

Converting Colors

CIELCh(14, 62.190, 167.519)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(14, 62.190, 167.519)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(17, 31.722, 144.360)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00320D
RGB	0, 50, 13
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 5%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8040, 0.9496
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.74, 0.80
HSL	135°, 100%, 10%
HSV	135°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.2011, 2.3023, 0.7569
YIQ	30.8320, -17.9230, -22.1070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

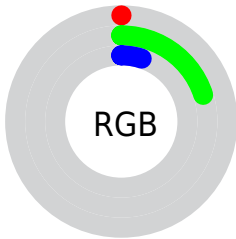
Format	Color
RYB	0, 40, 50
Decimal	12813
CIELab	17.00, -25.78, 18.48
CIELCh	17, 31.722, 144.360
Yxy	2.3023, 0.2819, 0.5404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202893 (0xFF00320D)
YUV	30.8320, -8.7912, -27.0397
Hunter-Lab	15.1734, -12.4241, 7.6638

Details

The CIELCh color **17, 31.722, 144.360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **7, 30.914, 339.155**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37, 31.587, 143.927**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 31.567, 144.078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 29.048, 144.517**.

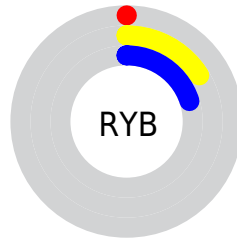
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (20%)

Blue (5%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (20%)

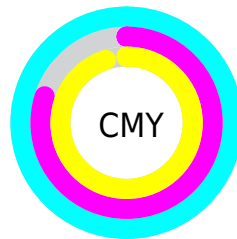


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (74%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (80%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 17, 31.722, 144.360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 17, 31.722, 144.360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 17, 31.722,
144.360


 17, 31.722,
144.360


 100, 31.722,
144.360


 7, 31.722, 144.360


 37, 31.722,
144.360

 0, 31.722, 144.360

 47, 31.722,
144.360


 57, 31.722,
144.360


 67, 31.722,
144.360

 77, 31.722,
144.360


 87, 31.722,


144.360

 97, 31.722,
144.360


 17, 31.722,
144.360


 17, 31.722,
144.360


 17, 31.567,
144.078

 17, 29.048,
144.517

 17, 26.364,
145.600

 18, 23.526,
146.862

 18, 20.465,
147.999

 18, 17.229,
149.017

■ 19, 13.868,
149.921

■ 19, 10.426,
150.724

■ 20, 6.945, 151.439

■ 20, 3.459, 152.087

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17, 31.722, 144.360



7, 30.914, 339.155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17, 31.722, 144.360



17, 31.722, 194.360



17, 31.722, 324.360



17, 31.722, 14.360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17, 31.567, 144.078



25, 12.790, 150.610



19, 29.572, 117.127



11, 8.819, 150.540



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17, 31.567, 144.078



23, 38.005, 142.606



18, 19.964, 169.842



9, 1.942, 152.196



32, 48.975, 141.434



76, 96.957, 139.723

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 30.914, 339.155



11, 35.956, 339.836



6, 26.118, 10.756



8, 1.950, 333.016



18, 44.716, 340.637



49, 83.852, 342.033

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 17, 31.722, 144.360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

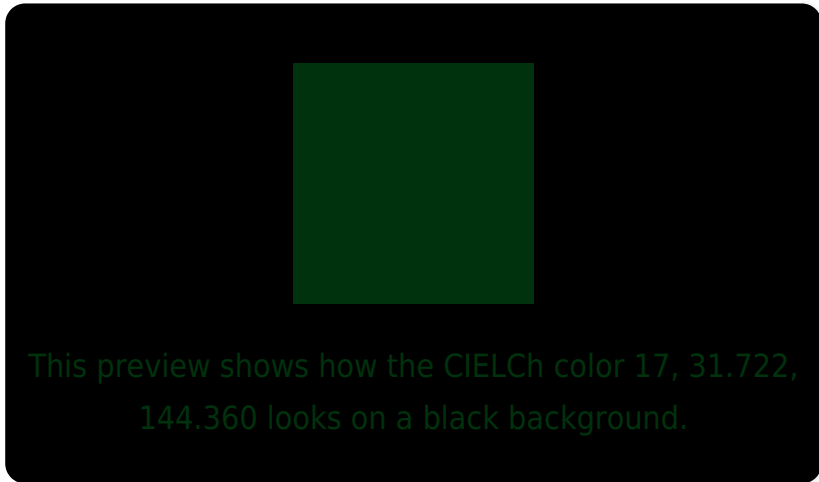
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

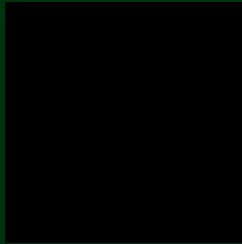
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 17, 31.722, 144.360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 31.722, 144.360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 17, 31.722, 144.360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17, 31.525, 144.145

Protanopia

17, 20.622, 97.163

Deuteranopia

17, 17.701, 83.422



Tritanopia
18, 10.255, 209.281

Trichromacy



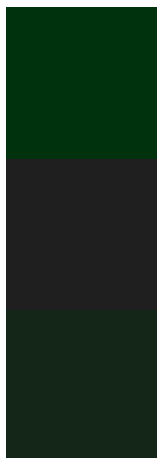
Original Color
17, 31.525, 144.145

Protanomaly
17, 23.179, 124.842

Deuteranomaly
16, 19.849, 120.969

Tritanomaly
17, 16.674, 166.102

Monochromacy



Original Color
17, 31.525, 144.145

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 13.335, 148.312

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 17, 31.722, 144.360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 50, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 50, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 50, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 50, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 17, 31.722, 144.360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 50, 13) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 50, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 50, 13)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 50, 13); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 13); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 13) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 17, 31.722, 144.360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 50, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 50,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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