

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 33.899, 79.647)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 33.899, 79.647) contains.

CIELCh(11, 18.152, 68.727)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(11, 18.152, 68.727)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D1900
RGB	45, 25, 0
RGB Percent	18%, 10%, 0%
CMY	0.8255, 0.9000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 1.00, 0.83
HSL	34°, 100%, 9%
HSV	34°, 100%, 17%
XYZ	1.4138, 1.2610, 0.1433
YIQ	28.1300, 19.9450, -3.5350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

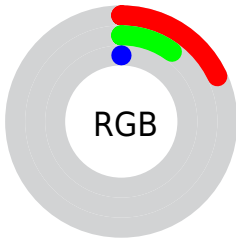
Format	Color
RYB	36, 45, 0
Decimal	2955520
CIELab	11.00, 6.59, 16.92
CIELCh	11, 18.152, 68.727
Yxy	1.2610, 0.5017, 0.4475
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281145600 (0xFF2D1900)
YUV	28.1300, -13.8681, 14.7950
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 2.8211, 7.1038

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 18.152, 68.727** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **6, 19.532, 279.372**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 18.237, 66.374**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 17.863, 68.090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 16.687, 69.951**.

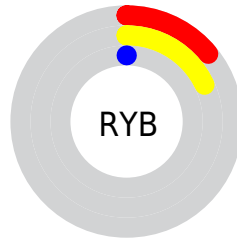
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (10%)

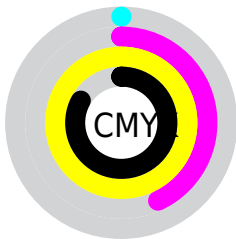
Blue (0%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (0%)

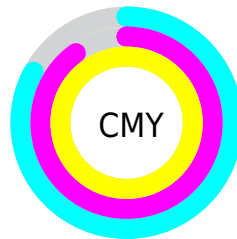


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 18.152, 68.727 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 18.152, 68.727 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 18.152, 68.727

■ 11, 18.152, 68.727

■ 100, 18.152,
68.727

■ 1, 18.152, 68.727

■ 31, 18.152, 68.727

■ 0, 18.152, 68.727

■ 41, 18.152, 68.727

■ 51, 18.152, 68.727

■ 61, 18.152, 68.727

■ 71, 18.152, 68.727

■ 81, 18.152, 68.727

■ 91, 18.152, 68.727

■ 11, 18.152, 68.727

■ 11, 18.152, 68.727

■ 11, 17.863, 68.090

■ 12, 16.687, 69.951

■ 12, 15.526, 72.116

■ 13, 14.271, 74.397

■ 14, 12.610, 76.214

■ 14, 10.500, 77.509

■ 15, 8.287, 78.618

■ 16, 6.129, 79.705

■ 17, 4.028, 80.766

■ 17, 1.985, 81.785

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 18.152, 68.727



6, 19.532, 279.372

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 18.152, 68.727



11, 18.152, 118.727



11, 18.152, 248.727



11, 18.152, 298.727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 17.863, 68.090



22, 7.755, 79.507



5, 23.677, 358.824



10, 5.200, 79.117



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 17.863, 68.090



16, 24.847, 68.994



17, 25.735, 108.124



7, 1.023, 81.726



25, 36.694, 69.205



60, 73.054, 66.519

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6, 19.532, 279.372



9, 25.210, 283.801



2, 28.566, 296.086



7, 1.048, 263.969



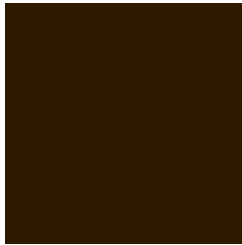
16, 34.951, 286.911



42, 73.657, 290.839

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 18.152, 68.727 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

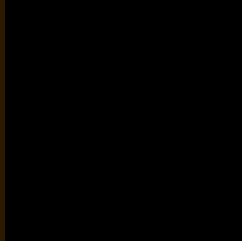
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 18.152, 68.727

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 18.152, 68.727.

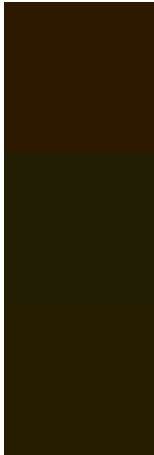


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 18.152, 68.727.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 18.027, 66.141

Protanopia

11, 15.027, 98.543

Deuteranopia

11, 16.704, 88.711



Tritanopia
11, 11.369, 19.431

Trichromacy



Original Color

11, 18.027, 66.141

Protanomaly

11, 15.132, 84.663

Deuteranomaly

11, 16.806, 82.248

Tritanomaly

11, 13.234, 48.424

Monochromacy



Original Color

11, 18.027, 66.141

Achromatopsia

10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

10, 7.452, 76.718

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 18.152, 68.727 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 25, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 25, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 25, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 25, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 18.152, 68.727 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 25, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 25, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 25, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 25, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 25, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 25, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 18.152, 68.727 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 25, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 25,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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