

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 10.766, 136.055)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(14, 10.766, 136.055)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(14, 10.516, 136.553)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C2619
RGB	28, 38, 25
RGB Percent	11%, 15%, 10%
CMY	0.8890, 0.8497, 0.9008
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.34, 0.85
HSL	106°, 20%, 12%
HSV	106°, 34%, 15%
XYZ	1.3697, 1.7298, 1.1988
YIQ	33.5280, -1.7870, -6.1630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

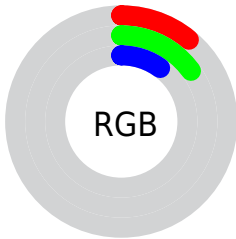
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	25, 38, 35
Decimal	1844761
CIE Lab	14.00, -7.63, 7.23
CIE LCh	14, 10.516, 136.553
Yxy	1.7298, 0.3187, 0.4024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280034841 (0xFF1C2619)
YUV	33.5280, -4.2043, -4.8481
Hunter-Lab	13.1521, -4.4260, 3.8025

# Details

The CIELCh color **14, 10.516, 136.553** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 10.670, 319.029**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34, 10.583, 136.035**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 13.588, 136.085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14, 7.416, 136.992**.

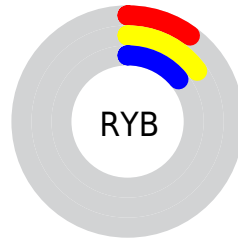
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (15%)

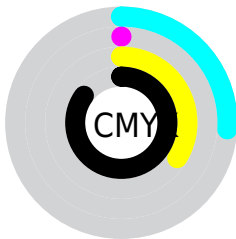
Blue (10%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (14%)

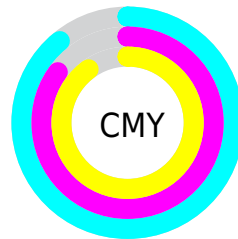


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 14, 10.516, 136.553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 14, 10.516, 136.553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14, 10.516,  
136.553

■ 14, 10.516,  
136.553

■ 100, 10.516,  
136.553

■ 4, 10.516, 136.553

■ 34, 10.516,  
136.553

■ 0, 10.516, 136.553

■ 44, 10.516,  
136.553


■ 54, 10.516,  
136.553


■ 64, 10.516,  
136.553


■ 74, 10.516,  
136.553


■ 84, 10.516,


136.553


 94, 10.516,  
136.553

 14, 10.516,  
136.553


 14, 10.516,  
136.553


 14, 13.588,  
136.085


 14, 7.416, 136.992

 13, 16.508,  
135.915


 15, 4.310, 137.397

 13, 19.110,  
136.303

 15, 1.217, 137.796

 13, 21.388,  
136.979

 16, 1.847, 318.033

 13, 23.503,  
137.606

 16, 4.872, 318.345

 17, 7.850, 318.609

 17, 10.776,

■ 12, 25.599,  
138.000

318.841

■ 12, 26.847,  
138.145

■ 18, 13.645,  
319.045

■ 18, 16.456,  
319.225

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 10.516, 136.553



11, 10.670, 319.029

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 10.516, 136.553



14, 10.516, 186.553



14, 10.516, 316.553



14, 10.516, 6.553

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 10.517, 136.554



21, 3.926, 137.523



14, 7.251, 95.153



9, 2.596, 137.680



63, 0.008, 296.813



9, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 10.517, 136.554



19, 16.146, 136.087



14, 9.356, 150.931



6, 1.484, 138.131



31, 51.617, 133.316



75, 101.777, 134.350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 10.670, 319.029



14, 16.444, 319.364



11, 9.429, 334.792



6, 1.481, 317.618



14, 52.679, 320.250

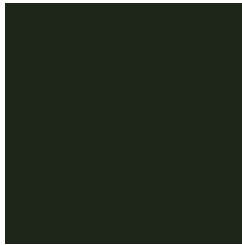


42, 102.846, 319.561



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 14, 10.516, 136.553 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

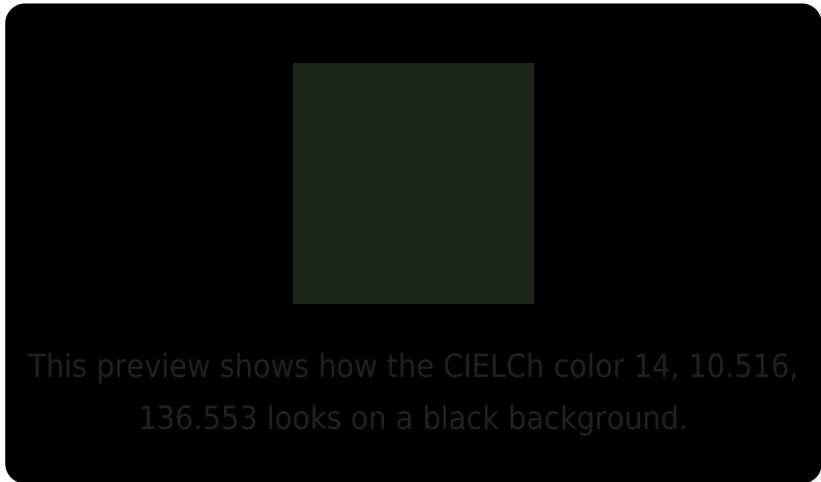
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 14, 10.516, 136.553**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 10.516, 136.553.

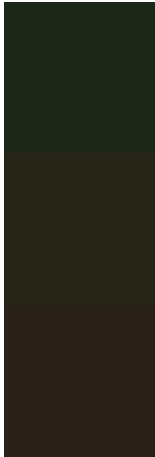


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 10.516, 136.553.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14, 10.516, 136.553


### Protanopia

14, 8.611, 96.879

### Deuteranopia

14, 7.181, 71.634





**Tritanopia**  
14, 3.088, 226.408

# Trichromacy



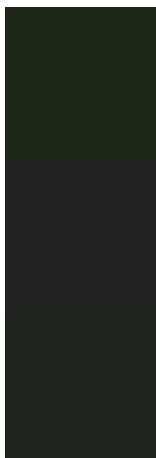
**Original Color**  
14, 10.516, 136.553

**Protanomaly**  
14, 9.185, 114.191

**Deuteranomaly**  
14, 7.079, 103.831

**Tritanomaly**  
14, 4.028, 166.407

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
14, 10.516, 136.553

**Achromatopsia**  
13, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
14, 4.100, 138.331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 14, 10.516, 136.553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 38, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 38, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 38, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 38, 25) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 14, 10.516, 136.553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 38, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 38, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 38, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 38, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 38, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 38, 25)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 14, 10.516, 136.553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 38, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 38,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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