

Converting Colors

CIELCh(11, 69.574, 307.952)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(11, 69.574, 307.952)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 69.448, 307.837)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18006C
RGB	24, 0, 108
RGB Percent	9%, 0%, 42%
CMY	0.9076, 1.0000, 0.5776
CMYK	0.78, 1.00, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	253°, 100%, 21%
HSV	253°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	3.0553, 1.2610, 14.1896
YIQ	19.4880, -20.3640, 38.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

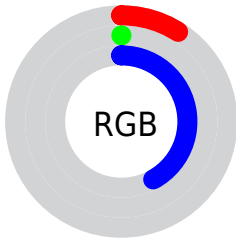
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 0, 108
Decimal	1572972
CIE _{Lab}	11.00, 42.60, -54.85
CIE _{LCh}	11, 69.448, 307.837
Yxy	1.2610, 0.1651, 0.0681
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279763052 (0xFF18006C)
YUV	19.4880, 43.6364, 3.9570
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 28.9147, -67.0585

Details

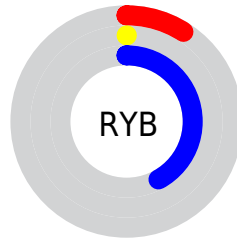
The CIELCh color **11, 69.448, 307.837** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **42, 52.841, 115.150**, and the grayscale version is **6, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 69.575, 307.762**, and **3, 39.245, 299.361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 69.350, 307.802**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13, 63.766, 306.976**.

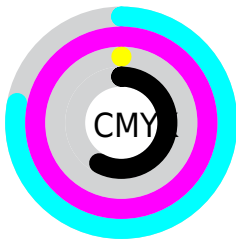
Distribution



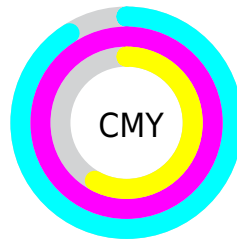
- Red (9%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 69.448, 307.837 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 69.448, 307.837 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11, 69.448,
307.837

■ 11, 69.448,
307.837

■ 100, 69.448,
307.837

■ 1, 69.448, 307.837

■ 31, 69.448,
307.837

■ 0, 69.448, 307.837

■ 41, 69.448,
307.837


■ 51, 69.448,
307.837


■ 61, 69.448,
307.837


■ 71, 69.448,
307.837


■ 81, 69.448,


307.837


 91, 69.448,
307.837


 11, 69.448,
307.837


 11, 69.448,
307.837


 11, 69.350,
307.802

 13, 63.766,
306.976

 16, 57.717,
306.205

 19, 50.609,
305.177

 23, 43.048,
304.053

 26, 35.404,
302.939

■ 30, 27.873,
301.894

■ 34, 20.545,
300.946

■ 38, 13.456,
300.102

■ 42, 6.611, 299.358

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 69.448, 307.837



42, 52.841, 115.150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 69.448, 307.837



11, 69.448, 357.837



11, 69.448, 127.837



11, 69.448, 177.837

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 69.350, 307.802



44, 25.551, 301.020



33, 23.377, 236.929



20, 17.667, 301.314



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 69.350, 307.802



16, 84.072, 307.588



19, 63.155, 318.338



20, 3.691, 299.285



13, 73.765, 307.726



33, 127.711, 307.300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 52.163, 338.656



31, 62.782, 339.012



39, 60.935, 132.814



21, 3.785, 331.687



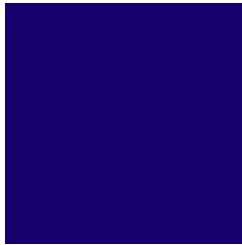
25, 55.344, 338.779



55, 94.378, 339.557

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 69.448, 307.837 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

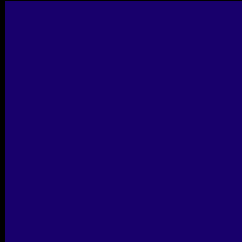
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 11, 69.448, 307.837 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

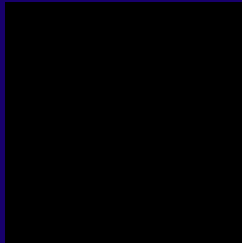
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 69.448, 307.837

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 69.448, 307.837.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 69.448, 307.837.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 69.448, 307.837

Protanopia

13, 26.349, 280.581

Deuteranopia

13, 18.951, 265.425



Tritanopia
13, 13.144, 202.894

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 69.448, 307.837

Protanomaly
11, 44.445, 299.114

Deuteranomaly
10, 39.800, 297.406

Tritanomaly
10, 30.134, 292.250

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 69.448, 307.837

Achromatopsia
6, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
6, 28.858, 304.210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 69.448, 307.837 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 0, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 0, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 0, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 0, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 69.448, 307.837 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 0, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 0, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 0, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 0, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 0, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 0, 108)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 69.448, 307.837 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 0, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 0,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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