

Converting Colors

CIELCh(13, 28.539, 41.554)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(13, 28.539, 41.554) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(13, 28.267, 42.337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	401302
RGB	64, 19, 2
RGB Percent	25%, 7%, 1%
CMY	0.7489, 0.9254, 0.9920
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.97, 0.75
HSL	16°, 94%, 13%
HSV	16°, 97%, 25%
XYZ	2.3613, 1.5625, 0.2360
YIQ	30.5170, 32.2770, 4.2530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

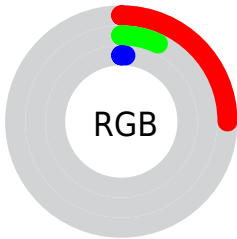
Format	Color
RYB	64, 25, 2
Decimal	4199170
CIELab	13.00, 20.89, 19.04
CIElCh	13, 28.267, 42.337
Yxy	1.5625, 0.5676, 0.3756
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282389250 (0xFF401302)
YUV	30.5170, -14.0589, 29.3646
Hunter-Lab	12.5000, 11.8441, 7.6304

Details

The CIELCh color **13, 28.267, 42.337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **18, 16.489, 243.790**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33, 28.281, 42.149**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 29.046, 41.972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14, 25.782, 43.990**.

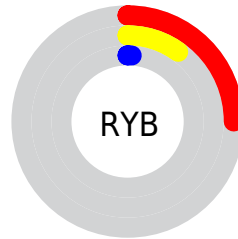
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (7%)

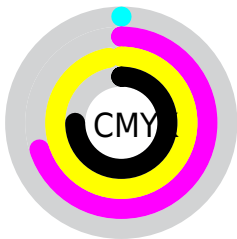
Blue (1%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (10%)

Blue (1%)

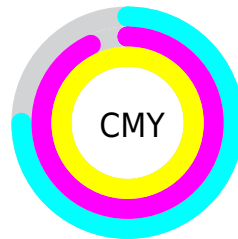


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 13, 28.267, 42.337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 13, 28.267, 42.337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 13, 28.267, 42.337

 13, 28.267, 42.337

 100, 28.267,
42.337

 3, 28.267, 42.337

 33, 28.267, 42.337

 0, 28.267, 42.337

 43, 28.267, 42.337

 53, 28.267, 42.337

 63, 28.267, 42.337

 73, 28.267, 42.337

 83, 28.267, 42.337

 93, 28.267, 42.337

■ 13, 28.267, 42.337

■ 13, 28.267, 42.337

■ 13, 29.046, 41.972

■ 14, 25.782, 43.990

■ 15, 23.091, 45.932

■ 17, 19.762, 46.584

■ 18, 16.257, 46.572

■ 20, 12.940, 46.673

■ 21, 9.824, 46.879

■ 23, 6.907, 47.174

■ 24, 4.182, 47.532

■ 26, 1.635, 47.885

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 28.267, 42.337



18, 16.489, 243.790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 28.267, 42.337



13, 28.267, 92.337



13, 28.267, 222.337



13, 28.267, 272.337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 28.266, 42.340



30, 9.499, 47.062



12, 35.024, 340.128



14, 6.621, 47.004



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 28.266, 42.340



18, 38.380, 44.760



21, 29.238, 87.525



12, 1.386, 47.834



21, 43.924, 45.721



51, 87.426, 45.850

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 16.489, 243.790



24, 20.487, 246.801



7, 35.436, 296.271



12, 1.330, 228.925



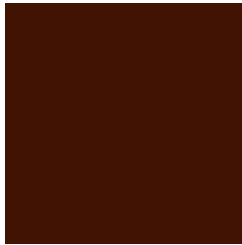
28, 22.717, 247.795



63, 42.993, 251.795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 13, 28.267, 42.337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

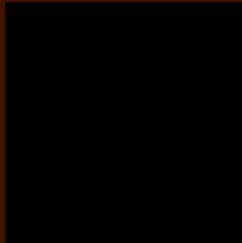
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 13, 28.267, 42.337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 13, 28.267, 42.337.

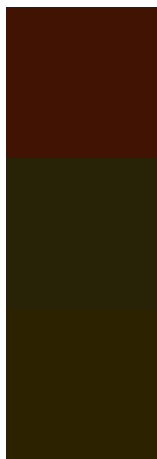


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 13, 28.267, 42.337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13, 28.267, 42.337

Protanopia

14, 17.290, 96.468

Deuteranopia

14, 20.430, 87.301



Tritanopia
13, 25.105, 26.468

Trichromacy



Original Color
13, 28.267, 42.337

Protanomaly
13, 18.619, 67.446

Deuteranomaly
13, 21.238, 66.455

Tritanomaly
13, 26.320, 33.116

Monochromacy



Original Color
13, 28.267, 42.337

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 10.488, 49.419

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 13, 28.267, 42.337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 19, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 19, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 19, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 19, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 13, 28.267, 42.337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 19, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 19, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 19, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 19, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 19, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 19, 2) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 13, 28.267, 42.337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 19, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 19,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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