

Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 5.117, 63.457)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(14, 5.117, 63.457) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(14, 5.142, 63.414)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29221D
RGB	41, 34, 29
RGB Percent	16%, 13%, 11%
CMY	0.8380, 0.8655, 0.8851
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.29, 0.84
HSL	25°, 17%, 14%
HSV	25°, 29%, 16%
XYZ	1.7334, 1.7298, 1.4245
YIQ	35.5230, 5.7770, -0.0710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

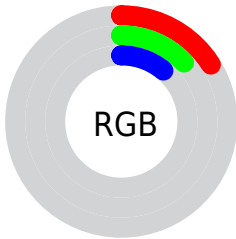
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 38, 29
Decimal	2695709
CIE Lab	14.00, 2.30, 4.60
CIE LCh	14, 5.142, 63.414
Yxy	1.7298, 0.3547, 0.3539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280885789 (0xFF29221D)
YUV	35.5230, -3.2158, 4.8033
Hunter-Lab	13.1521, 0.5102, 2.7850




Details

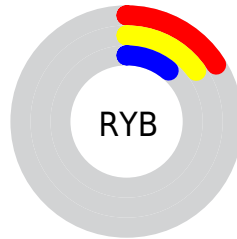
The CIELCh color **14, 5.142, 63.414** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14, 4.676, 248.994**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34, 5.210, 65.641**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 7.083, 62.608**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 3.293, 64.244**.

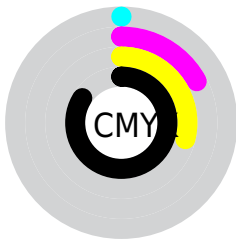
Distribution







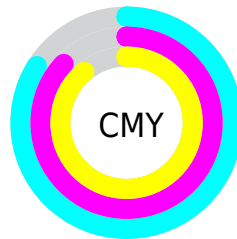
-  Red (16%)
-  Green (13%)
-  Blue (11%)






-  Red (16%)
-  Yellow (15%)
-  Blue (11%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (17%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Black (84%)




-  Cyan (84%)
-  Magenta (87%)
-  Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 14, 5.142, 63.414 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 14, 5.142, 63.414 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14, 5.142, 63.414  14, 5.142, 63.414

 100, 5.142, 63.414  4, 5.142, 63.414

 34, 5.142, 63.414  0, 5.142, 63.414

 44, 5.142, 63.414

 54, 5.142, 63.414

 64, 5.142, 63.414

 74, 5.142, 63.414

 84, 5.142, 63.414

 94, 5.142, 63.414

 14, 5.142, 63.414  14, 5.142, 63.414

■ 13, 7.083, 62.608	■ 15, 3.293, 64.244
■ 12, 9.105, 61.761	■ 16, 1.530, 65.037
■ 11, 10.904, 60.013	■ 17, 0.153, 246.933
■ 10, 12.392, 57.372	■ 18, 1.763, 246.900
■ 10, 13.639, 54.125	■ 19, 3.307, 247.693
■ 9, 14.865, 51.244	■ 20, 4.790, 248.497
■ 8, 16.114, 48.924	■ 21, 6.219, 249.291
■ 8, 16.230, 48.736	■ 22, 7.600, 250.070
	■ 23, 8.937, 250.828

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 5.142, 63.414



14, 4.676, 248.994

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 5.142, 63.414



14, 5.142, 113.414



14, 5.142, 243.414



14, 5.142, 293.414

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 5.142, 63.424



21, 1.890, 65.002



13, 7.851, 340.468



10, 1.331, 64.982



64, 0.008, 296.813



10, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 5.142, 63.424



18, 7.861, 62.765



16, 7.540, 103.356



6, 0.745, 64.544



20, 36.392, 55.229



53, 77.290, 53.902

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 4.676, 248.994



18, 6.937, 250.108



12, 7.864, 288.679



6, 0.753, 247.241



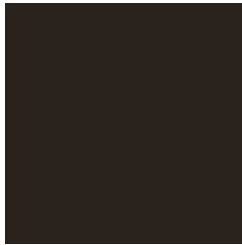
19, 25.487, 270.112



51, 53.362, 275.075

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 14, 5.142, 63.414 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

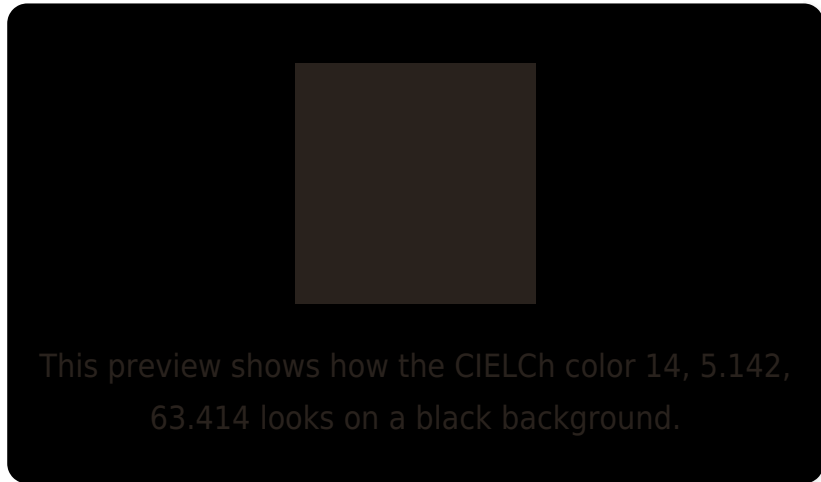
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

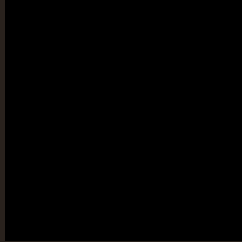
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 14, 5.142, 63.414

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 5.142, 63.414.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 14, 5.142, 63.414.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14, 5.142, 63.414

Protanopia

14, 4.367, 95.266

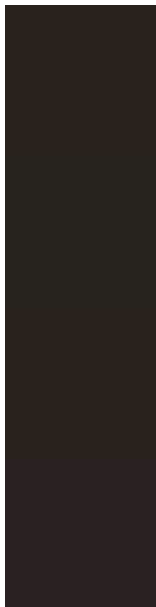
Deuteranopia

14, 5.142, 63.414



Tritanopia
14, 4.964, 355.358

Trichromacy



Original Color

14, 5.142, 63.414

Protanomaly

14, 4.114, 78.857

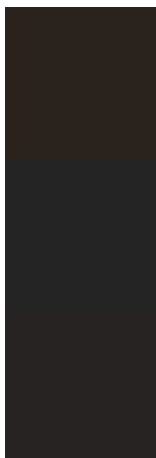
Deuteranomaly

14, 5.142, 63.414

Tritanomaly

14, 4.612, 11.779

Monochromacy



Original Color

14, 5.142, 63.414

Achromatopsia

14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly

14, 1.657, 44.965

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 14, 5.142, 63.414 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 34, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 34, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 34, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 34, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 14, 5.142, 63.414 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 34, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 34, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 34, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 34, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 34, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 34, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 14, 5.142, 63.414 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 34, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 34,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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