

Converting Colors

CIELCh(13, 83.980, 120.626)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(13, 83.980, 120.626)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 33.177, 140.530)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002D01
RGB	0, 45, 1
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 0%
CMY	0.9994, 0.8220, 0.9978
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.99, 0.82
HSL	121°, 99%, 9%
HSV	121°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	0.9581, 1.9086, 0.3336
YIQ	26.5290, -12.6960, -23.2240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 44, 45
Decimal	11521
CIELab	15.00, -25.61, 21.09
CIELCh	15, 33.177, 140.530
Yxy	1.9086, 0.2994, 0.5964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278201601 (0xFF002D01)
YUV	26.5290, -12.5858, -23.2659
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, -11.7972, 8.2387

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 33.177, 140.530** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **7, 33.948, 328.432**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 32.806, 140.971**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 33.265, 140.541**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 30.605, 140.279**.

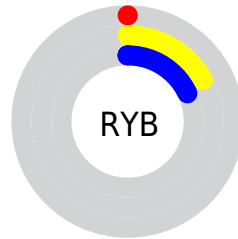
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (18%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (18%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (82%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 33.177, 140.530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 33.177, 140.530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15, 33.177,
140.530


 15, 33.177,
140.530


 100, 33.177,
140.530


 5, 33.177, 140.530


 35, 33.177,
140.530

 0, 33.177, 140.530

 45, 33.177,
140.530


 55, 33.177,
140.530


 65, 33.177,
140.530


 75, 33.177,
140.530


 85, 33.177,


140.530


 95, 33.177,
140.530


 15, 33.177,
140.530


 15, 33.177,
140.530


 15, 33.265,
140.541

 15, 30.605,
140.279

 15, 28.138,
140.173

 16, 25.525,
140.276

 16, 22.388,
140.739

 16, 18.849,
141.585

■ 17, 15.146,
142.368

■ 17, 11.350,
143.068

■ 18, 7.512, 143.689

■ 18, 3.675, 144.242

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 33.177, 140.530



7, 33.948, 328.432

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 33.177, 140.530



15, 33.177, 190.530



15, 33.177, 320.530



15, 33.177, 10.530

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 33.177, 140.530



23, 14.245, 142.932



18, 26.146, 104.230



10, 9.767, 143.393



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 33.177, 140.530



20, 40.913, 137.555



15, 24.062, 154.118



7, 1.962, 144.694



31, 54.355, 136.187



75, 104.859, 136.076

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 33.948, 328.432



11, 40.320, 328.537



6, 24.710, 354.443



7, 1.965, 324.656



19, 52.329, 328.558



51, 100.618, 328.588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 15, 33.177, 140.530 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

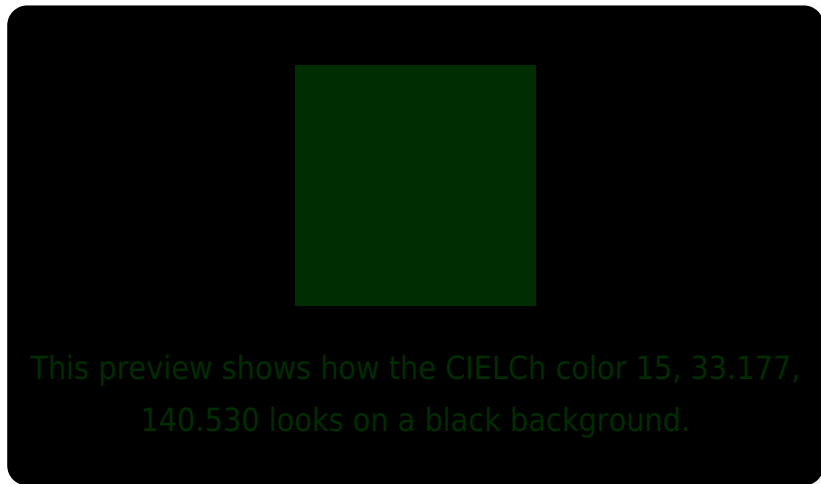
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

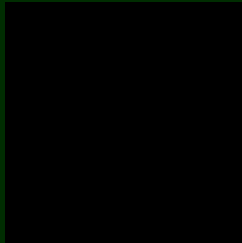
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 33.177, 140.530

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 33.177, 140.530.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 33.177, 140.530.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
15, 32.807, 140.885

Protanopia
15, 22.629, 97.693

Deuteranopia
15, 18.660, 83.940



Tritanopia
15, 9.384, 215.242

Trichromacy



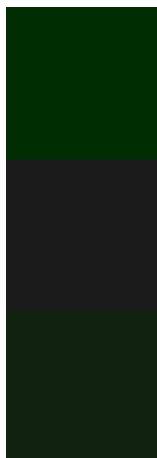
Original Color
15, 32.807, 140.885

Protanomaly
15, 24.800, 121.948

Deuteranomaly
15, 20.830, 119.226

Tritanomaly
15, 16.704, 159.786

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 32.807, 140.885

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 14.772, 142.550

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 33.177, 140.530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 45, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 45, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 45, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 45, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 33.177, 140.530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 45, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 45, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 45, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 45, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 45, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 45, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 33.177, 140.530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 45, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 45,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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