

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 26.695, 142.439)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 26.695, 142.439)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 26.646, 142.995)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012400
RGB	1, 36, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 0%
CMY	0.9965, 0.8592, 1.0000
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 1.00, 0.86
HSL	119°, 100%, 7%
HSV	119°, 100%, 14%
XYZ	0.6380, 1.2610, 0.2047
YIQ	21.4310, -9.3040, -18.6160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 36, 35
Decimal	74752
CIELab	11.00, -21.28, 16.04
CIELCh	11, 26.646, 142.995
Yxy	1.2610, 0.3033, 0.5994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278264832 (0xFF012400)
YUV	21.4310, -10.5655, -17.9180
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, -9.5102, 6.7799

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 26.646, 142.995** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **4, 26.654, 326.085**, and the grayscale version is **7, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 26.560, 142.833**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 26.583, 143.076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 24.563, 142.858**.

Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (14%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (14%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (86%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 26.646, 142.995 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 26.646, 142.995 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11, 26.646,
142.995


 11, 26.646,
142.995


 100, 26.646,
142.995


 1, 26.646, 142.995


 31, 26.646,
142.995

 0, 26.646, 142.995

 41, 26.646,
142.995


 51, 26.646,
142.995


 61, 26.646,
142.995


 71, 26.646,
142.995


 81, 26.646,


142.995


 91, 26.646,
142.995


 11, 26.646,
142.995


 11, 26.646,
142.995


 11, 26.583,
143.076

 11, 24.563,
142.858

 11, 22.528,
142.590

 12, 20.463,
142.228

 12, 18.109,
141.753

 12, 15.445,
141.480

■ 12, 12.493,
141.706

■ 13, 9.380, 142.324

■ 13, 6.241, 142.878

■ 14, 3.107, 143.377

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 26.646, 142.995



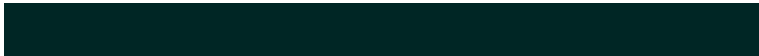
4, 26.654, 326.085

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 26.646, 142.995



11, 26.646, 192.995



11, 26.646, 322.995



11, 26.646, 12.995

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 26.583, 143.076



17, 11.563, 142.208



13, 19.652, 104.147



7, 6.261, 143.900



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 26.583, 143.076



15, 33.487, 139.767



11, 20.696, 154.483



5, 1.242, 143.839



29, 52.171, 135.754



73, 103.004, 135.928

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4, 26.654, 326.085



7, 34.475, 327.326



4, 18.371, 350.982



5, 1.244, 323.723



17, 50.570, 327.335



49, 99.616, 327.247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 26.646, 142.995 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

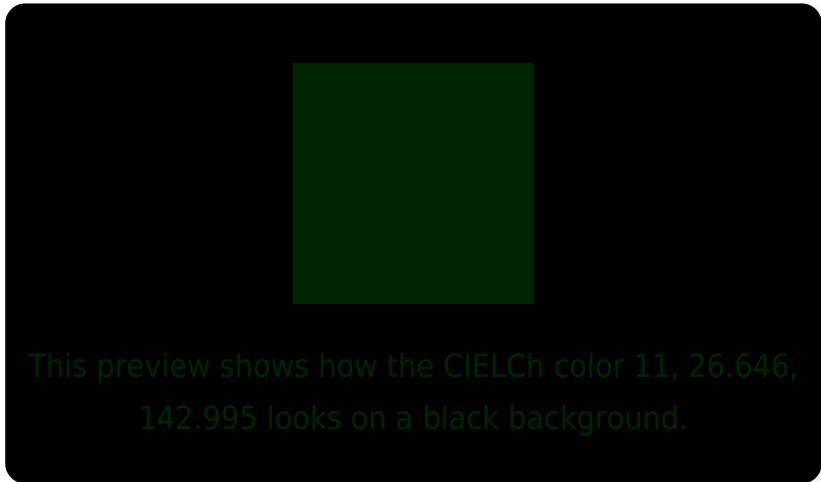
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

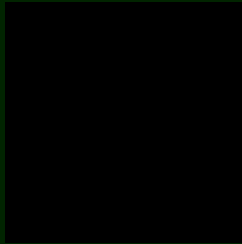
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 26.646, 142.995

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 26.646, 142.995.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 26.646, 142.995.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 26.646, 142.995

Protanopia

12, 17.314, 99.315

Deuteranopia

11, 13.930, 82.623



Tritanopia
11, 7.723, 214.283

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 26.646, 142.995

Protanomaly
11, 19.608, 124.057

Deuteranomaly
11, 16.443, 121.342

Tritanomaly
11, 13.621, 160.120

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 26.646, 142.995

Achromatopsia
7, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
8, 10.039, 142.880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 26.646, 142.995 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 36, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 36, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 36, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 36, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 26.646, 142.995 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 36, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 36, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 36, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 36, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 36, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 36, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 26.646, 142.995 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 36, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 36,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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