

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 12.513, 236.052)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 12.513, 236.052)
contains.

CIELCh(11, 12.424, 233.855)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(11, 12.424, 233.855)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01212B
RGB	1, 33, 43
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 17%
CMY	0.9964, 0.8710, 0.8318
CMYK	0.98, 0.23, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	194°, 96%, 9%
HSV	194°, 98%, 17%
XYZ	0.9861, 1.2610, 2.4658
YIQ	24.5720, -22.2820, -3.6740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

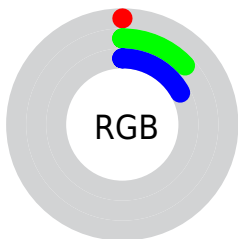
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 19, 43
Decimal	74027
CIE _{Lab}	11.00, -7.33, -10.03
CIE _{LCh}	11, 12.424, 233.855
Yxy	1.2610, 0.2092, 0.2676
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278264107 (0xFF01212B)
YUV	24.5720, 9.0850, -20.6726
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, -3.9768, -5.1586

Details

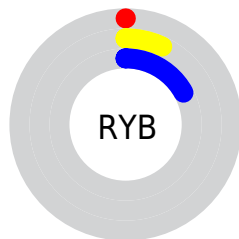
The CIELCh color **11, 12.424, 233.855** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 18.432, 33.152**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 12.428, 232.759**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 12.641, 234.052**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 11.440, 232.704**.

Distribution



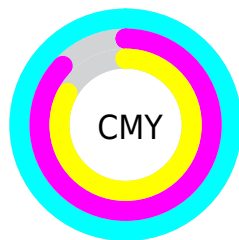
- Red (0%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 12.424, 233.855 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 12.424, 233.855 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 12.424,
233.855

■ 11, 12.424,
233.855

■ 100, 12.424,
233.855

■ 1, 12.424, 233.855

■ 31, 12.424,
233.855

■ 0, 12.424, 233.855

■ 41, 12.424,
233.855


■ 51, 12.424,
233.855


■ 61, 12.424,
233.855


■ 71, 12.424,
233.855


■ 81, 12.424,


233.855


 91, 12.424,
233.855

 11, 12.424,
233.855

 11, 12.424,
233.855

 11, 12.641,
234.052

 12, 11.440,
232.704

 12, 10.521,
231.154

 13, 9.582, 229.462

 13, 8.498, 228.074

 14, 7.277, 226.949

 15, 5.934, 226.046

■ 15, 4.483, 225.330

■ 16, 2.941, 224.776

■ 17, 1.321, 224.402

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 12.424, 233.855



7, 18.432, 33.152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 12.424, 233.855



11, 12.424, 283.855



11, 12.424, 53.855



11, 12.424, 103.855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 12.424, 233.855



21, 5.810, 225.521



14, 27.776, 145.336



8, 3.879, 225.568



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 12.424, 233.855



15, 15.025, 236.648



4, 21.949, 286.835



6, 0.745, 225.058



25, 19.855, 239.817



62, 39.347, 244.218

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 26.923, 337.616



9, 33.631, 338.460



13, 18.652, 85.603



6, 1.340, 332.141



17, 43.549, 339.374



48, 83.504, 340.712

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 12.424, 233.855 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

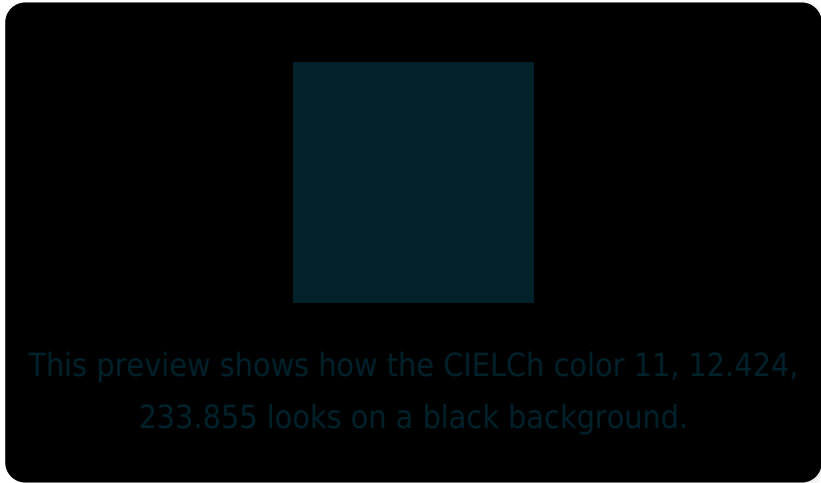
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

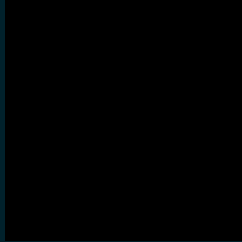
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

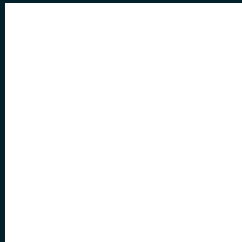
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 12.424, 233.855

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 12.424, 233.855.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 12.424, 233.855.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 12.424, 233.855

Protanopia

11, 8.085, 283.318

Deuteranopia

11, 10.336, 281.719



Tritanopia
11, 12.310, 203.449

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 12.424, 233.855

Protanomaly
11, 9.330, 258.875

Deuteranomaly
11, 10.792, 261.182

Tritanomaly
11, 12.160, 214.485

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 12.424, 233.855

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
9, 5.618, 230.619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 12.424, 233.855 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 33, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 33, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 33, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 33, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 12.424, 233.855 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 33, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 33, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 33, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 33, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 33, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 33, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 12.424, 233.855 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 33, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 33,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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