

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 24.756, 352.478)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(14, 24.756, 352.478)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(14, 24.748, 351.694)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	401329
RGB	64, 19, 41
RGB Percent	25%, 7%, 16%
CMY	0.7483, 0.9248, 0.8385
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.36, 0.75
HSL	331°, 54%, 16%
HSV	331°, 70%, 25%
XYZ	2.7662, 1.7298, 2.3016
YIQ	34.9630, 19.7580, 16.3820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

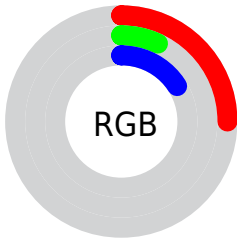
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	64, 19, 41
Decimal	4199209
CIELab	14.00, 24.49, -3.58
CIElCh	14, 24.748, 351.694
Yxy	1.7298, 0.4069, 0.2545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282389289 (0xFF401329)
YUV	34.9630, 2.9762, 25.4654
Hunter-Lab	13.1521, 14.5269, -1.1692

# Details

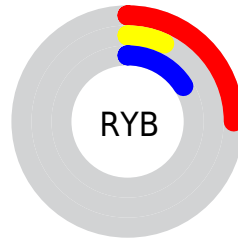
The CIELCh color **14, 24.748, 351.694** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **24, 23.327, 157.259**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34, 24.503, 352.153**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 27.344, 353.553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 21.674, 350.149**.

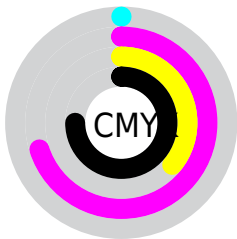
# Distribution



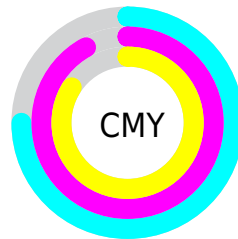
- Red (25%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 14, 24.748, 351.694 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 14, 24.748, 351.694 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 14, 24.748,  
351.694

 14, 24.748,  
351.694

 100, 24.748,  
351.694

 4, 24.748, 351.694

 34, 24.748,  
351.694

 0, 24.748, 351.694

 44, 24.748,  
351.694

 54, 24.748,  
351.694

 64, 24.748,  
351.694


 74, 24.748,  
351.694


 84, 24.748,


351.694

 94, 24.748,  
351.694


 14, 24.748,  
351.694


 14, 24.748,  
351.694


 13, 27.344,  
353.553


 16, 21.674,  
350.149

 12, 29.499,  
355.683

 17, 18.274,  
348.837

 11, 31.904,  
357.489

 19, 14.676,  
347.702

 21, 10.988,  
346.701

 23, 7.287, 345.802

■ 25, 3.628, 344.971

■ 27, 0.043, 340.020

■ 29, 3.447, 163.663

■ 31, 6.833, 163.010

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 24.748, 351.694



24, 23.327, 157.259

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 24.748, 351.694



14, 24.748, 41.694



14, 24.748, 171.694



14, 24.748, 221.694

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 24.747, 351.695



30, 9.546, 345.959



11, 32.843, 312.144



14, 6.524, 346.054



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 24.747, 351.695



17, 34.684, 355.238



13, 24.740, 27.589



12, 2.046, 344.843



19, 41.869, 0.184



48, 76.765, 3.717



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 24.747, 351.695



17, 34.684, 355.238



24, 15.649, 196.853



12, 2.046, 344.843



19, 41.869, 0.184

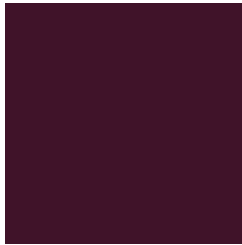


48, 76.765, 3.717



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 14, 24.748, 351.694 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

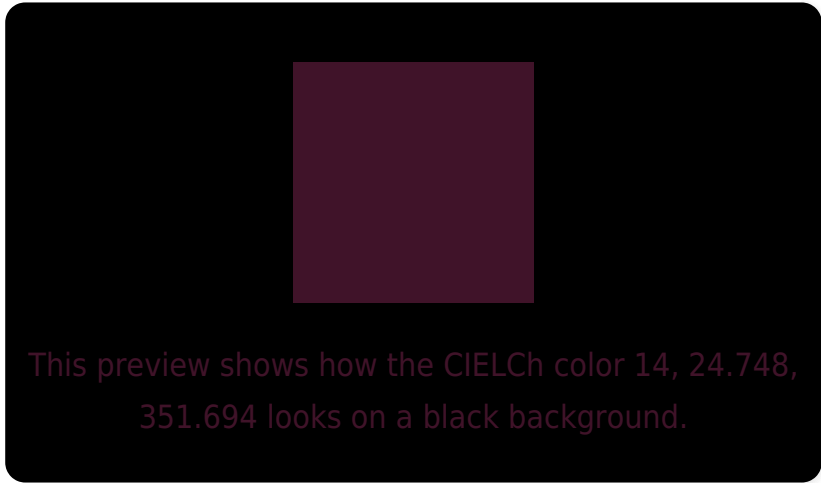
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

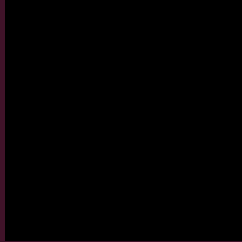
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 14, 24.748, 351.694**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 24.748, 351.694.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 24.748, 351.694.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14, 24.748, 351.694

### Protanopia

15, 11.428, 283.014

### Deuteranopia

15, 2.890, 332.813





**Tritanopia**  
14, 21.439, 22.779

# Trichromacy



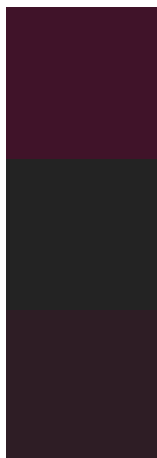
**Original Color**  
14, 24.748, 351.694

**Protanomaly**  
14, 14.092, 317.738

**Deuteranomaly**  
14, 11.561, 345.197

**Tritanomaly**  
14, 21.391, 10.345

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
14, 24.748, 351.694

**Achromatopsia**  
14, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
13, 10.101, 348.175

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 14, 24.748, 351.694 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 19, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 19, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 19, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 19, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 14, 24.748, 351.694 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 19, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 19, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 19, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 19, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 19, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 19, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 14, 24.748, 351.694 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 19, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 19,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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