

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 21.636, 52.456)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 21.636, 52.456) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 21.202, 51.163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	331501
RGB	51, 21, 1
RGB Percent	20%, 8%, 0%
CMY	0.7988, 0.9164, 0.9979
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.99, 0.80
HSL	25°, 98%, 10%
HSV	25°, 99%, 20%
XYZ	1.6581, 1.2610, 0.1713
YIQ	27.6900, 24.3000, 0.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 34, 1
Decimal	3347713
CIE Lab	11.00, 13.30, 16.51
CIE LCh	11, 21.202, 51.163
Yxy	1.2610, 0.5365, 0.4080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281537793 (0xFF331501)
YUV	27.6900, -13.1582, 20.4429
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 6.7044, 6.9560

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 21.202, 51.163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **11, 16.916, 263.944**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 21.192, 49.849**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 21.376, 50.968**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 19.528, 53.366**.

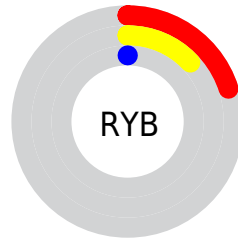
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (8%)

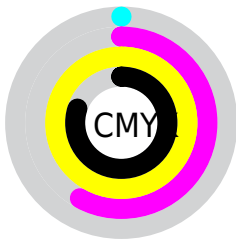
Blue (0%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (0%)

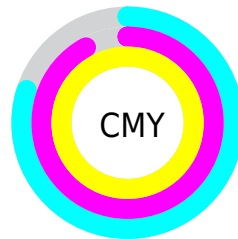


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 21.202, 51.163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 21.202, 51.163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11, 21.202, 51.163

 11, 21.202, 51.163

 100, 21.202,
51.163

 1, 21.202, 51.163

 0, 21.202, 51.163

 31, 21.202, 51.163

 41, 21.202, 51.163

 51, 21.202, 51.163

 61, 21.202, 51.163

 71, 21.202, 51.163

 81, 21.202, 51.163

 91, 21.202, 51.163

■ 11, 21.202, 51.163

■ 11, 21.202, 51.163

■ 11, 21.376, 50.968

■ 12, 19.528, 53.366

■ 13, 17.879, 56.122

■ 14, 15.974, 58.591

■ 15, 13.584, 60.034

■ 16, 10.988, 60.821

■ 17, 8.513, 61.633

■ 18, 6.162, 62.465

■ 19, 3.930, 63.307

■ 20, 1.810, 64.126

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 21.202, 51.163



11, 16.916, 263.944

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 21.202, 51.163



11, 21.202, 101.163



11, 21.202, 231.163



11, 21.202, 281.163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 21.202, 51.167



24, 7.968, 62.250



7, 28.720, 347.715



10, 5.292, 61.991



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 21.202, 51.167



15, 28.579, 53.331



19, 26.713, 97.862



8, 1.105, 64.116



22, 38.592, 54.801



54, 79.042, 53.332

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 16.916, 263.944



15, 20.836, 266.965



3, 31.374, 294.963



8, 1.081, 245.864



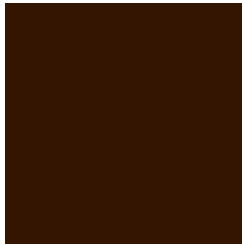
21, 26.341, 269.553



52, 53.559, 274.165

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 21.202, 51.163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

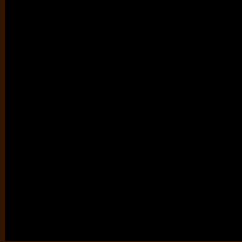
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 21.202, 51.163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 21.202, 51.163.

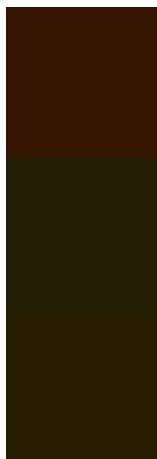


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 21.202, 51.163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 20.951, 50.341

Protanopia

12, 15.316, 98.404

Deuteranopia

11, 16.934, 86.728



Tritanopia
11, 17.632, 23.099

Trichromacy



Original Color

11, 20.951, 50.341

Protanomaly

11, 15.739, 75.786

Deuteranomaly

11, 17.309, 71.678

Tritanomaly

11, 18.935, 35.026

Monochromacy



Original Color

11, 20.951, 50.341

Achromatopsia

10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

10, 8.000, 63.899

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 21.202, 51.163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 21, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 21, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 21, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 21, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 21.202, 51.163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 21, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 21, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 21, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 21, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 21, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 21, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 21.202, 51.163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 21, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 21,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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