

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 6.381, 314.045)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 6.381, 314.045) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 6.353, 314.029)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	211C24
RGB	33, 28, 36
RGB Percent	13%, 11%, 14%
CMY	0.8717, 0.8913, 0.8600
CMYK	0.08, 0.22, 0.00, 0.86
HSL	277°, 13%, 12%
HSV	277°, 22%, 14%
XYZ	1.3402, 1.2610, 1.8181
YIQ	30.4070, 0.4120, 3.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

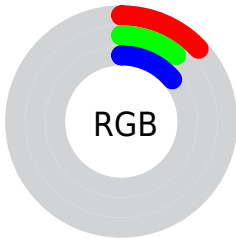
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 28, 36
Decimal	2169892
CIE Lab	11.00, 4.42, -4.57
CIE LCh	11, 6.353, 314.029
Yxy	1.2610, 0.3033, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280359972 (0xFF211C24)
YUV	30.4070, 2.7573, 2.2741
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 1.6520, -1.7389

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 6.353, 314.029** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 6.246, 132.567**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 6.314, 315.079**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 9.263, 314.375**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 3.483, 313.688**.

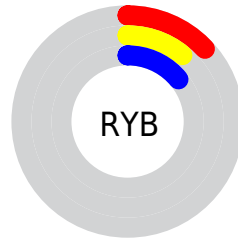
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (11%)

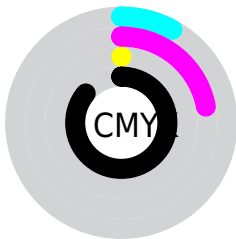
Blue (14%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (14%)

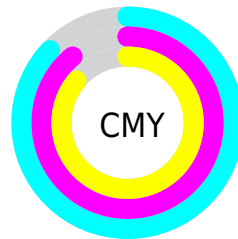


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 6.353, 314.029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 6.353, 314.029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 6.353, 314.029

■ 11, 6.353, 314.029

■ 100, 6.353,
314.029

■ 1, 6.353, 314.029

■ 31, 6.353, 314.029

■ 0, 6.353, 314.029

■ 41, 6.353, 314.029

■ 51, 6.353, 314.029

■ 61, 6.353, 314.029

■ 71, 6.353, 314.029

■ 81, 6.353, 314.029

■ 91, 6.353, 314.029

■ 11, 6.353, 314.029

■ 11, 6.353, 314.029

■ 10, 9.263, 314.375

■ 12, 3.483, 313.688

■ 8, 12.198, 314.724

■ 14, 0.665, 313.308

■ 7, 14.971, 314.800

■ 15, 2.096, 133.104

■ 6, 17.190, 314.198

■ 16, 4.797, 132.808

■ 5, 18.889, 313.177

■ 18, 7.437, 132.542

■ 4, 20.366, 312.112

■ 19, 10.015,
132.299

■ 3, 21.861, 311.278

■ 21, 12.534,
132.075

■ 3, 23.011, 310.770

■ 22, 14.994,
131.871

■ 23, 17.398,
131.685

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 6.353, 314.029



13, 6.246, 132.567

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 6.353, 314.029



11, 6.353, 4.029



11, 6.353, 134.029



11, 6.353, 184.029

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 6.352, 314.028



18, 2.429, 313.519



12, 3.826, 269.363



7, 1.427, 313.006



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 6.352, 314.028



14, 9.542, 314.251



11, 6.480, 328.775



5, 1.121, 312.973



11, 52.794, 316.000



37, 104.695, 315.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 4.613, 352.598



15, 6.941, 353.154



13, 6.468, 146.672



5, 0.805, 351.486



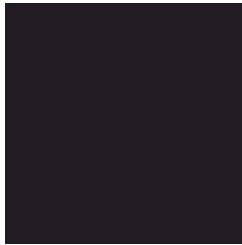
15, 36.946, 9.113



44, 73.517, 14.571

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 6.353, 314.029 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

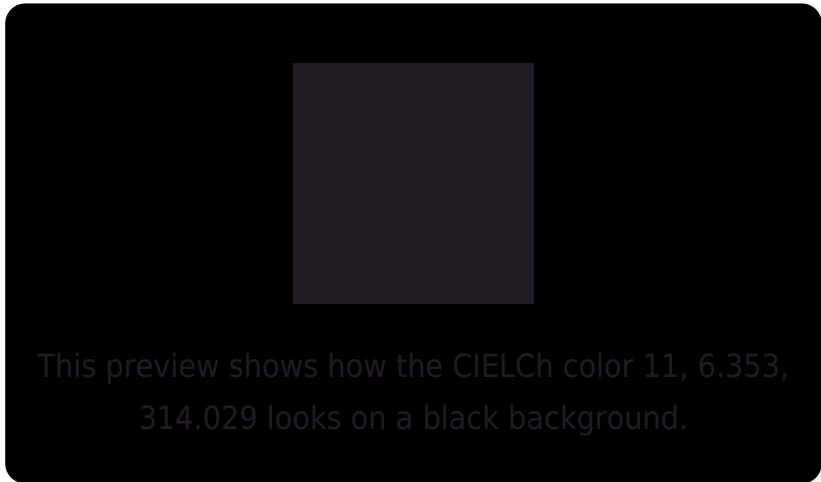
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

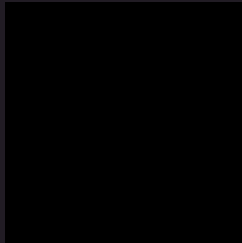
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 6.353, 314.029

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 6.353, 314.029.

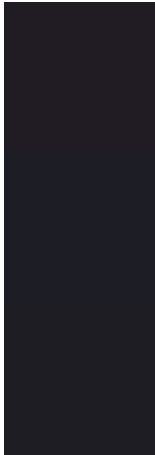


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 6.353, 314.029.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 6.353, 314.029

Protanopia

11, 5.866, 287.531

Deuteranopia

11, 4.395, 291.567



Tritanopia
11, 2.107, 336.104

Trichromacy



Original Color

11, 6.353, 314.029

Protanomaly

11, 5.881, 296.537

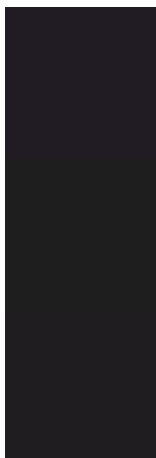
Deuteranomaly

11, 4.427, 297.723

Tritanomaly

11, 3.290, 317.663

Monochromacy



Original Color

11, 6.353, 314.029

Achromatopsia

11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

11, 2.419, 314.935

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 11, 6.353, 314.029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 28, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(33, 28, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 28, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 28, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 6.353, 314.029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 28, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 28, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 28, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 28, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 28, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 28, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 6.353, 314.029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 28, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 28,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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