

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 45.952, 294.588)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(11, 45.952, 294.588)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(12, 45.623, 297.054)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	011959
RGB	1, 25, 89
RGB Percent	0%, 10%, 35%
CMY	0.9947, 0.9034, 0.6518
CMYK	0.98, 0.72, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	224°, 97%, 18%
HSV	224°, 98%, 35%
XYZ	2.1515, 1.4064, 9.5648
YIQ	25.1200, -34.8480, 14.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

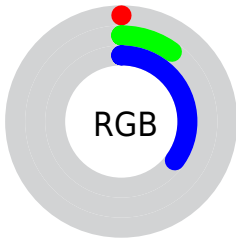
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	1, 20, 89
Decimal	72025
CIE Lab	12.00, 20.75, -40.63
CIE LCh	12, 45.623, 297.054
Yxy	1.4064, 0.1640, 0.1072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278262105 (0xFF011959)
YUV	25.1200, 31.4928, -21.1532
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, 11.6311, -39.5182

# Details

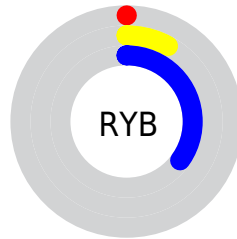
The CIELCh color **12, 45.623, 297.054** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **29, 38.286, 83.832**, and the grayscale version is **9, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 45.345, 296.770**, and **2, 25.188, 291.935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 46.405, 297.426**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14, 40.533, 294.301**.

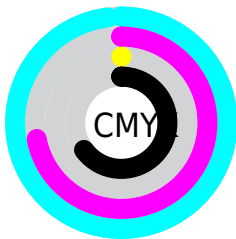
# Distribution



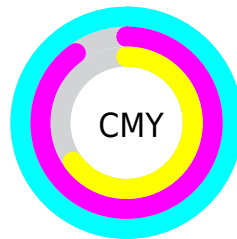
- Red (0%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (65%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 45.623, 297.054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 45.623, 297.054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 12, 45.623,  
297.054


 12, 45.623,  
297.054


 100, 45.623,  
297.054


 2, 45.623, 297.054


 32, 45.623,  
297.054

 0, 45.623, 297.054

 42, 45.623,  
297.054


 52, 45.623,  
297.054


 62, 45.623,  
297.054


 72, 45.623,  
297.054


 82, 45.623,


297.054

 92, 45.623,  
297.054


 12, 45.623,  
297.054


 12, 45.623,  
297.054


 12, 46.405,  
297.426

 14, 40.533,  
294.301

 17, 35.485,  
291.289

 19, 30.541,  
288.458

 22, 25.734,  
285.890

 24, 21.064,  
283.614

■ 27, 16.520,  
281.625

■ 30, 12.087,  
279.899

■ 33, 7.757, 278.408

■ 35, 3.520, 277.127

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 45.623, 297.054



29, 38.286, 83.832

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 45.623, 297.054



12, 45.623, 347.054



12, 45.623, 117.054



12, 45.623, 167.054

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 45.623, 297.055



38, 15.782, 280.306



33, 30.336, 166.505



18, 10.886, 280.762



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 45.623, 297.055



16, 57.396, 298.529



8, 59.325, 307.955



16, 2.282, 277.160



15, 54.217, 298.261



37, 102.891, 300.401



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 39.773, 18.934



23, 48.721, 21.433



35, 45.797, 115.615



16, 2.263, 359.036



21, 46.270, 20.943



49, 84.320, 25.054



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 45.623, 297.054 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

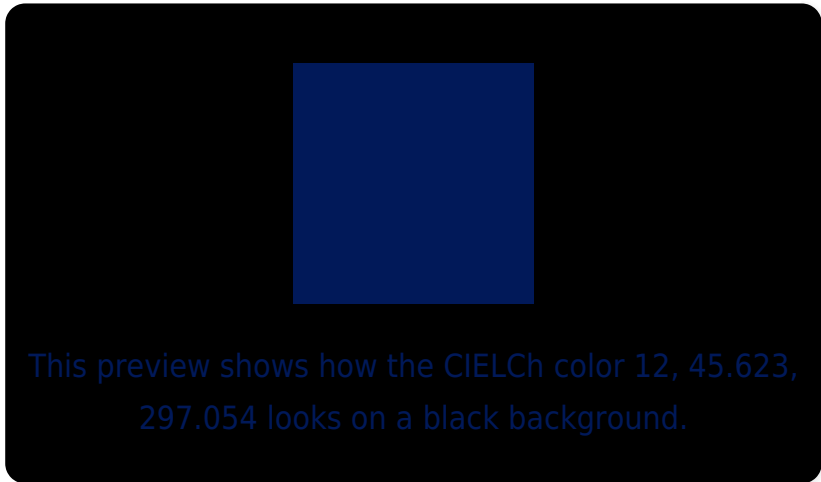
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

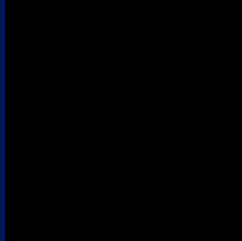
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 12, 45.623, 297.054**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 45.623, 297.054.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 45.623, 297.054.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12, 45.486, 296.837

### Protanopia

12, 25.748, 280.385

### Deuteranopia

12, 18.355, 264.585





**Tritanopia**  
12, 12.936, 203.024

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12, 45.486, 296.837

## Protanomaly

12, 33.260, 289.083

## Deuteranomaly

12, 27.771, 283.316

## Tritanomaly

12, 18.891, 266.998

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12, 45.486, 296.837

## Achromatopsia

9, 0.002, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

9, 17.217, 285.243

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 45.623, 297.054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 25, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 25, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 25, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 25, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 45.623, 297.054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 25, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 25, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 25, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 25, 89); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 25, 89); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 25, 89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 45.623, 297.054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 25, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 25,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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