

Converting Colors

CIELCh(12, 36.580, 339.471)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(12, 36.580, 339.471)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(12, 36.623, 339.184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	420132
RGB	66, 1, 50
RGB Percent	26%, 0%, 20%
CMY	0.7414, 0.9963, 0.8041
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.24, 0.74
HSL	315°, 97%, 13%
HSV	315°, 99%, 26%
XYZ	2.8273, 1.4064, 3.1336
YIQ	26.0210, 23.0110, 29.0190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

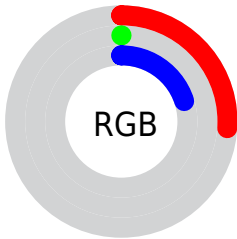
Format	Color
RYB	66, 1, 50
Decimal	4325682
CIELab	12.00, 34.23, -13.01
CIELCh	12, 36.623, 339.184
Yxy	1.4064, 0.3838, 0.1909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282515762 (0xFF420132)
YUV	26.0210, 11.8216, 35.0616
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, 21.8023, -7.3655

Details

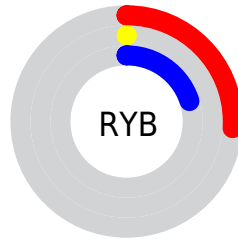
The CIELCh color **12, 36.623, 339.184** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **23, 38.859, 142.267**, and the grayscale version is **9, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 36.676, 339.581**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 36.990, 339.294**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13, 34.234, 338.360**.

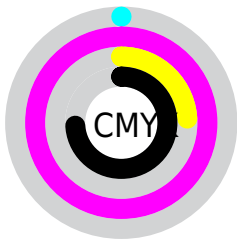
Distribution



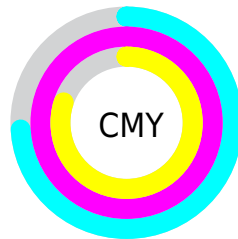
- Red (26%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (74%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 36.623, 339.184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 36.623, 339.184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 12, 36.623,
339.184


 12, 36.623,
339.184


 100, 36.623,
339.184


 2, 36.623, 339.184


 32, 36.623,
339.184

 0, 36.623, 339.184

 42, 36.623,
339.184


 52, 36.623,
339.184


 62, 36.623,
339.184


 72, 36.623,
339.184


 82, 36.623,


339.184

 92, 36.623,
339.184


 12, 36.623,
339.184


 12, 36.623,
339.184


 12, 36.990,
339.294

 13, 34.234,
338.360

 14, 31.915,
337.469

 15, 28.936,
336.651

 17, 25.372,
335.895

 18, 21.385,
335.186

■ 20, 17.125,
334.513

■ 22, 12.712,
333.869

■ 24, 8.242, 333.249

■ 26, 3.781, 332.640

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 36.623, 339.184



23, 38.859, 142.267

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 36.623, 339.184



12, 36.623, 29.184



12, 36.623, 159.184



12, 36.623, 209.184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 36.622, 339.184



29, 16.763, 334.043



5, 45.753, 306.609



13, 11.253, 334.150



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 36.622, 339.184



17, 44.185, 339.905



11, 31.972, 15.464



12, 2.467, 332.637



20, 47.613, 340.124



50, 86.711, 341.306

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 36.622, 339.184



17, 44.185, 339.905



24, 24.436, 167.471



12, 2.467, 332.637



20, 47.613, 340.124



50, 86.711, 341.306

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 36.623, 339.184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

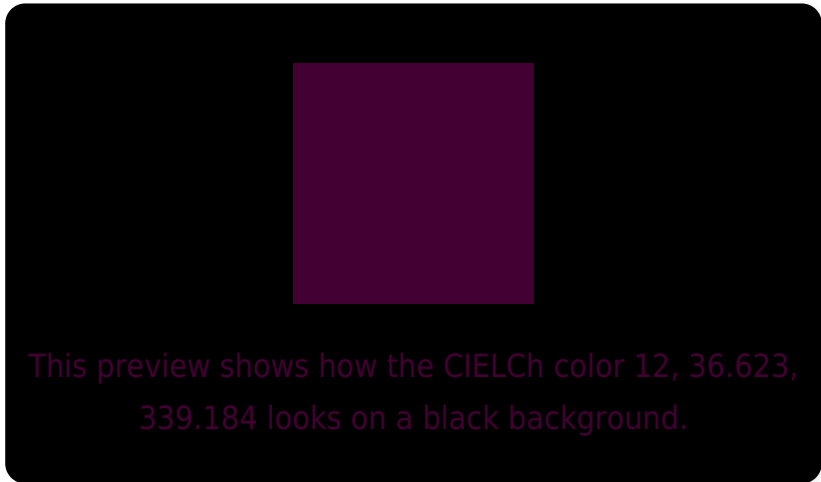
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

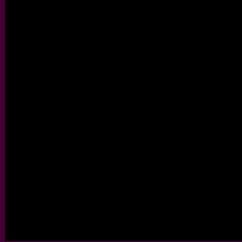
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 12, 36.623, 339.184

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 36.623, 339.184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 36.623, 339.184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12, 36.623, 339.184

Protanopia

14, 25.861, 283.450

Deuteranopia

14, 8.577, 286.798



Tritanopia
13, 23.956, 25.915

Trichromacy



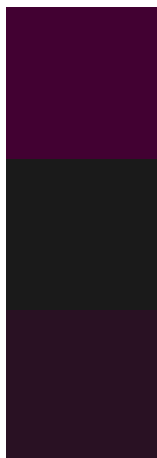
Original Color
12, 36.623, 339.184

Protanomaly
11, 29.155, 304.073

Deuteranomaly
12, 20.218, 323.126

Tritanomaly
13, 26.643, 2.821

Monochromacy



Original Color
12, 36.623, 339.184

Achromatopsia
9, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
9, 17.125, 335.654

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 36.623, 339.184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 1, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 1, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 1, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 1, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 36.623, 339.184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 1, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 1, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 1, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 1, 50); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 1, 50); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 1, 50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 36.623, 339.184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 1, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 1,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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