

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(12, 18.833, 143.205)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(12, 18.833, 143.205)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(12, 18.374, 144.025)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D240F
RGB	13, 36, 15
RGB Percent	5%, 14%, 6%
CMY	0.9479, 0.8575, 0.9395
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.58, 0.86
HSL	126°, 46%, 10%
HSV	126°, 63%, 14%
XYZ	0.9010, 1.4064, 0.6919
YIQ	26.7290, -6.9670, -11.4070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

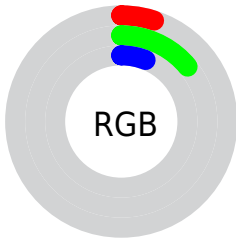
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	13, 34, 36
Decimal	861199
CIELab	12.00, -14.87, 10.79
CIElCh	12, 18.374, 144.025
Yxy	1.4064, 0.3004, 0.4689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279051279 (0xFF0D240F)
YUV	26.7290, -5.7824, -12.0403
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, -7.1914, 4.8423

# Details

The CIELCh color **12, 18.374, 144.025** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 18.392, 329.788**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 18.262, 144.697**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 20.668, 144.170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 15.793, 144.070**.

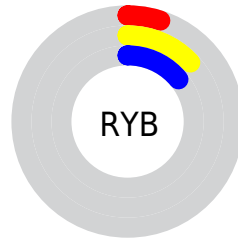
# Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (14%)

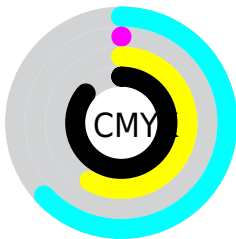
Blue (6%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (14%)

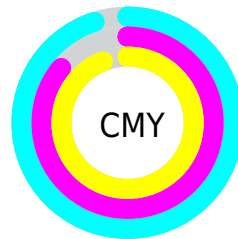


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 18.374, 144.025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 18.374, 144.025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 12, 18.374,  
144.025

■ 12, 18.374,  
144.025

■ 100, 18.374,  
144.025

■ 2, 18.374, 144.025

■ 32, 18.374,  
144.025

■ 0, 18.374, 144.025

■ 42, 18.374,  
144.025


■ 52, 18.374,  
144.025


■ 62, 18.374,  
144.025


■ 72, 18.374,  
144.025


■ 82, 18.374,


144.025


 92, 18.374,  
144.025


 12, 18.374,  
144.025


 12, 18.374,  
144.025

 12, 20.668,  
144.170


 12, 15.793,  
144.070

 12, 22.701,  
144.506

 13, 12.955,  
144.566

 11, 24.674,  
144.846

 13, 9.993, 145.259

 11, 25.963,  
145.036

 13, 6.997, 145.878

 14, 3.996, 146.432

 14, 1.013, 146.979

■ 15, 1.934, 327.273

■ 15, 4.832, 327.679

■ 16, 7.671, 328.021

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



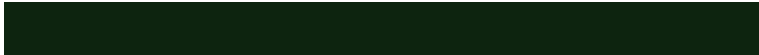
12, 18.374, 144.025



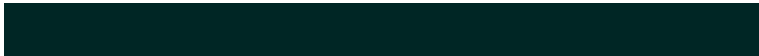
7, 18.392, 329.788

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 18.374, 144.025



12, 18.374, 194.025



12, 18.374, 324.025



12, 18.374, 14.025

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 18.374, 144.025



19, 7.238, 146.051



14, 15.254, 110.262



8, 4.900, 146.754



63, 0.008, 296.813



9, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 18.374, 144.025



17, 27.595, 141.361



12, 12.628, 163.137



5, 1.178, 146.981



29, 50.067, 137.870



73, 101.333, 136.739



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 18.392, 329.788



10, 27.167, 330.602



7, 13.396, 354.538



5, 1.175, 327.109



17, 47.265, 331.928



49, 92.487, 332.329



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 18.374, 144.025 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

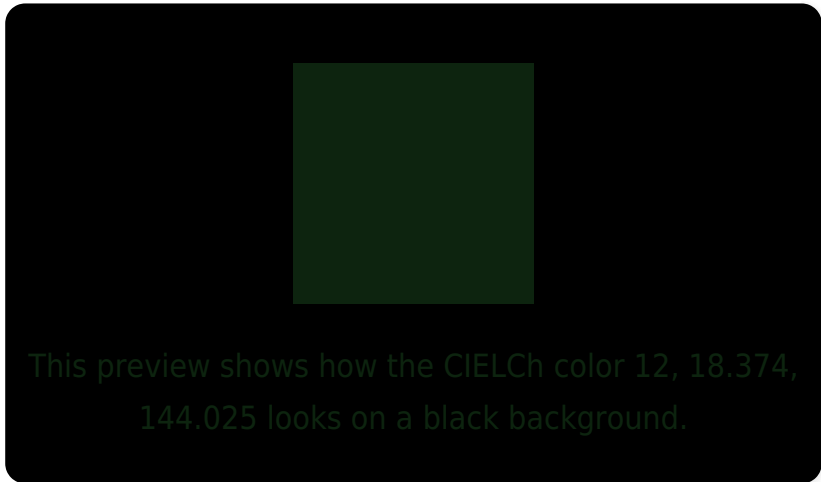
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 12, 18.374, 144.025**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 18.374, 144.025.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 18.374, 144.025.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy




**Original Color**  
12, 18.374, 144.025

**Protanopia**  
12, 12.122, 99.033

**Deuteranopia**  
12, 10.442, 78.339





**Tritanopia**  
12, 6.723, 216.982

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
12, 18.374, 144.025

**Protanomaly**  
12, 13.439, 123.359

**Deuteranomaly**  
12, 11.010, 113.079

**Tritanomaly**  
12, 9.448, 169.649

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
12, 18.374, 144.025

**Achromatopsia**  
10, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
10, 6.601, 146.754

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 18.374, 144.025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 36, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 36, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 36, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 36, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 18.374, 144.025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 36, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 36, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 36, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 36, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 36, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 36, 15)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 18.374, 144.025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 36, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 36,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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