

Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 31.126, 54.754)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(14, 31.126, 54.754) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(14, 28.333, 49.636)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	401700
RGB	64, 23, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 9%, 0%
CMY	0.7476, 0.9082, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	22°, 100%, 13%
HSV	22°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.4480, 1.7298, 0.1783
YIQ	32.6370, 31.8190, 1.5390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

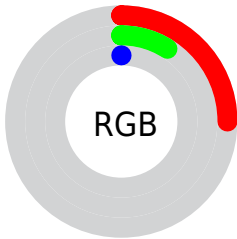
Format	Color
RYB	64, 36, 0
Decimal	4200192
CIELab	14.00, 18.35, 21.59
CIELCh	14, 28.333, 49.636
Yxy	1.7298, 0.5620, 0.3971
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282390272 (0xFF401700)
YUV	32.6370, -16.0900, 27.5054
Hunter-Lab	13.1521, 10.2085, 8.4029

Details

The CIELCh color **14, 28.333, 49.636** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **15, 18.919, 260.002**, and the grayscale version is **13, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34, 27.946, 48.395**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 28.091, 49.082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 25.756, 50.921**.

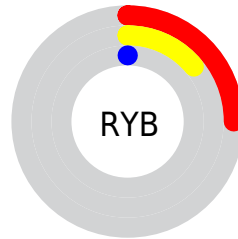
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (9%)

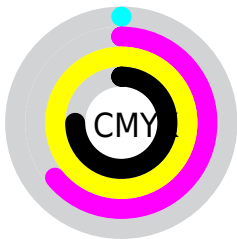
Blue (0%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (0%)

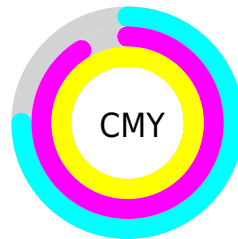


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 14, 28.333, 49.636 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 14, 28.333, 49.636 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14, 28.333, 49.636

 14, 28.333, 49.636

 100, 28.333,
49.636

 4, 28.333, 49.636

 34, 28.333, 49.636

 0, 28.333, 49.636

 44, 28.333, 49.636

 54, 28.333, 49.636

 64, 28.333, 49.636

 74, 28.333, 49.636

 84, 28.333, 49.636

 94, 28.333, 49.636

■ 14, 28.333, 49.636

■ 14, 28.333, 49.636

■ 14, 28.091, 49.082

■ 15, 25.756, 50.921

■ 16, 23.360, 53.233

■ 17, 20.359, 54.656

■ 19, 16.963, 55.213

■ 20, 13.715, 55.808

■ 21, 10.638, 56.455

■ 23, 7.736, 57.148

■ 24, 5.003, 57.874

■ 26, 2.428, 58.599

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 28.333, 49.636



15, 18.919, 260.002

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 28.333, 49.636



14, 28.333, 99.636



14, 28.333, 229.636



14, 28.333, 279.636

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 28.091, 49.082



30, 9.707, 57.054



11, 34.223, 345.569



14, 6.719, 56.927



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 28.091, 49.082



19, 37.024, 50.999



23, 31.881, 93.609



12, 1.378, 58.697



23, 42.350, 51.581



54, 83.261, 50.388

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 18.919, 260.002



21, 23.223, 262.441



5, 39.775, 299.071



12, 1.334, 240.309



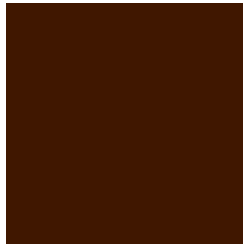
25, 25.908, 263.520



57, 50.243, 267.746

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 14, 28.333, 49.636 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

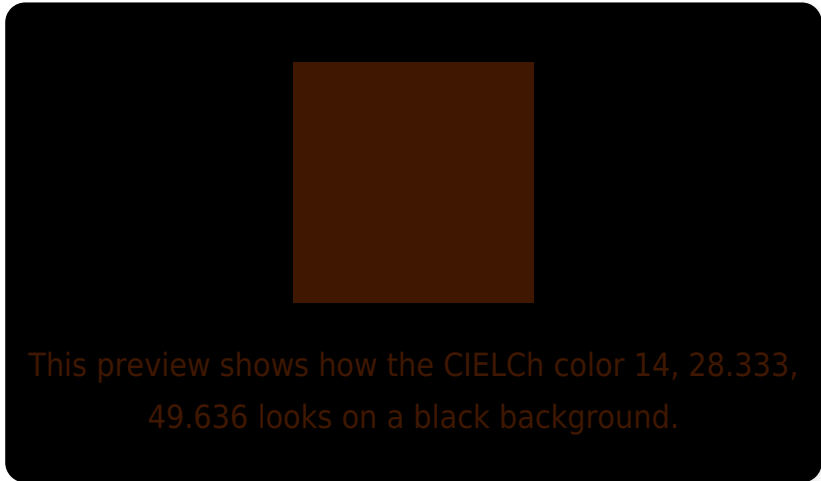
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

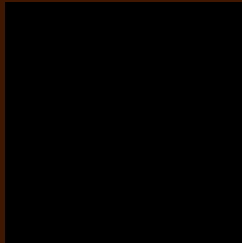
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 14, 28.333, 49.636

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 28.333, 49.636.

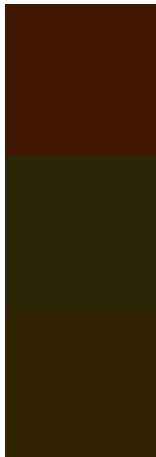


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 28.333, 49.636.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14, 27.964, 48.648

Protanopia

15, 18.573, 96.769

Deuteranopia

14, 21.288, 86.173



Tritanopia
14, 23.266, 25.367

Trichromacy



Original Color
14, 27.964, 48.648

Protanomaly
14, 19.831, 73.819

Deuteranomaly
14, 22.223, 70.048

Tritanomaly
14, 24.913, 37.401

Monochromacy



Original Color
14, 27.964, 48.648

Achromatopsia
13, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 10.328, 58.782

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 14, 28.333, 49.636 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 23, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 23, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 23, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 23, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 14, 28.333, 49.636 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 23, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 23, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 23, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 23, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 23, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 23, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 14, 28.333, 49.636 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 23, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 23,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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