

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 60.557, 352.432)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(14, 60.557, 352.432)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(20, 42.717, 1.114)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	650131
RGB	101, 1, 49
RGB Percent	40%, 0%, 19%
CMY	0.6050, 0.9964, 0.8095
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.52, 0.60
HSL	331°, 98%, 20%
HSV	331°, 99%, 40%
XYZ	5.8917, 2.9891, 3.1257
YIQ	36.3720, 44.1920, 36.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

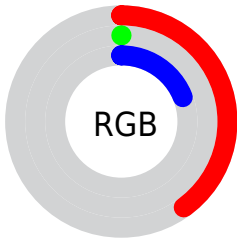
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	101, 1, 49
Decimal	6619441
CIE Lab	20.00, 42.71, 0.83
CIE LCh	20, 42.717, 1.114
Yxy	2.9891, 0.4907, 0.2490
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284809521 (0xFF650131)
YUV	36.3720, 6.2256, 56.6788
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 30.5740, 1.3831

# Details

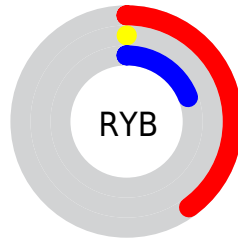
The CIELCh color **20, 42.717, 1.114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **37, 42.477, 151.905**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 42.909, 0.544**, and **7, 27.542, 20.544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 42.912, 1.381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 40.760, 358.081**.

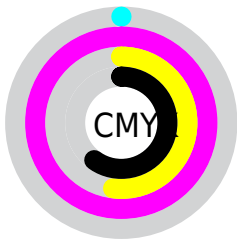
# Distribution



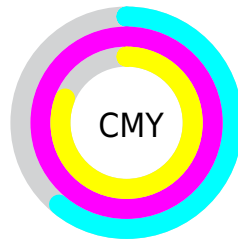
- Red (40%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 42.717, 1.114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 42.717, 1.114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 20, 42.717, 1.114

 20, 42.717, 1.114

 100, 42.717, 1.114

 10, 42.717, 1.114

 40, 42.717, 1.114

 0, 42.717, 1.114

 50, 42.717, 1.114

 60, 42.717, 1.114

 70, 42.717, 1.114

 80, 42.717, 1.114

 90, 42.717, 1.114

 20, 42.717, 1.114

 20, 42.717, 1.114

 20, 42.912, 1.381

 21, 40.760,

358.081

■ 22, 38.321,  
355.324

■ 24, 34.883,  
353.110

■ 26, 30.634,  
351.308

■ 29, 25.814,  
349.811

■ 31, 20.651,  
348.538

■ 34, 15.328,  
347.432

■ 37, 9.981, 346.450

■ 40, 4.698, 345.550

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 42.717, 1.114



37, 42.477, 151.905

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 42.717, 1.114



20, 42.717, 51.114



20, 42.717, 181.114



20, 42.717, 231.114

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 42.715, 1.115



43, 19.525, 347.617



14, 62.083, 312.919



21, 13.440, 347.942



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 42.715, 1.115



27, 51.368, 2.710



19, 49.364, 36.156



19, 2.934, 345.537



23, 47.000, 2.090



52, 81.244, 5.011





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 42.715, 1.115



27, 51.368, 2.710



38, 24.721, 198.855



19, 2.934, 345.537



23, 47.000, 2.090

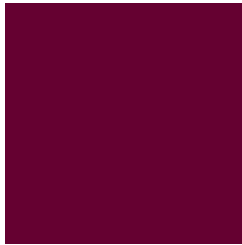


52, 81.244, 5.011



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 42.717, 1.114 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 20, 42.717, 1.114**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 42.717, 1.114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 42.717, 1.114.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20, 42.800, 0.886

### Protanopia

22, 12.196, 283.491

### Deuteranopia

22, 6.415, 58.694



**Tritanopia**  
21, 41.639, 32.336



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
20, 42.800, 0.886

**Protanomaly**  
18, 24.139, 331.502

**Deuteranomaly**  
19, 22.144, 1.118

**Tritanomaly**  
20, 40.931, 20.598

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
20, 42.800, 0.886

**Achromatopsia**  
14, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
14, 20.965, 350.388

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 42.717, 1.114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 1, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 1, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 1, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 1, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 42.717, 1.114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 1, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 1, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 1, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 1, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 1, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 1, 49)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 42.717, 1.114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 1, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 1,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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