

Converting Colors

CIELCh(12, 11.492, 113.143)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(12, 11.492, 113.143)
contains.

CIELCh(12, 11.678, 112.510)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(12, 11.678, 112.510)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F2110
RGB	31, 33, 16
RGB Percent	12%, 13%, 6%
CMY	0.8789, 0.8711, 0.9379
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.52, 0.87
HSL	67°, 35%, 10%
HSV	67°, 52%, 13%
XYZ	1.1936, 1.4064, 0.6922
YIQ	30.4640, 4.2650, -5.7110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

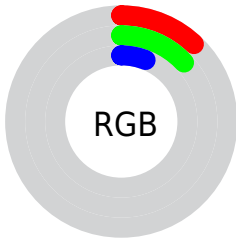
Format	Color
R_{YB}	16, 33, 18
Decimal	2040080
CIE Lab	12.00, -4.47, 10.79
CIE LCh	12, 11.678, 112.510
Yxy	1.4064, 0.3626, 0.4272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280230160 (0xFF1F2110)
YUV	30.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, -2.7876, 4.8405

Details

The CIELCh color **12, 11.678, 112.510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **5, 12.285, 295.649**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 11.942, 112.516**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 13.357, 112.711**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 9.730, 112.508**.

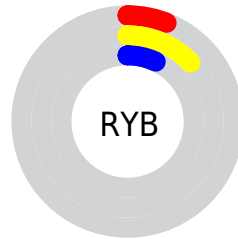
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (13%)

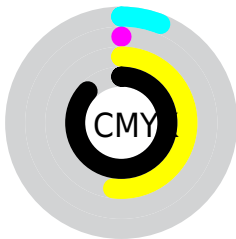
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (7%)

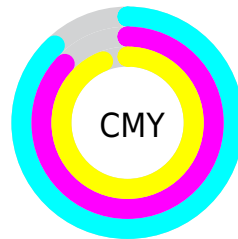


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 11.678, 112.510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 11.678, 112.510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12, 11.678,
112.510

■ 12, 11.678,
112.510

■ 100, 11.678,
112.510

■ 2, 11.678, 112.510

■ 32, 11.678,
112.510

■ 0, 11.678, 112.510

■ 42, 11.678,
112.510


■ 52, 11.678,
112.510


■ 62, 11.678,
112.510


■ 72, 11.678,
112.510


■ 82, 11.678,

112.510


 92, 11.678,
112.510

 12, 11.678,
112.510


 12, 11.678,
112.510

 12, 13.357,
112.711


 12, 9.730, 112.508

 12, 14.784,
113.020


 12, 7.506, 112.887

 12, 16.141,
113.344

 12, 5.163, 113.483

 12, 17.503,
113.655

 12, 2.801, 114.076

 12, 18.621,
113.904

 13, 0.430, 114.650

 13, 1.945, 295.240

 13, 4.319, 295.794

■ 13, 6.687, 296.332

■ 13, 9.046, 296.850

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 11.678, 112.510



5, 12.285, 295.649

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 11.678, 112.510



12, 11.678, 162.510



12, 11.678, 292.510



12, 11.678, 342.510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 11.679, 112.513



17, 4.800, 113.755



7, 8.304, 27.522



8, 2.963, 115.122



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 11.679, 112.513



17, 17.963, 110.998



11, 13.026, 132.599



4, 0.787, 114.916



32, 41.793, 109.368



79, 83.480, 110.017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5, 12.285, 295.649



6, 20.154, 299.474



6, 13.348, 313.674



4, 0.789, 294.621



6, 55.329, 306.509



26, 113.466, 306.665

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 11.678, 112.510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

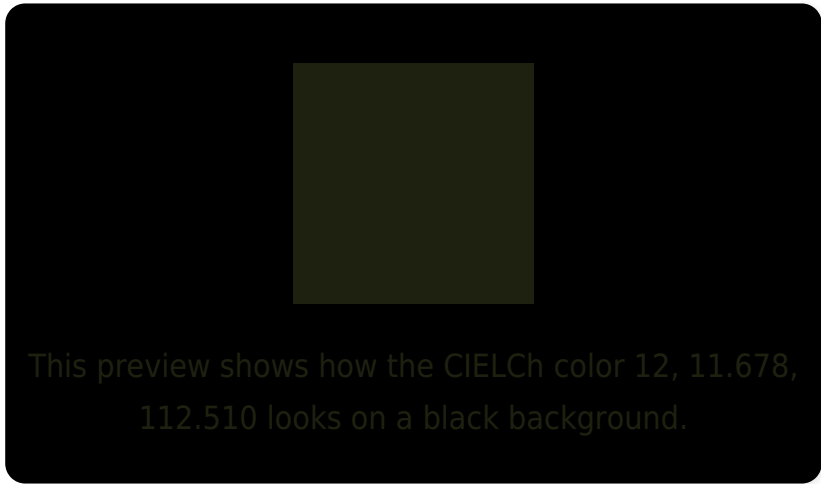
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

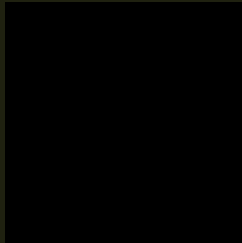
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 12, 11.678, 112.510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 11.678, 112.510.

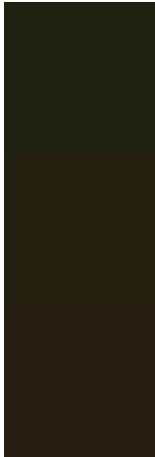


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 11.678, 112.510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

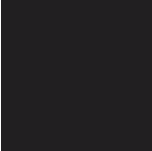
12, 11.678, 112.510

Protanopia

12, 11.614, 98.755

Deuteranopia

12, 10.442, 78.339



Tritanopia
12, 1.766, 324.646

Trichromacy



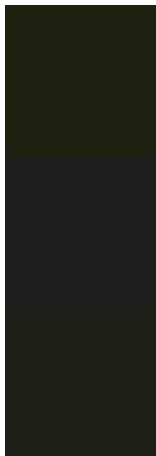
Original Color
12, 11.678, 112.510

Protanomaly
12, 11.495, 104.393

Deuteranomaly
12, 10.124, 91.317

Tritanomaly
12, 3.601, 109.060

Monochromacy



Original Color
12, 11.678, 112.510

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 4.375, 115.682

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 11.678, 112.510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 33, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 33, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 33, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 33, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 11.678, 112.510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 33, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 33, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 33, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 33, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 33, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 33, 16)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 11.678, 112.510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 33, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 33,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor