

Converting Colors

CIELCh(12, 9.982, 343.266)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(12, 9.982, 343.266) contains.

CIELCh(12, 10.157, 343.008)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(12, 10.157, 343.008)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B1B24
RGB	43, 27, 36
RGB Percent	17%, 11%, 14%
CMY	0.8324, 0.8951, 0.8598
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.16, 0.83
HSL	326°, 23%, 14%
HSV	326°, 37%, 17%
XYZ	1.6861, 1.4064, 1.8315
YIQ	32.8100, 6.6470, 6.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

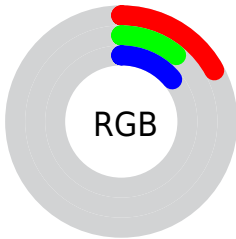
Format	Color
RYP	43, 27, 36
Decimal	2824996
CIE Lab	12.00, 9.71, -2.97
CIE LCh	12, 10.157, 343.008
Yxy	1.4064, 0.3424, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281015076 (0xFF2B1B24)
YUV	32.8100, 1.5727, 8.9366
Hunter-Lab	11.8591, 4.6261, -0.8553

Details

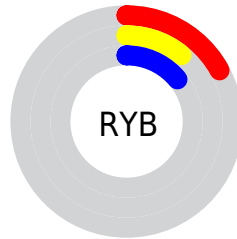
The CIELCh color **12, 10.157, 343.008** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16, 9.892, 157.747**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32, 10.419, 343.923**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 12.852, 343.858**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13, 7.419, 342.233**.

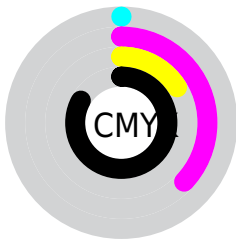
Distribution



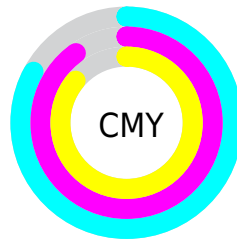
- Red (17%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 12, 10.157, 343.008 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 12, 10.157, 343.008 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12, 10.157,
343.008

■ 12, 10.157,
343.008

■ 100, 10.157,
343.008

■ 2, 10.157, 343.008

■ 32, 10.157,
343.008

■ 0, 10.157, 343.008

■ 42, 10.157,
343.008


■ 52, 10.157,
343.008


■ 62, 10.157,
343.008


■ 72, 10.157,
343.008


■ 82, 10.157,

343.008

 92, 10.157,
343.008

 12, 10.157,
343.008

 12, 10.157,
343.008

 11, 12.852,
343.858

 13, 7.419, 342.233

 9, 15.451, 344.800

 15, 4.682, 341.512

 8, 17.881, 345.861

 16, 1.975, 340.815

 7, 19.945, 347.126

 18, 0.685, 160.462

 6, 21.709, 348.444

 19, 3.285, 159.734

 5, 23.420, 349.647

 21, 5.820, 159.176

 22, 8.286, 158.661

■ 5, 23.858, 349.924

■ 24, 10.684,
158.178

■ 25, 13.015,
157.722

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12, 10.157, 343.008



16, 9.892, 157.747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12, 10.157, 343.008



12, 10.157, 33.008



12, 10.157, 163.008



12, 10.157, 213.008

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12, 10.156, 343.009



22, 3.709, 341.117



11, 12.141, 308.313



9, 2.427, 341.104



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12, 10.156, 343.009



16, 15.352, 343.896



12, 8.492, 16.809



6, 1.158, 340.883



16, 38.959, 353.182



46, 74.719, 356.544

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 10.156, 343.009



16, 15.352, 343.896



16, 7.101, 191.799



6, 1.158, 340.883



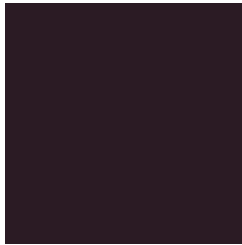
16, 38.959, 353.182



46, 74.719, 356.544

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 12, 10.157, 343.008 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

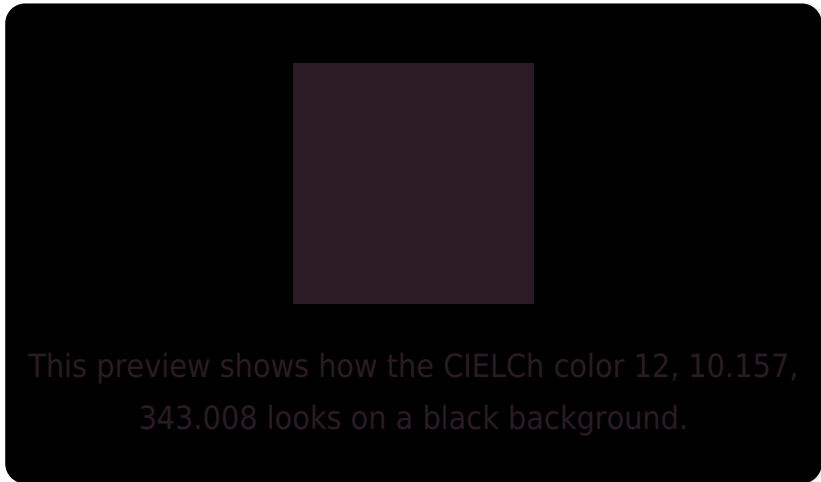
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 12, 10.157, 343.008

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 10.157, 343.008.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 12, 10.157, 343.008.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

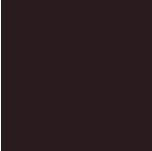
12, 10.157, 343.008

Protanopia

12, 5.122, 281.401

Deuteranopia

12, 3.072, 309.444



Tritanopia
12, 7.407, 10.471

Trichromacy



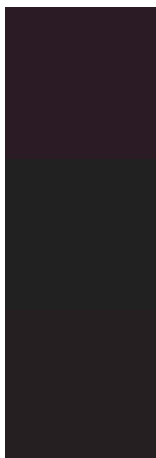
Original Color
12, 10.157, 343.008

Protanomaly
12, 6.298, 313.999

Deuteranomaly
12, 5.878, 333.427

Tritanomaly
12, 7.683, 359.830

Monochromacy



Original Color
12, 10.157, 343.008

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 3.696, 344.680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 12, 10.157, 343.008 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 27, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 27, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 27, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 27, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 12, 10.157, 343.008 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 27, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 27, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 27, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 27, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 27, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 27, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 12, 10.157, 343.008 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 27, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 27,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor