

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 10.150, 137.440)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 10.150, 137.440)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 10.104, 138.572)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	162014
RGB	22, 32, 20
RGB Percent	9%, 13%, 8%
CMY	0.9134, 0.8741, 0.9212
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.37, 0.87
HSL	110°, 23%, 10%
HSV	110°, 37%, 13%
XYZ	0.9794, 1.2610, 0.8585
YIQ	27.6420, -2.1080, -5.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

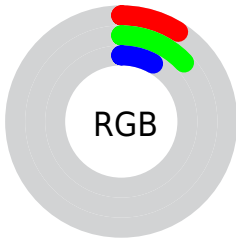
Format	Color
RYB	20, 32, 30
Decimal	1450004
CIELab	11.00, -7.58, 6.69
CIELCh	11, 10.104, 138.572
Yxy	1.2610, 0.3160, 0.4069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279640084 (0xFF162014)
YUV	27.6420, -3.7675, -4.9480
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, -4.0834, 3.3277

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 10.104, 138.572** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **8, 10.247, 321.084**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 10.187, 137.599**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 12.590, 139.047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 7.427, 138.785**.

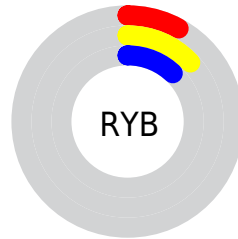
Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (13%)

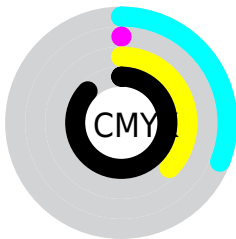
Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (12%)

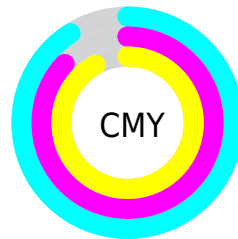


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (91%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 10.104, 138.572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 10.104, 138.572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 10.104,
138.572

■ 11, 10.104,
138.572

■ 100, 10.104,
138.572

■ 1, 10.104, 138.572

■ 31, 10.104,
138.572

■ 0, 10.104, 138.572

■ 41, 10.104,
138.572


■ 51, 10.104,
138.572


■ 61, 10.104,
138.572


■ 71, 10.104,
138.572


■ 81, 10.104,

138.572


 91, 10.104,
138.572

 11, 10.104,
138.572


 11, 10.104,
138.572

 11, 12.590,
139.047


 11, 7.427, 138.785

 10, 14.861,
139.823


 12, 4.701, 139.208

 10, 16.832,
140.504

 12, 1.985, 139.605

 10, 18.565,
140.928

 12, 0.708, 319.822

 10, 20.214,
141.005

 13, 3.369, 320.197

 13, 5.989, 320.475

 14, 8.564, 320.718

■ 10, 21.841,
141.027

■ 14, 11.088,
320.933

■ 10, 22.268,
141.030

■ 15, 13.561,
321.122

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



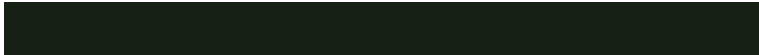
11, 10.104, 138.572



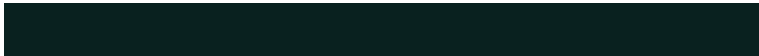
8, 10.247, 321.084

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 10.104, 138.572



11, 10.104, 188.572



11, 10.104, 318.572



11, 10.104, 8.572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 10.105, 138.573



16, 3.647, 139.432



11, 7.247, 99.282



6, 1.943, 140.073



61, 0.008, 296.813



6, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 10.105, 138.573



15, 14.961, 137.786



11, 8.402, 153.407



4, 0.910, 140.008



29, 49.988, 134.165



73, 100.902, 135.085

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 10.247, 321.084



10, 15.146, 321.434



8, 8.512, 337.737



4, 0.910, 319.643



14, 50.052, 322.445



43, 100.013, 321.881

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 11, 10.104, 138.572 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

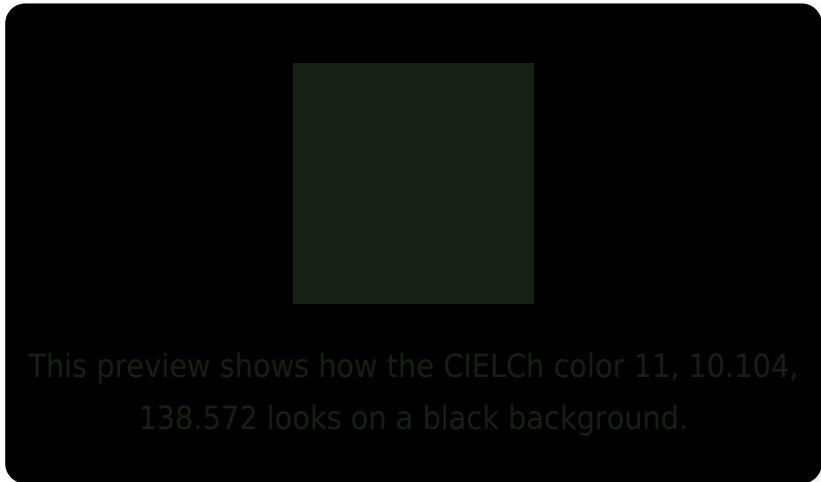
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 10.104, 138.572

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 10.104, 138.572.

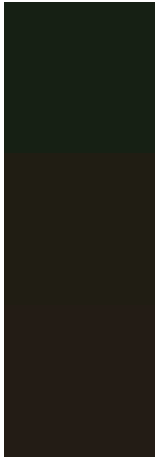


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 10.104, 138.572.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

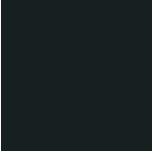
11, 10.104, 138.572

Protanopia

11, 7.297, 94.985

Deuteranopia

11, 6.422, 71.540



Tritanopia
11, 3.547, 223.113

Trichromacy



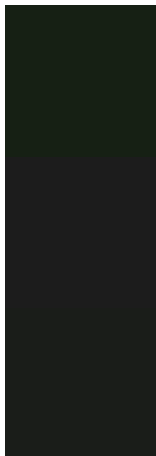
Original Color
11, 10.104, 138.572

Protanomaly
11, 7.891, 115.893

Deuteranomaly
11, 5.816, 103.007

Tritanomaly
11, 4.533, 169.225

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 10.104, 138.572

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
10, 3.328, 136.871

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 10.104, 138.572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 32, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 32, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 32, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 32, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 10.104, 138.572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 32, 20) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 32, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 32, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 32, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 32, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 32, 20)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 10.104, 138.572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 32, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 32,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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