

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 48.968, 300.334)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 48.968, 300.334)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 48.967, 300.333)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	081459
RGB	8, 20, 89
RGB Percent	3%, 8%, 35%
CMY	0.9702, 0.9222, 0.6518
CMYK	0.91, 0.78, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	231°, 84%, 19%
HSV	231°, 91%, 35%
XYZ	2.1364, 1.2610, 9.5353
YIQ	24.2780, -29.3010, 18.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

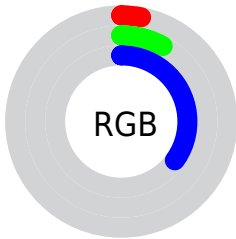
Format	Color
R _Y B	8, 18, 89
Decimal	529497
CIE Lab	11.00, 24.73, -42.26
CIE LCh	11, 48.967, 300.333
Yxy	1.2610, 0.1652, 0.0975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278719577 (0xFF081459)
YUV	24.2780, 31.9079, -14.2758
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 14.3087, -42.4845

Details

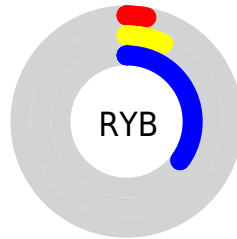
The CIELCh color **11, 48.967, 300.333** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **33, 38.417, 93.713**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 48.741, 300.340**, and **2, 25.188, 291.935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9, 53.572, 302.077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13, 43.244, 297.807**.

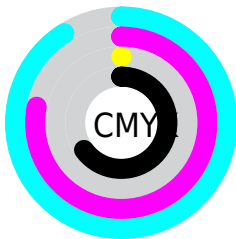
Distribution



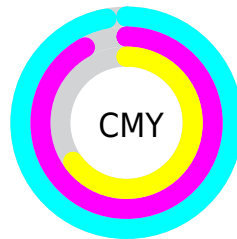
- Red (3%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 48.967, 300.333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 48.967, 300.333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 48.967,
300.333

■ 11, 48.967,
300.333

■ 100, 48.967,
300.333

■ 1, 48.967, 300.333

■ 31, 48.967,
300.333

■ 0, 48.967, 300.333

■ 41, 48.967,
300.333


■ 51, 48.967,
300.333


■ 61, 48.967,
300.333


■ 71, 48.967,
300.333

■ 81, 48.967,


300.333


 91, 48.967,
300.333


 11, 48.967,
300.333


 11, 48.967,
300.333


 9, 53.572, 302.077

 13, 43.244,
297.807

 16, 37.396,
295.261

 19, 31.629,
292.868

 22, 26.029,
290.704

 25, 20.617,
288.793

■ 28, 15.389,
287.129

■ 31, 10.332,
285.689

■ 34, 5.433, 284.449

■ 37, 0.679, 283.464

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 48.967, 300.333



33, 38.417, 93.713

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 48.967, 300.333



11, 48.967, 350.333



11, 48.967, 120.333



11, 48.967, 170.333

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 48.968, 300.334



38, 16.235, 286.589



33, 26.030, 176.747



18, 11.062, 286.893



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 48.968, 300.334



13, 65.901, 302.891



11, 54.625, 308.899



16, 2.595, 284.148



12, 62.343, 302.697



32, 116.550, 304.179

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 39.339, 25.586



23, 52.012, 30.467



34, 44.853, 120.171



16, 2.168, 7.719



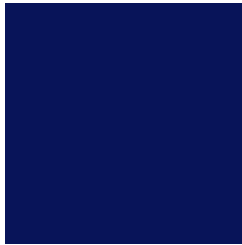
21, 49.249, 29.864



49, 90.922, 33.719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 48.967, 300.333 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 48.967, 300.333 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

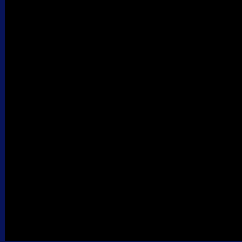
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 48.967, 300.333

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 48.967, 300.333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 48.967, 300.333.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 48.967, 300.333

Protanopia

11, 24.534, 279.961

Deuteranopia

11, 17.717, 264.512



Tritanopia
11, 12.658, 199.801

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 48.967, 300.333

Protanomaly
11, 33.485, 291.411

Deuteranomaly
11, 28.562, 286.813

Tritanomaly
10, 19.859, 274.901

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 48.967, 300.333

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
8, 19.477, 292.474

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 48.967, 300.333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 20, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 20, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 20, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 20, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 48.967, 300.333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 20, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 20, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 20, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 20, 89); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 20, 89); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 20, 89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 48.967, 300.333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 20, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 20,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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