

Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 12.002, 358.886)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(14, 12.002, 358.886)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(14, 12.002, 358.886)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	331D24
RGB	51, 29, 36
RGB Percent	20%, 11%, 14%
CMY	0.7990, 0.8853, 0.8579
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.29, 0.80
HSL	341°, 27%, 16%
HSV	341°, 43%, 20%
XYZ	2.1456, 1.7298, 1.9090
YIQ	36.3760, 10.8650, 6.8410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

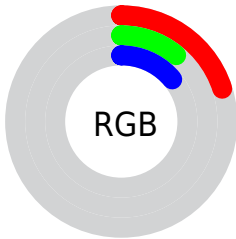
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 29, 36
Decimal	3349796
CIE _{Lab}	14.00, 12.00, -0.23
CIE _{LCh}	14, 12.002, 358.886
Yxy	1.7298, 0.3709, 0.2990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281539876 (0xFF331D24)
YUV	36.3760, -0.1854, 12.8252
Hunter-Lab	13.1521, 6.1038, 0.6005

Details

The CIELCh color **14, 12.002, 358.886** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 10.856, 171.078**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34, 11.861, 359.865**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 14.863, 0.283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 9.121, 357.692**.

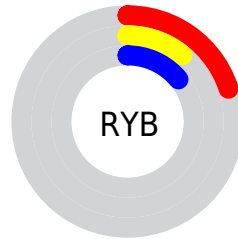
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (11%)

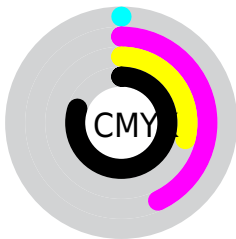
Blue (14%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (14%)

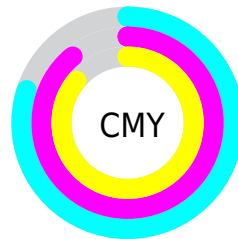


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 14, 12.002, 358.886 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 14, 12.002, 358.886 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14, 12.002,
358.886

■ 14, 12.002,
358.886

■ 100, 12.002,
358.886

■ 4, 12.002, 358.886

■ 34, 12.002,
358.886

■ 0, 12.002, 358.886

■ 44, 12.002,
358.886

■ 54, 12.002,
358.886

■ 64, 12.002,
358.886


■ 74, 12.002,
358.886

■ 84, 12.002,

358.886

 94, 12.002,
358.886

 14, 12.002,
358.886

 14, 12.002,
358.886

 12, 14.863, 0.283

 16, 9.121, 357.692

 11, 17.636, 1.938

 17, 6.271, 356.649

 10, 20.237, 3.928

 19, 3.486, 355.716

 9, 22.586, 6.199

 21, 0.784, 354.724

 8, 25.054, 7.334

 23, 1.825, 174.327

 7, 26.801, 7.564

 24, 4.336, 173.608

 26, 6.751, 172.988

■ 28, 9.074, 172.425

■ 30, 11.310,
171.907

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 12.002, 358.886



19, 10.856, 171.078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 12.002, 358.886



14, 12.002, 48.886



14, 12.002, 178.886



14, 12.002, 228.886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 12.001, 358.888



25, 4.344, 355.779



14, 16.969, 316.216



11, 2.977, 355.838



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 12.001, 358.888



17, 18.113, 0.545



15, 10.233, 36.175



8, 1.468, 355.289



17, 39.742, 14.970



46, 77.177, 20.136

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 12.001, 358.888



17, 18.113, 0.545



18, 7.885, 216.872



8, 1.468, 355.289



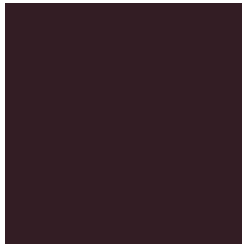
17, 39.742, 14.970



46, 77.177, 20.136

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 14, 12.002, 358.886 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

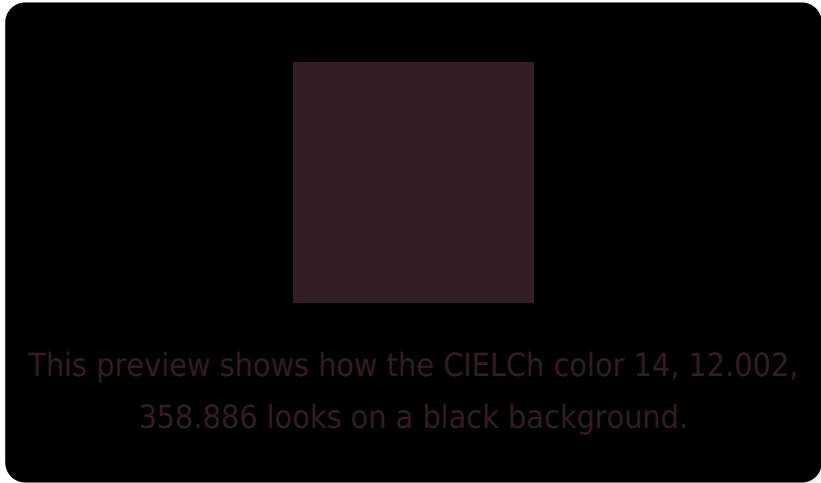
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

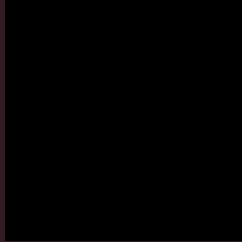
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 14, 12.002, 358.886

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 12.002, 358.886.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 12.002, 358.886.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14, 12.002, 358.886

Protanopia

14, 2.875, 281.603

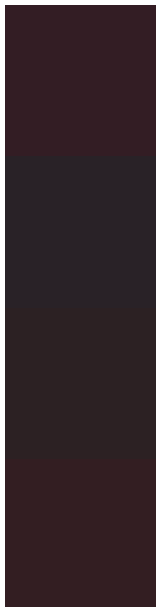
Deuteranopia

14, 2.501, 19.964



Tritanopia
14, 10.990, 15.255

Trichromacy



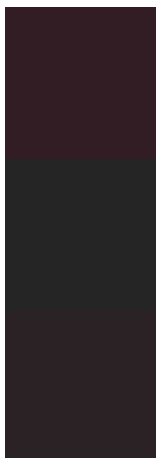
Original Color
14, 12.002, 358.886

Protanomaly
14, 4.932, 334.615

Deuteranomaly
14, 5.724, 6.665

Tritanomaly
14, 11.055, 7.987

Monochromacy



Original Color
14, 12.002, 358.886

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 4.497, 352.400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 14, 12.002, 358.886 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 29, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 29, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 29, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 29, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 14, 12.002, 358.886 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 29, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 29, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 29, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 29, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 29, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 29, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 14, 12.002, 358.886 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 29, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 29,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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