

Converting Colors

CIELCh(12, 15.493, 314.065)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(12, 15.493, 314.065)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(12, 15.436, 314.038)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	271B2F
RGB	39, 27, 47
RGB Percent	15%, 11%, 18%
CMY	0.8478, 0.8948, 0.8165
CMYK	0.17, 0.43, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	276°, 27%, 14%
HSV	276°, 43%, 18%
XYZ	1.7259, 1.4064, 2.8486
YIQ	32.8680, 0.7320, 8.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

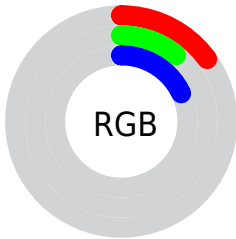
Format	Color
RYB	39, 27, 47
Decimal	2562863
CIELab	12.00, 10.73, -11.10
CIElCh	12, 15.436, 314.038
Yxy	1.4064, 0.2886, 0.2351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280752943 (0xFF271B2F)
YUV	32.8680, 6.9671, 5.3778
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, 5.2242, -5.9402

Details

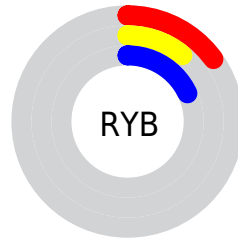
The CIELCh color **12, 15.436, 314.038** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 14.864, 130.860**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 15.729, 313.762**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 19.121, 314.410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14, 11.744, 313.655**.

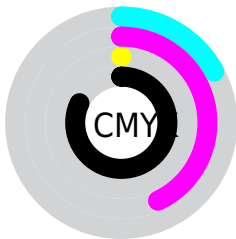
Distribution



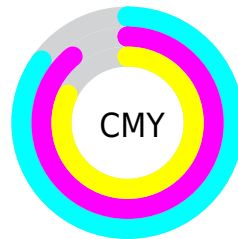
- Red (15%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 15.436, 314.038 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 15.436, 314.038 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12, 15.436,
314.038

■ 12, 15.436,
314.038

■ 100, 15.436,
314.038

■ 2, 15.436, 314.038

■ 32, 15.436,
314.038

■ 0, 15.436, 314.038

■ 42, 15.436,
314.038


■ 52, 15.436,
314.038


■ 62, 15.436,
314.038


■ 72, 15.436,
314.038


■ 82, 15.436,


314.038

 92, 15.436,
314.038

 12, 15.436,
314.038

 12, 15.436,
314.038

 10, 19.121,
314.410


 14, 11.744,
313.655

 9, 22.744, 314.753

 15, 8.084, 313.275

 7, 26.142, 314.962

 17, 4.480, 312.904

 6, 28.785, 314.647

 19, 0.946, 312.512

 5, 31.160, 314.129

 21, 2.509, 132.267

 4, 32.799, 313.667

 22, 5.882, 131.954

■ 24, 9.172, 131.674

■ 26, 12.380,
131.419

■ 28, 15.507,
131.189

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 15.436, 314.038



18, 14.864, 130.860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 15.436, 314.038



12, 15.436, 4.038



12, 15.436, 134.038



12, 15.436, 184.038

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 15.435, 314.038



23, 5.751, 312.943



13, 8.891, 269.702



10, 3.931, 312.962



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 15.435, 314.038



15, 23.194, 314.454



13, 15.877, 328.782



7, 1.755, 312.099



12, 55.325, 315.235



37, 107.178, 314.298

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 11.432, 353.173



16, 17.119, 354.549



17, 15.881, 144.147



7, 1.287, 349.998



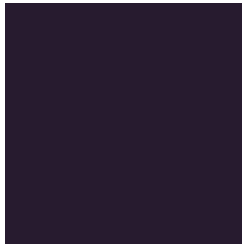
16, 38.475, 7.347



46, 74.432, 12.226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 15.436, 314.038 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

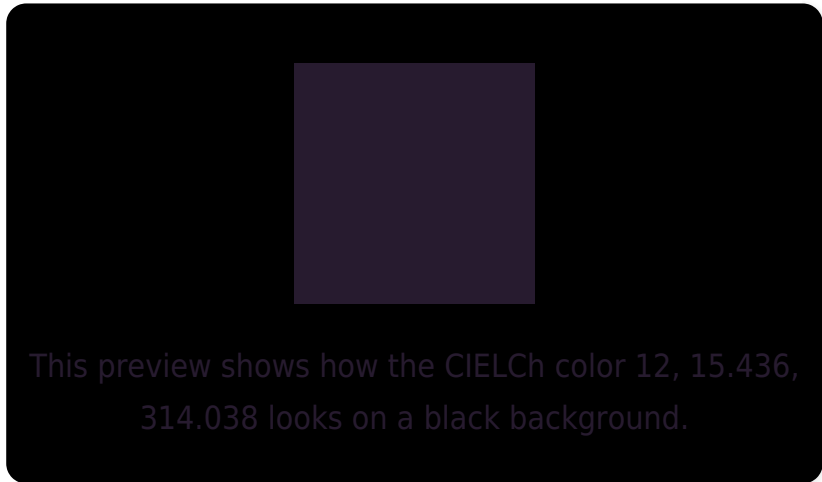
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 12, 15.436, 314.038

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 15.436, 314.038.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 15.436, 314.038.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

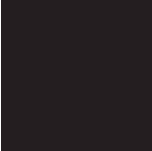
12, 15.436, 314.038

Protanopia

12, 13.910, 283.111

Deuteranopia

12, 10.323, 279.337



Tritanopia
12, 3.360, 354.879

Trichromacy



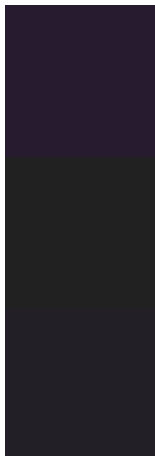
Original Color
12, 15.436, 314.038

Protanomaly
12, 14.551, 294.486

Deuteranomaly
12, 11.631, 295.701

Tritanomaly
12, 6.991, 325.345

Monochromacy



Original Color
12, 15.436, 314.038

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 5.433, 312.135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 15.436, 314.038 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 27, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 27, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 27, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 27, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 15.436, 314.038 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 27, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 27, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 27, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 27, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 27, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 27, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 15.436, 314.038 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 27, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 27,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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