

Converting Colors

CIELCh(15, 10.160, 292.798)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(15, 10.160, 292.798)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(15, 10.633, 293.066)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	242433
RGB	36, 36, 51
RGB Percent	14%, 14%, 20%
CMY	0.8573, 0.8574, 0.7985
CMYK	0.29, 0.29, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	240°, 17%, 17%
HSV	240°, 29%, 20%
XYZ	1.9891, 1.9086, 3.4408
YIQ	37.7100, -4.8150, 4.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

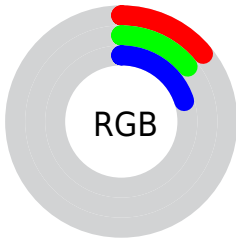
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 36, 51
Decimal	2368563
CIE Lab	15.00, 4.17, -9.78
CIE LCh	15, 10.633, 293.066
Yxy	1.9086, 0.2710, 0.2601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280558643 (0xFF242433)
YUV	37.7100, 6.5520, -1.4997
Hunter-Lab	13.8151, 1.5234, -5.0963

Details

The CIELCh color **15, 10.633, 293.066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 10.036, 107.831**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35, 10.657, 294.096**, and **0, 0.807, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 14.527, 294.340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 6.874, 291.952**.

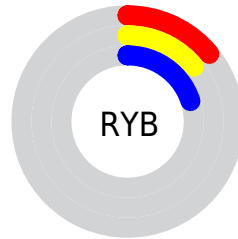
Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (14%)

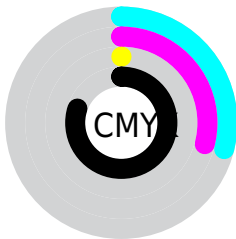
Blue (20%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (20%)

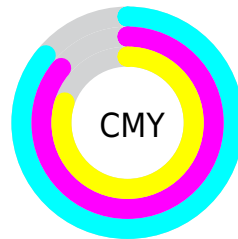


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (86%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 15, 10.633, 293.066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 15, 10.633, 293.066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15, 10.633,
293.066

■ 15, 10.633,
293.066

■ 100, 10.633,
293.066

■ 5, 10.633, 293.066

■ 35, 10.633,
293.066

■ 0, 10.633, 293.066

■ 45, 10.633,
293.066


■ 55, 10.633,
293.066


■ 65, 10.633,
293.066


■ 75, 10.633,
293.066


■ 85, 10.633,

293.066


 95, 10.633,
293.066

 15, 10.633,
293.066

 15, 10.633,
293.066

 13, 14.527,
294.340

 17, 6.874, 291.952

 11, 18.562,
295.789

 19, 3.245, 290.986

 22, 0.263, 110.040


 8, 22.730, 297.412

 24, 3.658, 109.392

 6, 26.603, 298.495

 26, 6.947, 108.753

 5, 29.404, 298.227

 28, 10.137,
108.191

 4, 31.614, 297.560

■ 2, 33.821, 296.976

■ 30, 13.233,
107.698

■ 2, 33.992, 296.934

■ 32, 16.241,
107.262

■ 34, 19.166,
106.877

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15, 10.633, 293.066



21, 10.036, 107.831

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15, 10.633, 293.066



15, 10.633, 343.066



15, 10.633, 113.066



15, 10.633, 163.066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15, 10.632, 293.065



26, 3.920, 291.007



20, 6.499, 198.178



11, 2.666, 291.041



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15, 10.632, 293.065



19, 15.979, 294.011



16, 11.125, 310.234



8, 1.922, 290.747



7, 61.827, 306.070



27, 118.363, 306.288

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 12.495, 325.782



21, 18.490, 326.118



20, 10.756, 127.943



8, 2.333, 324.801



19, 53.710, 328.249



52, 102.187, 328.251

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 15, 10.633, 293.066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

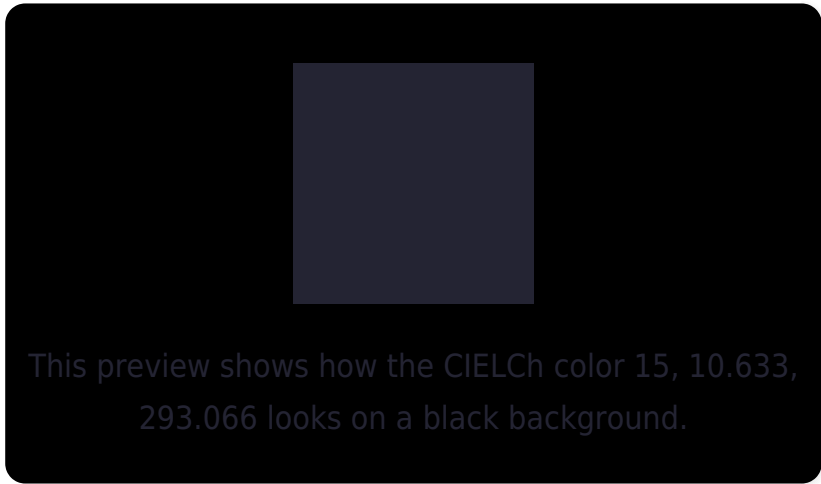
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

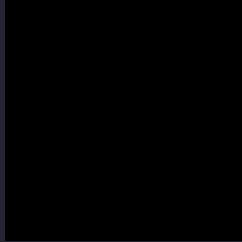
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

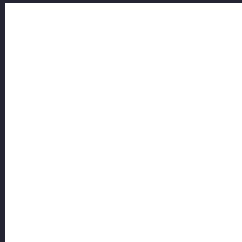
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 15, 10.633, 293.066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 10.633, 293.066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 15, 10.633, 293.066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

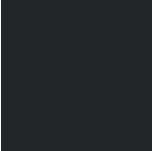
15, 10.633, 293.066

Protanopia

15, 10.685, 284.161

Deuteranopia

15, 9.945, 285.587



Tritanopia
15, 2.782, 249.032

Trichromacy



Original Color
15, 10.633, 293.066

Protanomaly
15, 10.641, 286.315

Deuteranomaly
15, 9.911, 287.964

Tritanomaly
15, 5.715, 282.724

Monochromacy



Original Color
15, 10.633, 293.066

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 4.248, 291.355

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 15, 10.633, 293.066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 36, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 36, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 36, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 36, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 15, 10.633, 293.066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 36, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 36, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 36, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 36, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 36, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 36, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 15, 10.633, 293.066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 36, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 36,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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