 70, 8.679, 17.428

 80, 8.679, 17.428

 90, 8.679, 17.428

 10, 8.679, 17.428  10, 8.679, 17.428

■ 9, 11.021, 18.025

■ 11, 6.386, 16.415

■ 7, 13.241, 17.407

■ 13, 4.197, 15.558

■ 6, 15.021, 17.131

■ 14, 2.120, 14.808

■ 6, 16.421, 16.957

■ 16, 0.153, 13.126

■ 5, 17.704, 16.604

■ 17, 1.706, 193.880

■ 4, 18.791, 16.405

■ 19, 3.464, 193.380

■ 20, 5.128, 192.974

■ 22, 6.706, 192.622

■ 23, 8.205, 192.313

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 8.679, 17.428



14, 7.145, 192.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 8.679, 17.428



10, 8.679, 67.428



10, 8.679, 197.428



10, 8.679, 247.428

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 8.678, 17.432



19, 2.956, 14.952



10, 13.618, 324.238



8, 1.870, 14.492



63, 0.008, 296.813



9, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 8.678, 17.432



13, 13.356, 18.843



12, 7.124, 64.334



6, 0.901, 14.340



15, 41.720, 30.533



44, 88.341, 37.888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 8.678, 17.432



13, 13.356, 18.843



12, 6.271, 252.679



6, 0.901, 14.340



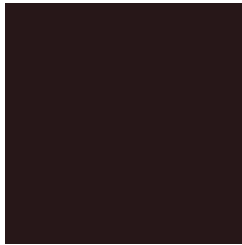
15, 41.720, 30.533



44, 88.341, 37.888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 8.679, 17.428 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

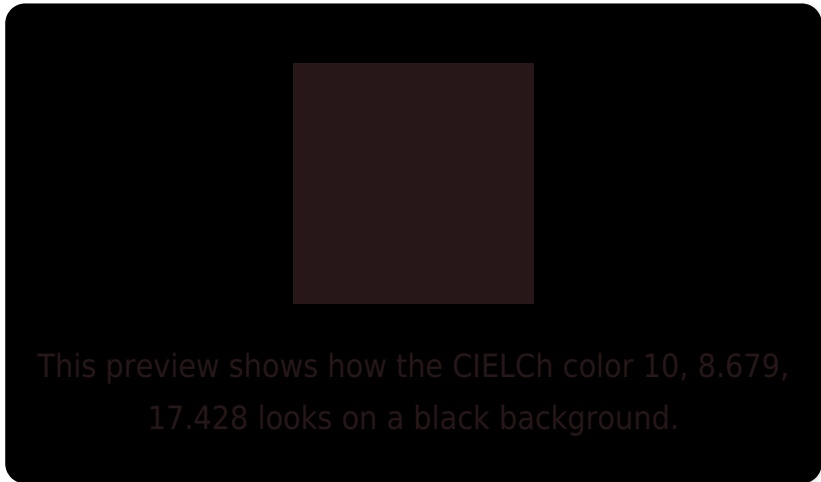
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

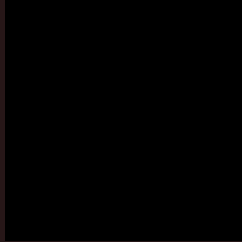
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 8.679, 17.428

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 8.679, 17.428.

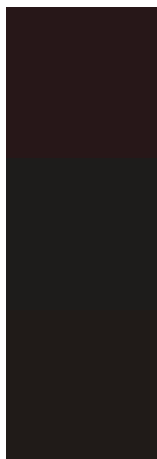


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 8.679, 17.428.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

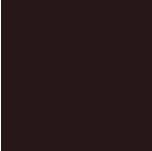
10, 8.679, 17.428

Protanopia

10, 0.890, 74.707

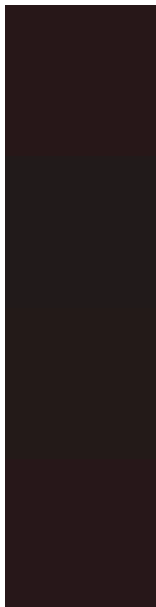
Deuteranopia

10, 3.474, 59.090



Tritanopia
10, 8.671, 12.628

Trichromacy



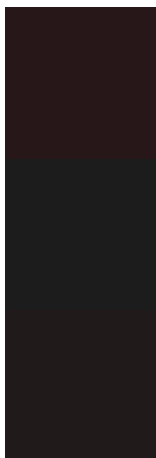
Original Color
10, 8.679, 17.428

Protanomaly
10, 3.686, 20.458

Deuteranomaly
10, 5.096, 37.301

Tritanomaly
10, 8.671, 12.628

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 8.679, 17.428

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
10, 3.203, 7.097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 8.679, 17.428 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 23, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 23, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 23, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 23, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 8.679, 17.428 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 23, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 23, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 23, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 23, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 23, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 23, 24)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 8.679, 17.428 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 23, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 23,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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