

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(13, 27.560, 355.563)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(13, 27.560, 355.563)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(13, 27.626, 356.268)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	420D25
RGB	66, 13, 37
RGB Percent	26%, 5%, 15%
CMY	0.7422, 0.9501, 0.8558
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.44, 0.74
HSL	333°, 68%, 15%
HSV	333°, 81%, 26%
XYZ	2.7003, 1.5625, 1.8915
YIQ	31.5830, 23.8840, 18.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

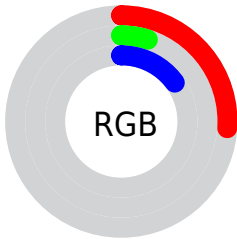
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	66, 13, 37
Decimal	4328741
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	13.00, 27.57, -1.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	13, 27.626, 356.268
Yxy	1.5625, 0.4388, 0.2539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282518821 (0xFF420D25)
YUV	31.5830, 2.6706, 30.1837
Hunter-Lab	12.5000, 16.6854, -0.2219

# Details

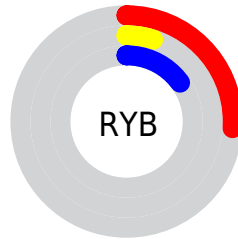
The CIELCh color **13, 27.626, 356.268** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **24, 25.725, 157.500**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33, 27.607, 357.079**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 29.815, 358.629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14, 25.005, 354.214**.

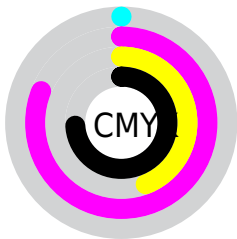
# Distribution



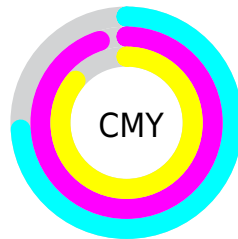
- Red (26%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (74%)




- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 13, 27.626, 356.268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 13, 27.626, 356.268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 13, 27.626,  
356.268


 13, 27.626,  
356.268

 100, 27.626,  
356.268


 3, 27.626, 356.268


 33, 27.626,  
356.268

 0, 27.626, 356.268

 43, 27.626,  
356.268


 53, 27.626,  
356.268


 63, 27.626,  
356.268

 73, 27.626,  
356.268


 83, 27.626,


356.268

 93, 27.626,  
356.268


 13, 27.626,  
356.268


 13, 27.626,  
356.268


 12, 29.815,  
358.629


 14, 25.005,  
354.214

 11, 32.135, 0.532

 16, 21.911,  
352.519

 18, 18.489,  
351.094

 19, 14.873,  
349.874

 21, 11.172,  
348.808

■ 23, 7.464, 347.859

■ 26, 3.803, 346.990

■ 28, 0.224, 345.418

■ 30, 3.255, 165.633

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 27.626, 356.268



24, 25.725, 157.500

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 27.626, 356.268



13, 27.626, 46.268



13, 27.626, 176.268



13, 27.626, 226.268

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 27.625, 356.269



30, 10.975, 348.268



10, 38.028, 313.379



13, 7.430, 348.412



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 27.625, 356.269



17, 37.881, 1.763



13, 28.329, 30.035



12, 2.000, 346.810



19, 41.640, 3.288



48, 76.652, 7.125



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 27.625, 356.269



17, 37.881, 1.763



24, 16.539, 200.855



12, 2.000, 346.810



19, 41.640, 3.288

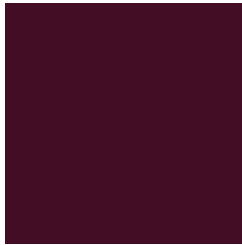


48, 76.652, 7.125



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 13, 27.626, 356.268 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

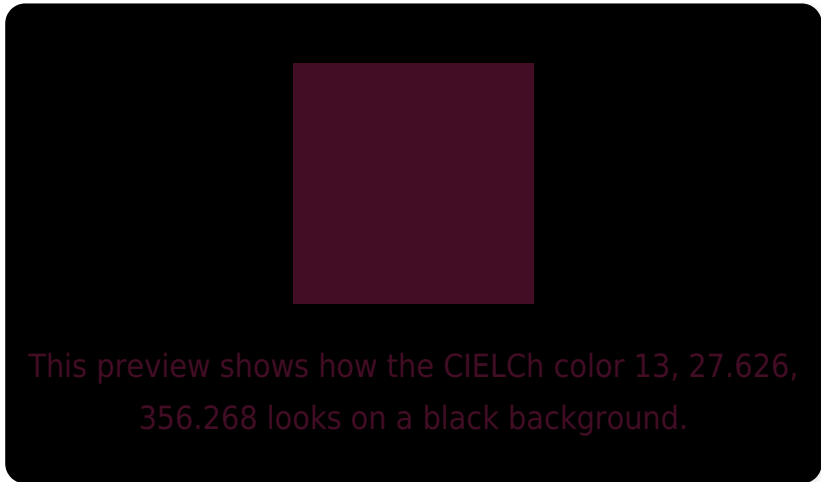
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

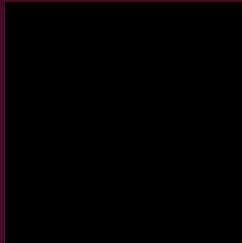
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 13, 27.626, 356.268**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 13, 27.626, 356.268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 13, 27.626, 356.268.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13, 27.626, 356.268

### Protanopia

14, 10.766, 284.335

### Deuteranopia

14, 3.024, 20.122





**Tritanopia**  
13, 25.616, 26.682

# Trichromacy



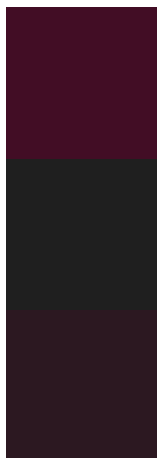
**Original Color**  
13, 27.626, 356.268

**Protanomaly**  
13, 15.030, 324.586

**Deuteranomaly**  
13, 13.025, 354.310

**Tritanomaly**  
13, 25.413, 15.865

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
13, 27.626, 356.268

**Achromatopsia**  
12, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
11, 11.848, 350.236

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 13, 27.626, 356.268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 13, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 13, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 13, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 13, 37) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 13, 27.626, 356.268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 13, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 13, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 13, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 13, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 13, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 13, 37)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 13, 27.626, 356.268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 13, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 13,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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