

Converting Colors

CIELCh(12, 41.293, 330.030)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(12, 41.293, 330.030)
contains.

CIELCh(12, 41.115, 330.555)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(12, 41.115, 330.555)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40003C
RGB	64, 0, 60
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.7496, 1.0000, 0.7653
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.06, 0.75
HSL	304°, 100%, 13%
HSV	304°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.9142, 1.4064, 4.3722
YIQ	25.9760, 18.8840, 32.2280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	64, 0, 60
Decimal	4194364
CIE _{Lab}	12.00, 35.80, -20.21
CIE _{LCh}	12, 41.115, 330.555
Yxy	1.4064, 0.3352, 0.1618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384444 (0xFF40003C)
YUV	25.9760, 16.7738, 33.3470
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, 23.1106, -13.5579

Details

The CIELCh color **12, 41.115, 330.555** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **23, 42.499, 137.963**, and the grayscale version is **9, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 40.965, 330.155**, and **0, 6.347, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 41.049, 330.553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13, 38.269, 330.216**.

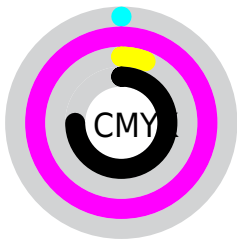
Distribution



- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (75%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 41.115, 330.555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 41.115, 330.555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 12, 41.115,
330.555


 12, 41.115,
330.555


 100, 41.115,
330.555


 2, 41.115, 330.555


 32, 41.115,
330.555

 0, 41.115, 330.555

 42, 41.115,
330.555


 52, 41.115,
330.555


 62, 41.115,
330.555


 72, 41.115,
330.555


 82, 41.115,


330.555


 92, 41.115,
330.555


 12, 41.115,
330.555


 12, 41.115,
330.555

 12, 41.049,
330.553

 13, 38.269,
330.216

 14, 35.627,
329.867

 15, 32.397,
329.482

 16, 28.546,
329.061

 18, 24.226,
328.609

■ 19, 19.585,
328.134

■ 21, 14.752,
327.642

■ 23, 9.829, 327.141

■ 25, 4.895, 326.632

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 41.115, 330.555



23, 42.499, 137.963

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 41.115, 330.555



12, 41.115, 20.555



12, 41.115, 150.555



12, 41.115, 200.555

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 41.049, 330.553



28, 18.559, 327.710



4, 44.321, 302.791



13, 12.767, 327.799



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 41.049, 330.553



18, 49.314, 330.666



10, 31.517, 0.597



12, 2.808, 326.557



21, 54.328, 330.715



52, 99.845, 330.921

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 41.049, 330.553



18, 49.314, 330.666



23, 29.482, 154.968



12, 2.808, 326.557



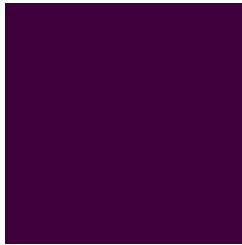
21, 54.328, 330.715



52, 99.845, 330.921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 41.115, 330.555 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

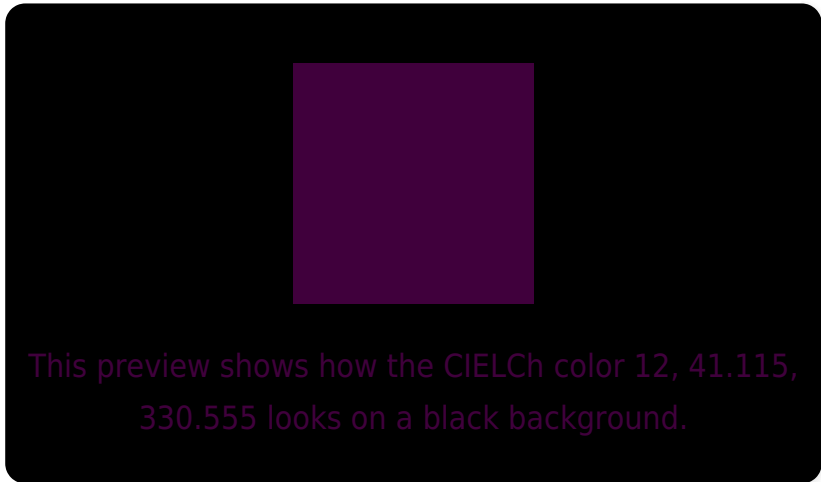
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

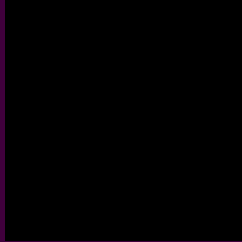
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 12, 41.115, 330.555

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 41.115, 330.555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 41.115, 330.555.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12, 41.115, 330.555

Protanopia

14, 28.189, 281.683

Deuteranopia

14, 14.594, 277.909



Tritanopia
14, 19.440, 23.551

Trichromacy



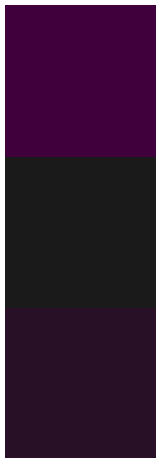
Original Color
12, 41.115, 330.555

Protanomaly
10, 34.115, 300.112

Deuteranomaly
12, 25.290, 310.764

Tritanomaly
12, 25.280, 351.718

Monochromacy



Original Color
12, 41.115, 330.555

Achromatopsia
9, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
9, 18.421, 329.482

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 41.115, 330.555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 41.115, 330.555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 60); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 60); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 41.115, 330.555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor