

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 49.971, 196.393)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 49.971, 196.393)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(16, 14.187, 208.234)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012D31
RGB	1, 45, 49
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 19%
CMY	0.9965, 0.8238, 0.8081
CMYK	0.98, 0.08, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	185°, 96%, 10%
HSV	185°, 98%, 19%
XYZ	1.5006, 2.0993, 3.2255
YIQ	32.3000, -27.5080, -8.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 24, 49
Decimal	77105
CIE _{Lab}	16.00, -12.50, -6.71
CIE _{LCh}	16, 14.187, 208.234
Yxy	2.0993, 0.2198, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278267185 (0xFF012D31)
YUV	32.3000, 8.2331, -27.4501
Hunter-Lab	14.4890, -6.8693, -3.0569

Details

The CIELCh color **16, 14.187, 208.234** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 24.040, 25.539**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 14.246, 207.773**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 14.356, 208.287**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 13.298, 207.878**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 14.187, 208.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 14.187, 208.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16, 14.187,
208.234

■ 16, 14.187,
208.234

■ 100, 14.187,
208.234

■ 6, 14.187, 208.234

■ 36, 14.187,
208.234

■ 0, 14.187, 208.234

■ 46, 14.187,
208.234


■ 56, 14.187,
208.234


■ 66, 14.187,
208.234


■ 76, 14.187,
208.234


■ 86, 14.187,


208.234


 96, 14.187,
208.234


 16, 14.187,
208.234


 16, 14.187,
208.234

 16, 14.356,
208.287

 16, 13.298,
207.878

 17, 12.450,
207.415

 17, 11.474,
207.003

 17, 10.279,
206.727

 18, 8.881, 206.570

■ 18, 7.300, 206.517

■ 19, 5.559, 206.554

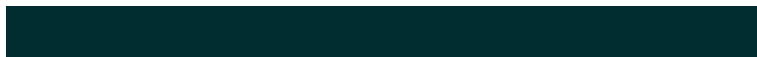
■ 19, 3.682, 206.674

■ 20, 1.692, 206.902

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 14.187, 208.234



7, 24.040, 25.539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 14.187, 208.234



16, 14.187, 258.234



16, 14.187, 28.234



16, 14.187, 78.234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 14.187, 208.233



25, 7.098, 206.537



17, 33.897, 140.448



11, 4.907, 206.531



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 14.187, 208.233



22, 16.932, 209.005



7, 20.927, 280.709



9, 1.186, 206.897



31, 21.160, 209.766



73, 40.005, 211.064

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 33.657, 331.143



12, 40.424, 331.390



13, 19.844, 68.133



8, 2.205, 327.131



19, 50.560, 331.577



50, 95.690, 331.895

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 14.187, 208.234 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

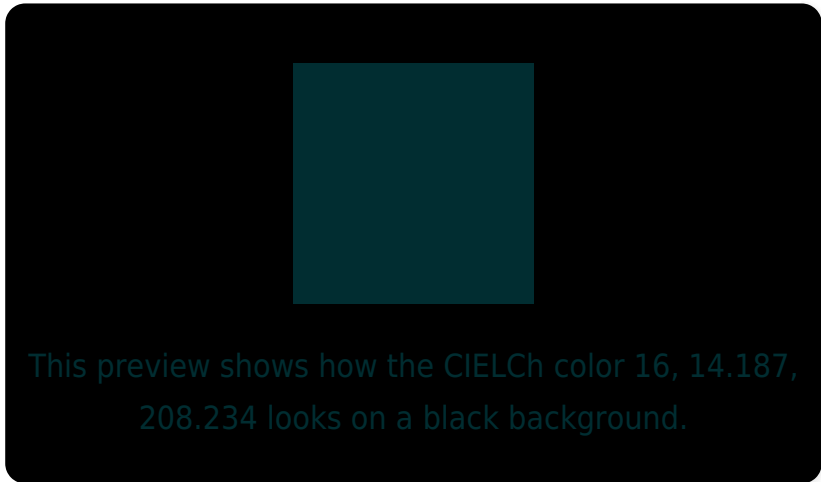
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

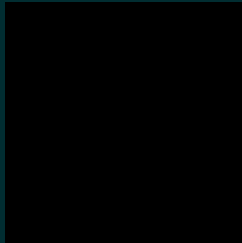
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

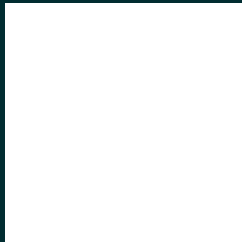
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 16, 14.187, 208.234

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 14.187, 208.234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 14.187, 208.234.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
16, 14.179, 208.234

Protanopia
16, 4.201, 291.291

Deuteranopia
16, 7.001, 288.412



Tritanopia
16, 14.387, 208.028

Trichromacy



Original Color
16, 14.179, 208.234

Protanomaly
16, 7.392, 226.727

Deuteranomaly
16, 8.616, 239.273

Tritanomaly
16, 14.387, 208.028

Monochromacy



Original Color
16, 14.179, 208.234

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 6.966, 203.780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 14.187, 208.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 45, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 45, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 45, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 45, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 14.187, 208.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 45, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 45, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 45, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 45, 49); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 45, 49); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 45, 49) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 14.187, 208.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 45, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 45,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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