

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 45.952, 114.588)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(11, 45.952, 114.588)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(11, 24.018, 137.957)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A2300
RGB	10, 35, 0
RGB Percent	4%, 14%, 0%
CMY	0.9611, 0.8631, 1.0000
CMYK	0.72, 0.00, 1.00, 0.86
HSL	103°, 100%, 7%
HSV	103°, 100%, 14%
XYZ	0.7220, 1.2610, 0.2014
YIQ	23.5350, -3.6650, -16.1850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

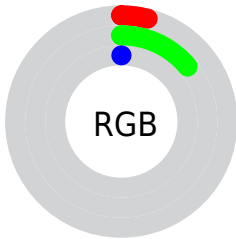
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 35, 25
Decimal	664320
CIELab	11.00, -17.84, 16.08
CIELCh	11, 24.018, 137.957
Yxy	1.2610, 0.3305, 0.5773
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278854400 (0xFF0A2300)
YUV	23.5350, -11.6028, -11.8702
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, -8.1744, 6.7972

# Details

The CIELCh color **11, 24.018, 137.957** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **3, 22.949, 314.381**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 24.224, 138.036**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 23.968, 138.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 22.158, 137.838**.

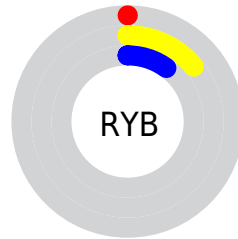
# Distribution



Red (4%)

Green (14%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (10%)

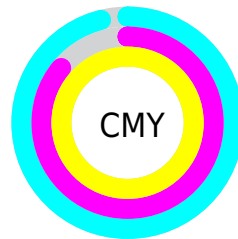


Cyan (72%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (96%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 24.018, 137.957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 24.018, 137.957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11, 24.018,  
137.957

■ 11, 24.018,  
137.957

■ 100, 24.018,  
137.957

■ 1, 24.018, 137.957

■ 31, 24.018,  
137.957

■ 0, 24.018, 137.957

■ 41, 24.018,  
137.957


■ 51, 24.018,  
137.957


■ 61, 24.018,  
137.957


■ 71, 24.018,  
137.957


■ 81, 24.018,


137.957


 91, 24.018,  
137.957


 11, 24.018,  
137.957


 11, 24.018,  
137.957


 11, 23.968,  
138.016

 11, 22.158,  
137.838

 11, 20.267,  
137.332

 12, 18.323,  
136.471

 12, 16.220,  
135.598

 12, 13.860,  
134.958

■ 12, 11.242,  
134.787

■ 13, 8.440, 135.178

■ 13, 5.619, 135.568

■ 13, 2.800, 135.935

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 24.018, 137.957



3, 22.949, 314.381

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 24.018, 137.957



11, 24.018, 187.957



11, 24.018, 317.957



11, 24.018, 7.957

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 23.968, 138.016



18, 10.655, 135.089



9, 13.950, 82.556



7, 5.841, 137.347



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 23.968, 138.016



16, 31.285, 134.694



11, 23.497, 147.495



5, 1.151, 136.521



30, 49.929, 132.308



74, 99.821, 133.537



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3, 22.949, 314.381



5, 32.940, 317.954



4, 21.729, 334.890



5, 1.149, 315.956



13, 51.981, 318.635



40, 102.845, 317.801



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 24.018, 137.957 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

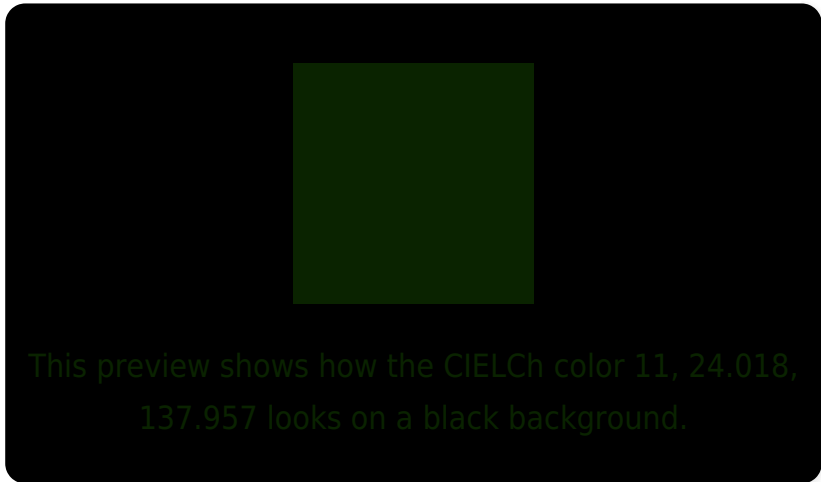
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

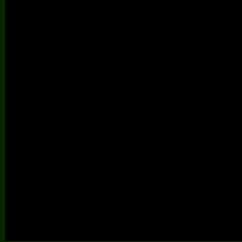
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 11, 24.018, 137.957**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 24.018, 137.957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 24.018, 137.957.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11, 24.018, 137.957


### Protanopia

11, 16.625, 99.347

### Deuteranopia

11, 14.040, 85.445





**Tritanopia**  
11, 6.731, 217.090

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11, 24.018, 137.957

## Protanomaly

11, 18.462, 120.110

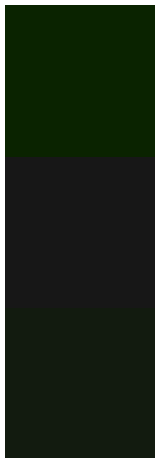
## Deuteranomaly

11, 15.694, 113.943

## Tritanomaly

11, 12.218, 155.477

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11, 24.018, 137.957

## Achromatopsia

8, 0.002, 296.812

## Achromatomaly

9, 9.357, 138.528

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 24.018, 137.957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 35, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 35, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 35, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 35, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 24.018, 137.957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 35, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 35, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 35, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 35, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 35, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 35, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 24.018, 137.957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 35, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 35,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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