

Converting Colors

CIELCh(13, 58.919, 309.473)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(13, 58.919, 309.473)
contains.

CIELCh(13, 59.015, 309.311)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(13, 59.015, 309.311)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	290963
RGB	41, 9, 99
RGB Percent	16%, 4%, 39%
CMY	0.8396, 0.9650, 0.6121
CMYK	0.59, 0.91, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	261°, 83%, 21%
HSV	261°, 91%, 39%
XYZ	3.2560, 1.5625, 11.9145
YIQ	28.8280, -9.8180, 34.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

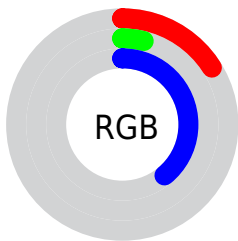
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 9, 99
Decimal	2689379
CIE _{Lab}	13.00, 37.39, -45.66
CIE _{LCh}	13, 59.015, 309.311
Yxy	1.5625, 0.1946, 0.0934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280879459 (0xFF290963)
YUV	28.8280, 34.5948, 10.6748
Hunter-Lab	12.5000, 24.6211, -47.7627

Details

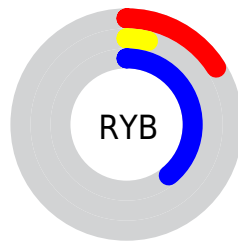
The CIELCh color **13, 59.015, 309.311** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **38, 48.843, 121.195**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33, 59.046, 309.399**, and **2, 33.677, 296.776** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 63.738, 309.737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 53.796, 309.013**.

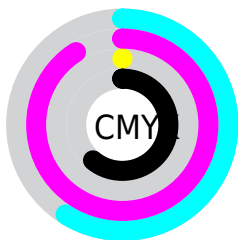
Distribution



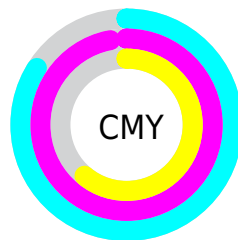
- Red (16%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 13, 59.015, 309.311 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 13, 59.015, 309.311 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13, 59.015,
309.311

■ 13, 59.015,
309.311

■ 100, 59.015,
309.311

■ 3, 59.015, 309.311

■ 33, 59.015,
309.311

■ 0, 59.015, 309.311

■ 43, 59.015,
309.311


■ 53, 59.015,
309.311


■ 63, 59.015,
309.311


■ 73, 59.015,
309.311


■ 83, 59.015,


309.311

 93, 59.015,
309.311


 13, 59.015,
309.311


 13, 59.015,
309.311


 11, 63.738,
309.737

 15, 53.796,
309.013

 18, 47.579,
308.463

 21, 40.825,
307.779

 24, 33.869,
307.045

 28, 26.911,
306.319

■ 31, 20.064,
305.631

■ 35, 13.385,
304.997

■ 38, 6.900, 304.422

■ 42, 0.615, 303.851

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 59.015, 309.311



38, 48.843, 121.195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 59.015, 309.311



13, 59.015, 359.311



13, 59.015, 129.311



13, 59.015, 179.311

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 59.015, 309.312



42, 21.437, 305.421



27, 24.010, 257.890



19, 14.366, 305.563



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 59.015, 309.312



16, 76.607, 309.441



20, 55.660, 322.902



18, 3.451, 304.307



13, 69.792, 309.581



34, 122.921, 308.958

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 43.556, 345.972



27, 53.758, 348.303



36, 55.847, 135.098



18, 3.154, 337.173



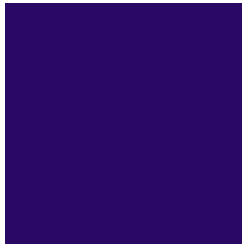
23, 49.184, 347.939



53, 84.977, 349.653

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 13, 59.015, 309.311 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 13, 59.015, 309.311 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

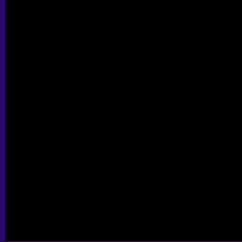
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 13, 59.015, 309.311

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 13, 59.015, 309.311.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 13, 59.015, 309.311.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


13, 59.015, 309.311

Protanopia

14, 27.544, 280.941

Deuteranopia

14, 19.579, 265.457



Tritanopia
14, 8.999, 211.408

Trichromacy



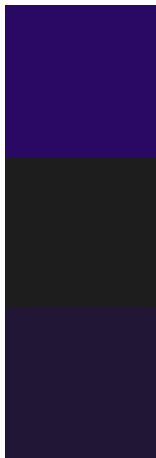
Original Color
13, 59.015, 309.311

Protanomaly
12, 39.899, 297.063

Deuteranomaly
12, 34.479, 294.678

Tritanomaly
12, 25.259, 295.750

Monochromacy



Original Color
13, 59.015, 309.311

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
10, 23.831, 306.898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 13, 59.015, 309.311 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 9, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 9, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 9, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 9, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 13, 59.015, 309.311 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 9, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 9, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 9, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 9, 99); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 9, 99); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 9, 99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 13, 59.015, 309.311 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 9, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 9,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor