

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 34.024, 345.509)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 34.024, 345.509)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 34.219, 345.133)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40002A
RGB	64, 0, 42
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 16%
CMY	0.7488, 0.9998, 0.8351
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.34, 0.75
HSL	321°, 100%, 13%
HSV	321°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.5383, 1.2610, 2.3056
YIQ	23.9240, 24.6620, 26.6300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

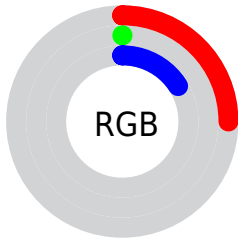
Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 42
Decimal	4194346
CIELab	11.00, 33.07, -8.78
CIELCh	11, 34.219, 345.133
Yxy	1.2610, 0.4158, 0.2066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384426 (0xFF40002A)
YUV	23.9240, 8.9115, 35.1467
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 20.6963, -4.3127

Details

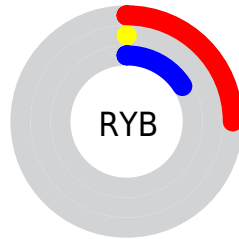
The CIELCh color **11, 34.219, 345.133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **23, 35.728, 145.514**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 34.400, 345.427**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 34.240, 345.143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 31.842, 344.003**.

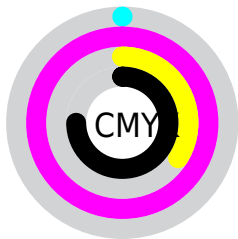
Distribution



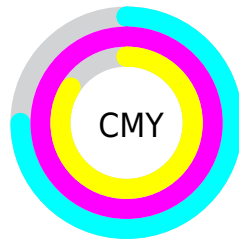
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (75%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 34.219, 345.133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 34.219, 345.133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11, 34.219,
345.133


 11, 34.219,
345.133


 100, 34.219,
345.133


 1, 34.219, 345.133


 31, 34.219,
345.133

 0, 34.219, 345.133

 41, 34.219,
345.133


 51, 34.219,
345.133


 61, 34.219,
345.133


 71, 34.219,
345.133


 81, 34.219,


345.133


 91, 34.219,
345.133


 11, 34.219,
345.133


 11, 34.219,
345.133


 11, 34.240,
345.143

 12, 31.842,
344.003

 13, 29.680,
342.724

 14, 26.983,
341.572

 16, 23.734,
340.564

 17, 20.089,
339.661

■ 19, 16.188,
338.840

■ 21, 12.150,
338.080

■ 23, 8.062, 337.370

■ 25, 3.987, 336.691

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 34.219, 345.133



23, 35.728, 145.514

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 34.219, 345.133



11, 34.219, 35.133



11, 34.219, 165.133



11, 34.219, 215.133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 34.218, 345.134



28, 15.292, 338.186



5, 45.009, 308.553



12, 10.525, 338.320



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 34.218, 345.134



16, 40.774, 346.164



10, 32.283, 20.431



12, 2.300, 336.599



20, 44.793, 346.628



50, 81.432, 348.588

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 34.218, 345.134



16, 40.774, 346.164



23, 21.618, 176.564



12, 2.300, 336.599



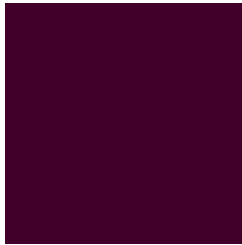
20, 44.793, 346.628



50, 81.432, 348.588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 34.219, 345.133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

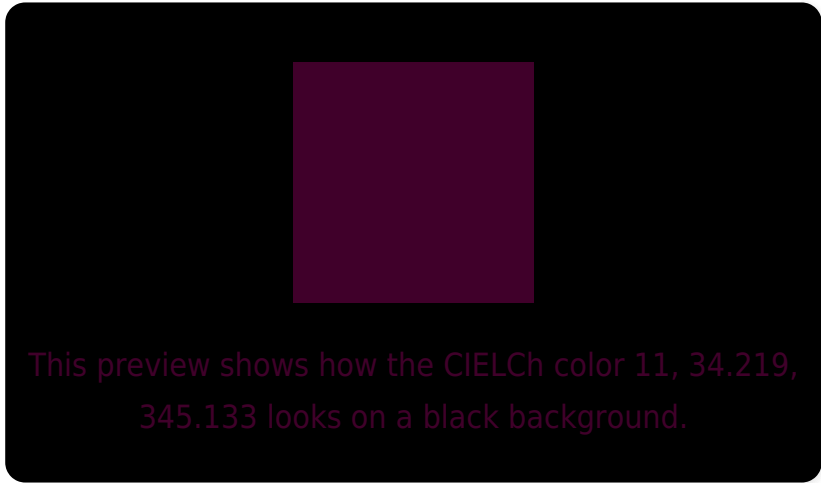
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

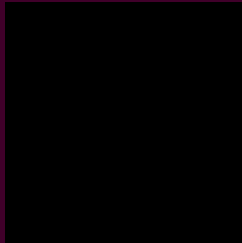
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 34.219, 345.133

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 34.219, 345.133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 34.219, 345.133.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 34.219, 345.133

Protanopia

13, 19.504, 284.631

Deuteranopia

13, 4.430, 303.732



Tritanopia
12, 24.816, 27.479

Trichromacy



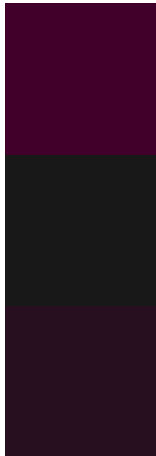
Original Color
11, 34.219, 345.133

Protanomaly
10, 24.127, 311.654

Deuteranomaly
11, 17.710, 335.067

Tritanomaly
12, 26.494, 9.556

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 34.219, 345.133

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
8, 16.280, 339.610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 34.219, 345.133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 34.219, 345.133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 42); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 42); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 34.219, 345.133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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