

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 33.083, 39.259)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 33.083, 39.259) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 31.207, 33.378)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400800
RGB	64, 8, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 3%, 0%
CMY	0.7492, 0.9688, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	7°, 100%, 13%
HSV	7°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.1974, 1.2610, 0.1256
YIQ	23.8320, 35.9440, 9.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

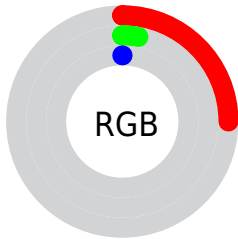
Format	Color
RYB	64, 9, 0
Decimal	4196352
CIELab	11.00, 26.06, 17.17
CIELCh	11, 31.207, 33.378
Yxy	1.2610, 0.6131, 0.3518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282386432 (0xFF400800)
YUV	23.8320, -11.7492, 35.2273
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 15.2781, 7.1974

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 31.207, 33.378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **21, 16.460, 216.179**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 31.069, 32.868**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 31.194, 33.337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 28.728, 33.602**.

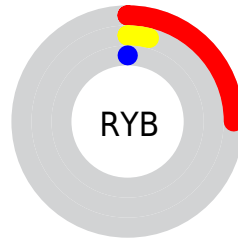
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (3%)

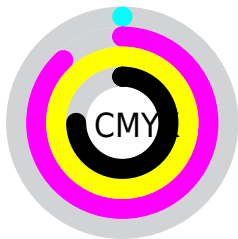
Blue (0%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (0%)

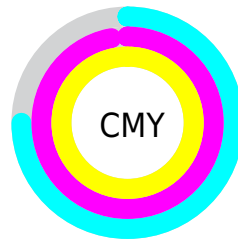


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 31.207, 33.378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 31.207, 33.378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 31.207, 33.378

■ 11, 31.207, 33.378

■ 100, 31.207,
33.378

■ 1, 31.207, 33.378

■ 31, 31.207, 33.378

■ 0, 31.207, 33.378

■ 41, 31.207, 33.378

■ 51, 31.207, 33.378

■ 61, 31.207, 33.378

■ 71, 31.207, 33.378

■ 81, 31.207, 33.378

■ 91, 31.207, 33.378

■ 11, 31.207, 33.378

■ 11, 31.207, 33.378

■ 11, 31.194, 33.337

■ 12, 28.728, 33.602

■ 13, 25.991, 34.651

■ 15, 22.688, 34.996

■ 16, 18.914, 33.965

■ 18, 15.249, 33.028

■ 19, 11.779, 32.321

■ 21, 8.521, 31.804

■ 23, 5.477, 31.435

■ 25, 2.641, 31.157

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 31.207, 33.378



21, 16.460, 216.179

Rectangle

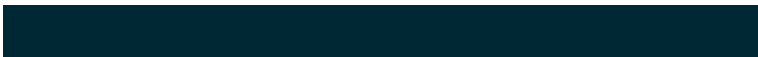
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 31.207, 33.378



11, 31.207, 83.378



11, 31.207, 213.378



11, 31.207, 263.378

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 31.194, 33.337



29, 10.760, 31.865



12, 39.584, 332.807



13, 7.455, 31.950



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 31.194, 33.337



16, 40.742, 37.426



18, 27.618, 73.513



12, 1.506, 31.117



19, 46.487, 38.951



48, 92.858, 41.406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 16.460, 216.179



28, 19.728, 217.197



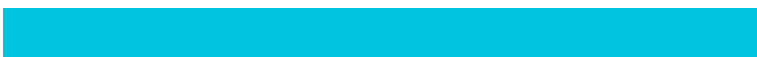
9, 29.250, 288.104



12, 1.435, 211.172



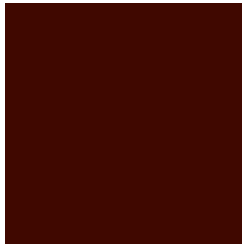
33, 21.724, 217.652



73, 39.880, 219.541

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 31.207, 33.378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

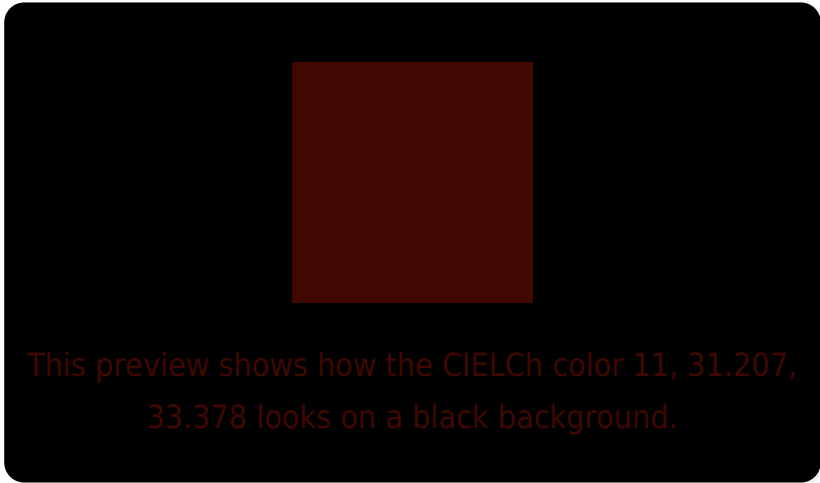
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 31.207, 33.378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 31.207, 33.378.

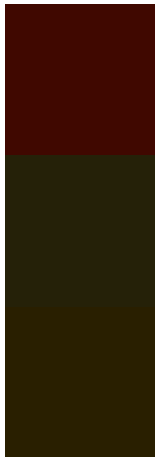


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 31.207, 33.378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 31.207, 33.378

Protanopia

13, 15.469, 98.041

Deuteranopia

12, 18.266, 87.708



Tritanopia
11, 30.259, 29.399

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 31.207, 33.378

Protanomaly
11, 17.482, 56.949

Deuteranomaly
11, 19.952, 56.906

Tritanomaly
11, 30.559, 30.752

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 31.207, 33.378

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
8, 12.032, 29.395

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 31.207, 33.378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 8, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 8, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 8, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 8, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 31.207, 33.378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 8, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 8, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 8, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 8, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 8, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 8, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 31.207, 33.378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 8, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 8,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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