

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 23.347, 339.032)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 23.347, 339.032)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 23.210, 339.264)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	341029
RGB	52, 16, 41
RGB Percent	20%, 6%, 16%
CMY	0.7961, 0.9372, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.21, 0.80
HSL	318°, 53%, 13%
HSV	318°, 69%, 20%
XYZ	2.0021, 1.2610, 2.2361
YIQ	29.6140, 13.4310, 15.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

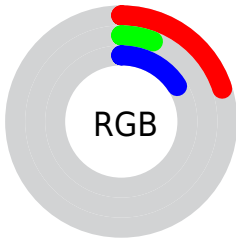
Format	Color
R_{YB}	52, 16, 41
Decimal	3412009
CIE Lab	11.00, 21.71, -8.22
CIE LCh	11, 23.210, 339.264
Yxy	1.2610, 0.3641, 0.2293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281602089 (0xFF341029)
YUV	29.6140, 5.6133, 19.6325
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 12.1725, -3.9456

Details

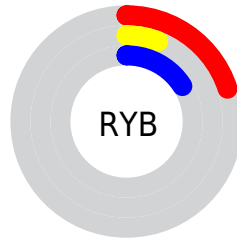
The CIELCh color **11, 23.210, 339.264** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **19, 23.176, 148.632**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 23.348, 339.359**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 25.705, 340.195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 20.301, 338.425**.

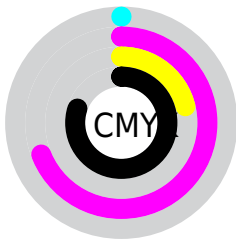
Distribution



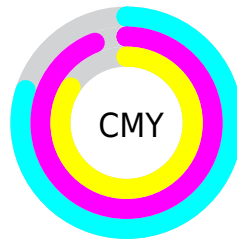
- Red (20%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 23.210, 339.264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 23.210, 339.264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 23.210,
339.264

■ 11, 23.210,
339.264

■ 100, 23.210,
339.264

■ 1, 23.210, 339.264

■ 31, 23.210,
339.264

■ 0, 23.210, 339.264

■ 41, 23.210,
339.264


■ 51, 23.210,
339.264


■ 61, 23.210,
339.264


■ 71, 23.210,
339.264


■ 81, 23.210,


339.264

 91, 23.210,
339.264


 11, 23.210,
339.264

 11, 23.210,
339.264


 10, 25.705,
340.195

 12, 20.301,
338.425


 9, 27.989, 341.137

 14, 17.100,
337.654

 8, 30.609, 341.912

 15, 13.713,
336.936

 8, 30.823, 341.967

 17, 10.227,
336.262

 18, 6.706, 335.621

■ 20, 3.198, 334.999

■ 22, 0.264, 154.974

■ 24, 3.661, 153.966

■ 25, 6.980, 153.434

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 23.210, 339.264



19, 23.176, 148.632

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



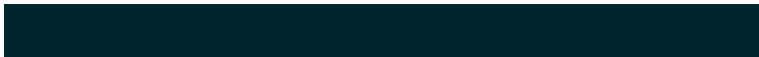
11, 23.210, 339.264



11, 23.210, 29.264



11, 23.210, 159.264



11, 23.210, 209.264

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 23.209, 339.264



25, 9.280, 335.806



8, 27.114, 306.334



11, 6.346, 335.847



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 23.209, 339.264



14, 32.842, 341.062



10, 19.378, 12.210



8, 1.883, 334.934



18, 43.359, 343.729



48, 81.200, 345.538

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 23.209, 339.264



14, 32.842, 341.062



19, 15.040, 177.272



8, 1.883, 334.934



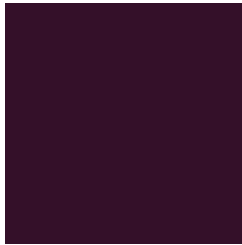
18, 43.359, 343.729



48, 81.200, 345.538

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 23.210, 339.264 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

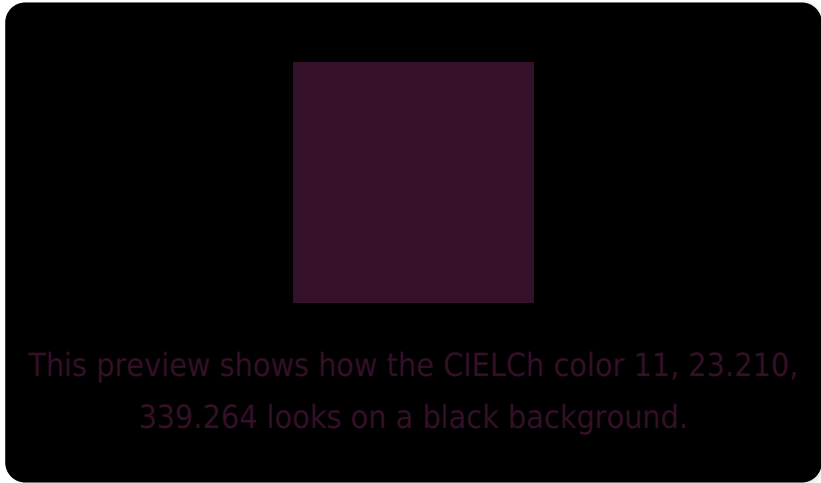
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

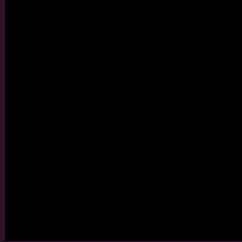
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 23.210, 339.264

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 23.210, 339.264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 23.210, 339.264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 23.210, 339.264

Protanopia

12, 16.116, 284.490

Deuteranopia

12, 6.556, 292.187



Tritanopia
11, 15.815, 19.754

Trichromacy



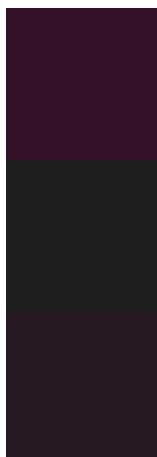
Original Color
11, 23.210, 339.264

Protanomaly
11, 17.229, 306.170

Deuteranomaly
11, 12.515, 322.145

Tritanomaly
11, 17.622, 359.998

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 23.210, 339.264

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 9.164, 336.519

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 23.210, 339.264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 16, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 16, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 16, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 16, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 23.210, 339.264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 16, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 16, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 16, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 16, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 16, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 16, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 23.210, 339.264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 16, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 16,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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