

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 12.198, 228.595)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 12.198, 228.595)
contains.

CIELCh(11, 12.187, 230.359)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(11, 12.187, 230.359)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01212A
RGB	1, 33, 42
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 16%
CMY	0.9961, 0.8706, 0.8353
CMYK	0.98, 0.21, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	193°, 95%, 8%
HSV	193°, 98%, 16%
XYZ	0.9740, 1.2610, 2.3821
YIQ	24.4580, -21.9610, -3.9850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	1, 19, 42
Decimal	74026
CIE Lab	11.00, -7.78, -9.38
CIE LCh	11, 12.187, 230.359
Yxy	1.2610, 0.2110, 0.2731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278264106 (0xFF01212A)
YUV	24.4580, 8.6482, -20.5727
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, -4.1688, -4.7164

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 12.187, 230.359** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6, 18.058, 31.780**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 12.167, 229.949**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 12.424, 230.548**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 11.227, 229.358**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 12.187, 230.359 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 12.187, 230.359 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 12.187,
230.359

■ 11, 12.187,
230.359

■ 100, 12.187,
230.359

■ 1, 12.187, 230.359

■ 31, 12.187,
230.359

■ 0, 12.187, 230.359

■ 41, 12.187,
230.359


■ 51, 12.187,
230.359


■ 61, 12.187,
230.359


■ 71, 12.187,
230.359


■ 81, 12.187,


230.359


 91, 12.187,
230.359

 11, 12.187,
230.359

 11, 12.187,
230.359

 11, 12.424,
230.548

 12, 11.227,
229.358

 12, 10.330,
227.993

 13, 9.416, 226.485

 13, 8.354, 225.255

 14, 7.153, 224.268

 14, 5.829, 223.484

■ 15, 4.396, 222.872

■ 16, 2.870, 222.411

■ 17, 1.267, 222.123

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



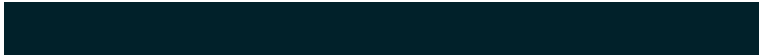
11, 12.187, 230.359



6, 18.058, 31.780

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 12.187, 230.359



11, 12.187, 280.359



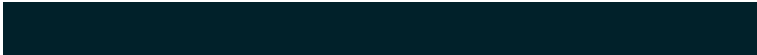
11, 12.187, 50.359



11, 12.187, 100.359

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 12.187, 230.359



20, 5.625, 223.041



14, 27.477, 145.301



9, 3.903, 223.085



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 12.187, 230.359



15, 14.473, 232.760



4, 21.038, 285.829



6, 0.750, 222.773



25, 19.639, 236.098



63, 38.697, 240.225

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 26.648, 336.613



8, 33.085, 337.385



12, 17.881, 84.078



6, 1.359, 331.441



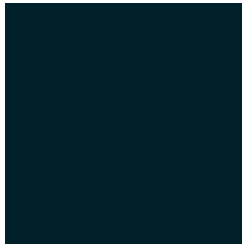
17, 44.101, 338.305



48, 84.638, 339.495

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 12.187, 230.359 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

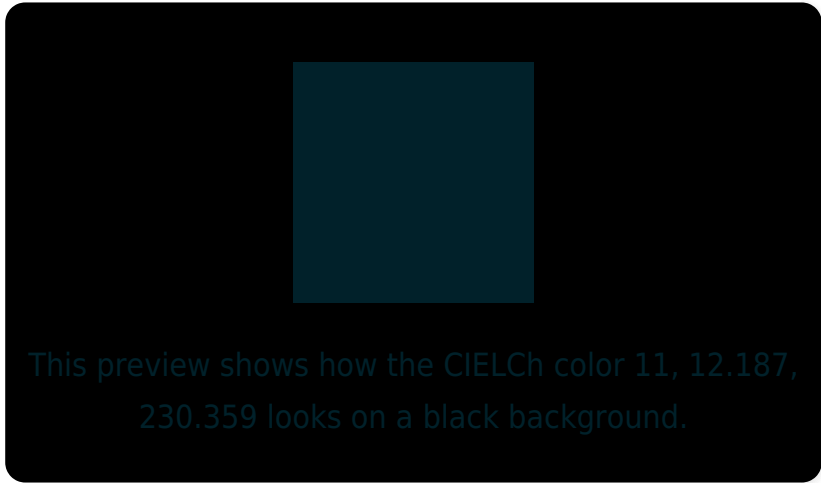
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

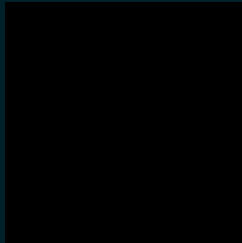
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

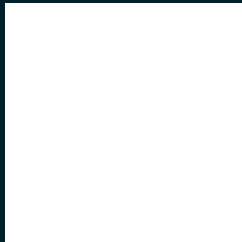
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 12.187, 230.359

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 12.187, 230.359.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 12.187, 230.359.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 12.187, 230.359

Protanopia

11, 7.319, 285.436

Deuteranopia

11, 9.566, 282.881



Tritanopia
11, 12.310, 203.449

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 12.187, 230.359

Protanomaly
11, 8.774, 255.664

Deuteranomaly
11, 10.065, 260.050

Tritanomaly
11, 12.165, 210.780

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 12.187, 230.359

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
9, 5.618, 230.619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 12.187, 230.359 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 33, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 33, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 33, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 33, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 12.187, 230.359 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 33, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 33, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 33, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 33, 42); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 33, 42); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 33, 42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 12.187, 230.359 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 33, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 33,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor